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NEGRI SEMBILAN

ADMINISTRATION REPORT

FOR THE YEAR 1923.

I.—FINANCIAL.

1. The revenue for 1923 amounted to \$6,658,064 as compared with \$5,219,944 in 1922.
2. The expenditure was \$5,596,840 on an estimate of \$6,175,145.
3. On the 1st January, 1924, the State's assets were \$3,933,271 including advances totalling \$3,376,507. Liabilities amounted to \$132,898.

II.—STATE COUNCIL.

4. The State Council met on six occasions during the year, His Highness the Yang di per Tuan Besar presiding at each meeting. Mr. Wong Yick Tong, J.P., was appointed to be a member of the Council and took his seat at a meeting held on the 12th February, and Tengku Mohamed bin Tengku Dewa, having succeeded to the office of Tengku Besar of Tampin, which had been vacant since 1909, took his seat as a member of the Council on the 9th April.

5. The Council passed an Enactment to amend "The School Attendance Enactment, 1900," so as to confer upon Penghulus jurisdiction in dealing with offences thereunder, and to bring the law on this subject up to date in other respects.

6. Two death-sentences came before the Council for consideration; of these, one was confirmed and the other commuted to a sentence of fifteen years penal servitude.

7. The Council devoted considerable attention to the question of the conservation of the remaining land resources of the State with a view to the prospective availability of land for Malay and other small holders. Two new Malay reservations comprising an aggregate area of over 30,000 acres were constituted, the area of reserved forest was increased by approximately 95,000 acres and nearly 70,000 acres of land to the east of the railway in Kuala Pilah were made a Game Reserve.

III.—LAND ADMINISTRATION AND AGRICULTURE.

8. Land revenue (exclusive of land sales and reimbursements) amounted to \$693,075 as compared with \$606,287 in 1922, land rents totalling \$643,263. The improvement in economic conditions was reflected in the greater readiness with which rents were paid and the arrears carried forward were reduced from \$37,152 in January, 1923, to \$4,714 in January, 1924.

9. The total area of land alienated for agriculture at the close of the year (including a small area of building land) was 449,472 acres, a decrease of 9,371 acres as compared with the previous year. The application books, which had been closed for some years for areas of more than 10 acres were re-opened in August, but there was practically no demand for land. There is in fact very little suitable State land available for cultivation on a large scale except in the neighbourhood of the Pahang boundary.

10. Considerable additions were made to the Malay reservations and the requirements of the Malay population in this respect may now be considered as adequately provided for for some time to come.

11. The number of transactions registered in Land Offices rose from 4,000 in 1922 to 6,001 in 1923, another indication of returning prosperity, the number in 1920 having been 7,146.

12. A return showing the areas of land under different forms of cultivation will be found in appendix B (viii).

13. The padi crops generally were fair, and in parts of Rembau they were particularly good. A visit was paid by some of the local headmen to the experimental padi station at Titi Serong in Krian, and trials have been made with promising results of some of the selected strains of seed from that station.

14. Four irrigation dams in concrete were completed by the Public Works Department in the Rembau district, and they have proved most satisfactory. These form part of a scheme for systematic and permanent irrigation in Rembau which will be continued during the current year. The survey of the Muar valley and its tributaries in the Kuala Pilah district was continued by the Irrigation branch of the Public Works Department. The Terachi and Sri Menanti valleys were completed, and also a part of the Muar valley. A scheme for two permanent concrete dams to replace 12 native dams in the Terachi valley was worked out, and at the close of the year the upper dam was in course of construction.

15. There was very little new work for the Survey Department in connection with titles for land, and it was found possible to make some reductions in staff, and to assist the Superintendent of Surveys, Malacca, in the revisionary survey of Malacca territory in the neighbourhood of Tampin, the Colony, of course, bearing the cost of the work. The re-establishment of road reserve boundary marks, begun during 1922, was continued at intervals during the year.

IV.—MINING.

16. The output of tin for the year was 18,017 piculs, an increase of 1,915 piculs over the 1922 output.

17. Wolfram production totalled 669 piculs, as compared with 847 piculs in 1922. No gold was exported but 83.2 ozs., valued at \$2,662 were won from the Kenaboi Mines.

18. There was a small decrease in the total labour force employed in mining within the State. The numbers of labourers employed on contract, on wages, and on the tribute system all decreased, but the number working under individual licences increased. The total effective horse-power of steam, gas and hydraulic plant showed a considerable increase from 1,460 to 1,754, the figures in this connection for the past few years indicating a progressive substitution of mechanical for man-power.

19. The only lode mine was that of the Titi Tin Company, Limited, in Jelebu. Work was in progress during the year, but difficulty was experienced latterly owing to lack of funds to obtain machinery to deal with water and enable economic development.

20. Two companies continued dredging operations during the year with satisfactory results, and one of these started preliminary work on a new area near Setul towards the end of the year.

V.—FORESTS.

21. The area of reserved forest in the State was increased during the year from 429 to 577 square miles or 22.6 per cent. of the whole area of the State. The increase was almost entirely due to the final declaration of the Palong Reserve which is approximately 93,000 acres in extent.

22. Notwithstanding the definite prohibition of the felling of penak trees the revenue from timber during the year rose to \$62,236 as compared with \$39,497 in 1922. The total output of wood in all forms from reserved forests was 756 tons and from State and alienated land 28,314 tons, the latter figure representing an increase of 6,160 tons as compared with the preceding year.

23. The departmental exploitation of damar continued during the year with signal success. The Malay collectors receive payment for all good damar brought in at rates at least double those previously paid by the Chinese middleman, and the industry as now organised has proved of inestimable benefit to them. The average monthly output throughout the year averaged a little over 100 pikuls, but this figure is capable of very considerable increase if sufficient permanent labour can be obtained. It should be possible to obtain labour by encouraging foreign Malays to settle in the damar penak zone, especially as a conservative estimate puts the amount which a collector can earn at an average of \$20 a month.

24. The total output of damar penak and damar mata kuching during the year, including small quantities sent from Perak and Pahang for treatment, was 1,504 pikuls and the amount realized by sales was \$87,532. The expenditure on the undertaking was \$40,270. It is noteworthy that there is such confidence on the London market in the Malayan damar that buyers accept it without samples, and that buyers in the New York market recently bought five tons of the product paying the value of the whole consignment as soon as it was shipped at Singapore.

25. The total revenue of the department was \$176,939 as compared with \$79,376 in 1922, the expenditure being \$132,820.

VI.—PUBLIC WORKS.

26. The annually recurrent expenditure on Public Works was \$788,110, over 20 per cent. of the amount estimated being saved.

27. Government buildings were maintained in a fair state of preservation during the year, the cost of upkeep working out at 2.55 per cent. of the value of the buildings at the beginning of the year.

28. The roads throughout the State were upkept satisfactorily, and their condition at the close of the year was good. The total mileage of metalled roads at the end of the year was 463, and the length of tar treated roads was increased to 76 miles, the length so treated during the year being just over 40 miles.

29. The expenditure on Special Services provided for on Loan Account amounted to \$280,416 against provision of \$509,359. The only large individual item was expenditure on the new Tampin-Gemas road on which \$126,836 was spent, the total provision for this work being \$250,000. Amongst buildings constructed during the year may be mentioned a sea-side residence for His Highness the Yang di per Tuan Besar.

30. The Seremban Electric Supply was carried on during the year by the United Engineers, it being found necessary to extend their contract to the end of the year owing to the shortage of engineering staff of the Electrical Board. A Government Electrical Engineer, however, became available shortly before the end of the year and all arrangements were made to enable the taking over of the Electric Supply by Government from the beginning of the new year.

31. The deviation of the Temiang River functioned satisfactorily throughout the year, with the result that the town of Seremban was free from flooding.

32. The Public Works Department was involved in two law suits brought against the State of Negri Sembilan. In one of these the contractor for the Temiang Deviation claimed a considerable sum for work done under the contract; his claim was dismissed by the Courts. In the other case a member of the public claimed very heavy damages in respect of an accident connected with the collapse of a road bridge; in this case also the decision of the Court of Appeal was in favour of the State.

VII.—TRADE AND SHIPPING.

33. There was a distinct tendency towards recovery in the import trade during the year under review, the total value of imports reaching \$7,341,893 or nearly the 1921 figure; this is far below the boom figures of 1919-1920 but above those of earlier years as will be seen from the table in appendix C.

34. The value of exports reached \$23,770,542, an increase of nearly 53 per cent. over the 1922 figure. This increase was due to the great increase in value of rubber exported, which again was due to the rise in price of the commodity. The actual quantity of rubber exported decreased from 25,718 to 20,548 tons, while its value increased from \$15,031,421 to \$22,807,505.

35. The total entrances and clearances of steam vessels at Negri Sembilan ports during the year numbered 646 as compared with 499 in 1922, the corresponding tonnage figures being 149,687 and 85,246, respectively. The entrances and clearances of native craft showed a similar increase from 1,827 to 2,970.

VIII.—CHINESE PROTECTORATE.

36. The administration of the Women and Girls Protection Enactment was carried on during the year on the usual lines, 152 enquiries being held under it. No prosecution under this Enactment was undertaken, but a conviction was obtained under the Minor Offences Enactment against a lodging house licensee for using his premises as a brothel.

37. The number of Chinese schools known to the department at the close of the year was 29, an increase of 12 over the preceding year.

38. Nine new societies were registered during the year and four exempted from registration, the total number of recorded societies at the close of the year being 107. (The Chinese Protectorate deals with the registration of all societies to whatever nationality their members belong.)

IX. - LABOUR.

39. The number of labourers employed on estates at the close of the year was 32,576, the corresponding figures for the two preceding years being 30,769 and 32,653, respectively. The figure for the year under review included 16,530 Indians and 12,902 Chinese. The number of Javanese employed on estates rose from 669 in 1922 to 1,088 in 1923.

40. There has been a steady improvement in housing and sanitary conditions on estates. Most of the estates have begun to replace lines which were temporary or somewhat dilapidated by new permanent lines, and drainage and latrine accommodation have been considerably improved. Forty-one estate hospitals were maintained during the year.

41. The improvement in conditions noted above is reflected in the death-rate figure of Indian estate labourers for the year which was 23.7 per mille as compared with 28 for 1922 and an average for the preceding ten-year period of 43.9. The death-rate for Chinese labour was 4.8 and for Javanese 9.0 per mille.

42. The total labour force employed by Government departments was slightly less than that in the two preceding years, the actual figure being 3,128. The death-rate amongst these labourers was 11.3 per mille, that for the Indian labour alone being 13.6.

43. Thirteen new Tamil schools on estates were opened during the year bringing the total number of these up to 32.

X.—EDUCATION.

44. The total expenditure on education, exclusive of temporary allowance and of a sum of \$16,970 spent on buildings, was \$221,105 as against \$211,927 in 1922.

45. There were four English schools maintained by the Government during the year in Seremban, Tampin, Kuala Pilah and Port Dickson, respectively. The Seremban school which was opened at the beginning of the year to meet the growing demand amongst Malays for an English education filled rapidly and the December attendance totalled 258 pupils of whom all but three were Malays. The building in use is a converted railway goods shed adapted at the close of 1922 in order to avoid delay in opening the school, and it is proposed to replace it as soon as possible by a new building.

46. Four new scholarships of \$120 per annum tenable by Malay boys at English schools were granted during the year, bringing the total number of such scholars up to 48. Twenty-nine of these boys were pupils at aided schools and 19 at Government schools. The hostel in Seremban opened last year accommodated 21 of these scholars.

47. The number of Malay boys who are given free education at English schools continues to increase; at the close of the year there were 390 on the free list.

48. A scheme for evening classes for training in commercial subjects was approved from the beginning of the year, but proved disappointing by reason of the small number of candidates wishing to avail themselves of the facilities offered. The only courses for which a sufficient number of candidates were forthcoming were those in shorthand and book-keeping in which satisfactory progress was reported.

49. There were 68 Malay boys' schools open at the close of the year and three girls' schools. The girls' school at Johol was closed during the year owing to the poor attendance. The average enrolment of the boys' schools increased from 4,770 to 4,934 and the average attendance from 4,397 to 4,504. Six hundred and thirty-seven pupils were presented in Standard V, of whom 184 obtained first class certificates.

50. Twenty Tamil schools were inspected during the year as compared with eleven in 1922. One of these is a Government school in Seremban and the remainder maintained by estates.

XI.—HEALTH.

1.—VITAL STATISTICS AND PUBLIC HEALTH.

51. The estimated population for the year is 189,688, the corresponding figure for 1922 being 183,616, the birth-rate showing an increase and the death-rate a decrease. While the birth-rate shows no definite upward or downward tendency when viewed over the period of the past five years, a progressive fall in the death-rate is discernible. The following figures are striking:

	1919.	1920.	1921.	1922.	1923.
Death-rate (all causes) ...	39.43	42.42	34.94	26.78	24.67
„ from malaria ...	17.10	18.18	14.60	11.51	10.53

52. Valuable anti-malarial work was done during the year by the Mosquito Destruction Boards and by the Public Works Department, which devoted considerable attention to sub-soil drainage and other permanent anti-malarial works, particularly in Seremban and Gemas.

53. There were no serious outbreaks of infectious disease, but a large number of cases of influenza occurred, mostly of a mild type. Five cases of diphtheria were reported with one death, 19 cases of enteric fever with 8 deaths, and 4 cases of small-pox.

2.—MEDICAL INSTITUTIONS.

54. The total number of cases treated in hospitals in the State during the year was 13,725 with a percentage of deaths of 8.24, the corresponding figures for 1922 being 14,417 and 7.97, respectively.

55. The decrease in the number of patients and the increase in the percentage of deaths are accounted for by the policy now adopted of sending chronic cases to the Port Swettenham Decrepit Camp, and treating as out-patients all cases which can be satisfactorily so treated. There is a very satisfactory increase in the number of out-patients—namely from 81,711 to 92,692—which is clearly only partly accounted for by the pursuance of the above-mentioned policy.

56. An organised campaign against yaws was started in May, by arranging for travelling Assistant Surgeons to treat cases of this disease at convenient centres in the different districts, and taking steps, with the co-operation of the District Officers, to collect patients from the kampongs to attend the centres most convenient to them on specified days. Nine thousand three hundred and fifty-eight cases were treated as compared with 3,471 in 1922. The difficulty is, as with cases of venereal disease, to get a patient who has benefitted from one or two injections so markedly as to consider himself cured, to realise that further treatment is required for a true cure.

57. Until near the close of the year only one travelling dispensary was in commission. This did a complete tour of the State each month, its work being supplemented by that of travelling dressers on bicycles and motor cycles. Towards the end of the year two old travelling dispensaries were recommissioned. The total number of cases treated by these dispensaries was 14,575 as compared with 5,646 in 1922.

3.—VETERINARY.

58. There was one very small outbreak of foot-and-mouth disease. A shipment of 33 buffaloes from Siam imported at Port Dickson were found to be infected with rinderpest. It was found necessary to destroy all the animals of this shipment which did not die of the disease, and this and other measures taken prevented its spreading. One case of rabies occurred in Bahau, the source of which could not be traced.

XII.—POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS.

59. The total number of letters and other postal packets posted and delivered within the State during the year showed a marked increase from 2,653,230 to 3,197,989.

60. There was also an increase in the volume of money order business transacted by the Post Offices, the total value of orders issued and paid amounting to \$1,196,069 as compared with \$1,031,025 in 1922.

61. The balance standing to the credit of Savings Bank depositors at the close of the year was \$249,037 as compared with \$168,312 at the beginning.

62. Two additional trunk telephone circuits were established between Seremban and Kuala Lumpur during the year, and the opening of the Kuala Lumpur-Ipoh trunk line in March brought Negri Sembilan into telephonic communication with Perak. A junction circuit was also opened between Tampin and Alor Gajah in Malacca.

XIII.—SANITARY BOARDS.

63. The total revenue collected by the Sanitary Boards in Negri Sembilan amounted to \$262,366 as compared with \$273,535 in 1922 and \$280,449 in 1921. The figures for Seremban only for the past five years have been as follows:

[illegible]

64. The chief factor in the decrease in revenue as compared with the previous year is a fall in the receipts from general assessment, which is due to lower rentals.

65. The Boards passed a number of by-laws during the year of which the most important dealt with the prevention of obstruction of drains and control of breeding places for mosquitoes. No Sanitary Board areas were declared or extended during the year.

66. There was very little building activity anywhere during the year, and as mentioned above the general level of rents fell. Several of the villages in outlying areas in the Seremban district appear to be dwindling steadily, but in other areas, notably Rembau, there appears to be a centrifugal tendency dictated no doubt by the attraction of cheaper temporary or semi-permanent types of dwelling and avoidance of rates.

67. The Government Town Planner visited Seremban and held a conference during November. A preliminary general town plan for Seremban has been completed in outline, but much detail work remains to be done in this connection.

68. There was a further small decrease in the number of vehicles (other than motor vehicles) registered, but a marked increase in the number of motor-cars. The light type of motor wagonette carrying passengers for hire becomes increasingly popular, the number registered in 1923 being 108 as compared with 66 in 1922. The revenue collected under "The Traction Engines and Motor Cars Enactment, 1912," amounted to \$34,880, an increase of over \$8,000 as compared with the preceding year.

XIV.—COURTS.

69. The Judicial Commissioner's Court in its civil jurisdiction dealt with 302 suits and 25 appeals from decisions of Magistrates' Courts. Seventy-nine applications for letters of administration and probate were also heard. In original criminal jurisdiction this Court heard 35 cases, in addition to 35 appeals from the lower Courts.

70. The Magistrates' Courts dealt with 1,658 civil suits during the year as compared with 1,942 in 1922 and 2,873 in 1921. The figure for 1920 was 1,750, and a comparison of these figures for the past four years suggests a connection between financial stringency and the volume of litigation in these Courts. The total number of criminal cases tried by Magistrates' Courts during the year was 6,666, a figure slightly higher than that of 1922, though considerably lower than those of 1920 and 1921 (8,321 and 8,056, respectively).

71. The total revenue collected by the Negri Sembilan Courts (exclusive of that collected by the Judicial Commissioner's Court) was \$59,997 as compared with \$50,037 in 1922 and \$57,891 in 1921.

XV.—POLICE AND CRIME.

72. The total number of offences of all kinds reported or suspected was 10,004 as compared with 10,241 in 1922 and an average for the preceding five years of 11,578. There was a notable decline in the number of seizable offences which was only 1,356 as against 1,835 in 1922 and a quinquennial average of 1,794. The following table shows the comparison as regards serious offences :

	1923.	1922.	Average.
Murder and homicide	13	23	20
Gang-robbery	11	5	14
Robbery	11	30	30
House-breaking	36	62	29
Theft (serious)	27	23	40
Counterfeiting coin and notes	2	—	1
Unlawful societies	5	6	8
Mischief by fire	4	2	—
Robbery with murder	—	3	3
	<hr/> 109	<hr/> 154	<hr/> 145

73. Fifty-nine outbreaks of fire were reported the average being 48, but the reported value of property destroyed was below the average. In four cases the fires were attributed to mischief and in 13 the cause was unascertained.

74. The total strength of the Force in Negri Sembilan at the close of the year was 446, including all ranks, representing a shortage of 8.98 per cent. on the authorized establishment. The shortage on the approved Malay establishment was 5.6 per cent. and on the Indian 11.2 per cent.

75. The discipline of the Force was satisfactory and there was a marked improvement in its health.

76. There was a notable improvement in the general standard of musketry, the average number of points obtained per trained man in the prescribed course being 92.44 out of a possible total of 144, the corresponding figure for 1922 being 53.54.

XVI.—PRISONS.

77. The daily average numbers of prisoners of the different grades were as follows :

Civil prison	22.85
Short sentence and revenue grade	108.85
Long sentence and condemned	5.06

These figures are slightly higher than those for 1922, but the number of offences against prison discipline decreased.

78. There was an increase of over \$2,000 in the cost of the prison establishment, and an all-round increase in the cost of diets ; the net cost per prisoner was reduced from \$320 to \$311 per annum. The factors making for this reduction were an increase of 50 per cent. in revenue and savings of 13.7 per cent. on expenditure. The prisoners grew their own vegetables and cut their own firewood, thus effecting a saving (calculated on 1923 contract prices) of \$2,172.

79. The general health of the prisoners was good, and the figures show a slight improvement on those of 1922, though the physique of the average prisoner on admission is poor.

80. The work of the staff throughout the year was consistently satisfactory.

81. The daily average number of vagrants in the Vagrant Ward was 58.67, and there remained at the close of the year 45 Chinese and one Tamil vagrant. Thirty-seven Chinese were repatriated during the year. The vagrants were employed on gardening, chick-making and other light work and effected a saving of \$567 on the cost of rations by growing their own vegetables.

XVII.—GENERAL.

82. Economic conditions showed a steady, if not very striking, improvement, as compared with the previous year. Under the conditions created by restriction the price of rubber was maintained at from 47 to 52 cents a pound throughout the year and though no doubt this result was rather disappointing to some people it was sufficient to enable the majority of producers to maintain their properties with a margin of profit. The price of tin fluctuated considerably, but it never fell lower than \$88.50 a pikul, and at the end of the year it was as high as \$116.87½ a pikul, a very marked improvement on the two preceding years.

83. His Highness the Yang di per Tuan Besar enjoyed good health and displayed his usual keen interest in all public and social matters. Amongst other public functions which His Highness honoured with his presence were the ceremonial parades on His Majesty's Birthday, and on Armistice Day.

84. The triennial ceremony of "Mengadap," when all the territorial chiefs of Sri Menanti and the "tanah mengandong" pay their homage to His Highness, took place before a distinguished gathering of Europeans and Malays on the 4th August. His Highness entertained the visitors at luncheon after the ceremony.

85. His Excellency the High Commissioner and Lady Guillemard were the guests of the Resident from the 21st to 24th February. His Excellency, in addition to an official visit to His Highness the Yang di per Tuan Besar at Sri Menanti, took the opportunity of visiting the head-quarters of the Kuala Pilah and Jelebu districts.

86. On the 16th March the office of Tungku Besar of Tampin (one of the constituent States of Negri Sembilan) was filled, after an interval of 14 years, by the appointment of Tungku Syed Mohamed, the recognised heir, who had recently come of age.

87. An attempt was made during the year to resuscitate the appointment of Datoh Muda of Linggi, which has been in abeyance since 1910 owing to disagreement among the electors. It proved impossible to secure the unanimity which ancient custom requires, and the matter has been referred to the Datoh Klana and the Datoh Bandar for a joint recommendation.

88. The enforcement of rubber restriction imposed a heavy additional burden on District Officers and their staffs throughout the year. It was found necessary to undertake a close scrutiny of all rubber holdings with a view to revision of allowances to export. Experience has necessitated tightening up the measures for control in many respects.

89. The District Officers met in conference under the chairmanship of the Resident on two occasions to discuss various administrative questions.

90. The Mosquito Destruction Boards continued to do admirable work in carrying out anti-malarial measures in and near the main centres of population. The Port Dickson Board in particular have taken effective measures for dealing with all anopheline breeding places along the coast line for a distance of six miles south of Port Dickson.

91. Much useful work was accomplished during the year by Mr. H. H. Banks in his honorary capacity of Game Warden. Mr. Banks' intimate knowledge of and interest in the wild life in our forests proved invaluable in administering the Wild Animals and Birds Protection Enactment. He was also able to render advice and assistance to landowners in the matter of getting rid of elephants and other pests.

92. The Malayan Volunteer Infantry numbered 217 rank and file at the close of the year. Notwithstanding the time and trouble devoted to their training by Lieutenant C. S. Downey (who was in command for the greater part of the year) and other Volunteer Officers, the efficiency of this corps still leaves much to be desired. It is to be hoped that the recently sanctioned scheme for closer co-ordination between the Malayan Volunteer Infantry and the Malay States Volunteer Regiment will effect an improvement.

93. District Agricultural Shows were held during the year at Seremban, Rantau, Jelebu, Kuala Pilah and Remban. The interest taken in these Shows by Malay landholders was very encouraging and the local committees are to be congratulated on the success of their efforts.

94. The thanks of the Government are due to those members of the community who gave their services during the year on Boards and committees for the conduct of public business.

95. Mr. E. S. Hose officiated as British Resident from 1st January to 9th May, and again from the 27th October to the end of the year. Mr. R. Scott acted as British Resident from the 10th May to the 26th October.

96. Writing as I am at the close of my tenure of office in Negri Sembilan I desire to record my high appreciation of the cordial assistance that I have received from all classes of the community, official and unofficial, in carrying out my duties during the time that I have held the appointment of British Resident.

12th April, 1924.

E. S. HOSE,
British Resident, Negri Sembilan.

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APPENDIX A.

I.—Statement showing the Revenue and Expenditure for the year 1923.

Heads of Revenue.	Amount.	Heads of Expenditure.	Amount.
	\$ c.		\$ c.
RECEIPTS.		PAYMENTS.	
Land Revenue	693,111 88	Pensions	14,872 62
Licences, etc.	244,110 46	The Rulers and Native Officers	199,375 27
Fees of Court or Office, etc....	137,263 33	The Resident	11,532 37
Interest	20,795 21	Chinese Protectorate ...	2,475 41
Miscellaneous Receipts ...	7,240 97	Clerical Service	112,847 80
Municipal	216,030 95	Courts	7,488 35
Land Sales	19,237 70	District and Land Officers (including Settlement Officers)	76,525 65
Federal Receipts	5,320,273 76	Education	171,843 14
		Marine	1,351 49
		Mines Department ...	30,032 69
		Miscellaneous Services ...	160,433 65
		Mosquito Destruction Boards	27,068 50
		Sanitary Boards	147,259 65
		Prisons	23,524 56
		Public Works Department	93,386 72
		Public Works Annually Recurrent	735,704 30
		Public Works Extraordinary Revenue Account ...	42,613 31
		Purchase of Land	8,263 45
		Transport	1,560 06
		Federal Charges	3,728,680 67
Total Revenue ...	6,658,064 26	Total Expenditure ...	5,596,839 66

II.—Statement of Assets and Liabilities on 31st December, 1923.

LIABILITIES—	\$ c.	ASSETS—	\$ c.
Deposits	132,897 58	Cash	360,426 66
Surplus	3,800,373 14	Cash in Transit	33,763 47
		Loans	161,623 94
		Advances	3,376,506 65
		Imprests	950 00
Total ...	3,933,270 72	Total ...	3,933,270 72

APPENDIX A—(cont.)

III.—Statement of Revenue and Expenditure for each of the last ten years.

Year.						Revenue.	Expenditure.	Balance of Assets over Liabilities on 31st December.
						\$	\$	\$
1914	2,580,617	3,801,602	1,517,177
1915	3,129,512	3,501,111	1,145,577
1916	4,594,435	2,729,003	3,011,009
1917	* 7,182,461	4,139,614	6,053,856
1918	† 5,956,457	4,098,429	7,911,884
1919	‡ 7,111,538	5,732,256	9,291,157
1920	\$ 5,942,205	7,635,239	7,598,123
1921	5,647,511	10,376,590	2,869,044
1922	5,219,944	5,349,840	2,739,148
1923	6,658,064	5,596,840	3,800,373

* Includes special war taxation, \$1,328,718.

† 560,963.

‡ 786,344.

\$ 3,083.

IV.—Receipts under Principal Heads of Revenue for each of the last ten years.

Year.	Land Revenue.	Customs.	Licences, Excise, etc.	Fees of Court, etc.	Municipal.	Federal Receipts.	Land Sales.	War Taxes.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
1914 ...	356,529	556,743	1,057,082	63,890	137,837	307,837	45,359	
1915 ...	356,054	847,697	1,299,592	50,578	136,367	373,018	46,459	
1916 ...	432,020	1,391,050	1,813,703	55,862	153,839	586,107	145,490	
1917 ...	536,351	*1,702,155	2,422,001	68,440	174,707	822,100	112,157	1,328,718
1918 ...	571,704	*1,059,520	2,475,049	63,851	214,075	775,085	213,541	560,963
1919 ...	596,734	*1,411,155	2,743,924	77,719	232,032	1,110,919	125,891	786,344
1920 ...	609,447	*1,317,293	2,717,090	79,482	258,599	880,179	51,855	3,083
1921 ...	597,811	...	231,871	365,857	270,612	4,132,708	13,196	
1922 ...	606,283	...	198,636	85,260	261,573	4,018,674	17,294	
1923 ...	693,112	...	244,110	137,263	216,031	5,320,274	19,238	

* Exclusive of special war duties.

V.—Expenditure under Principal Heads for each of the last ten years.

Year.		Personal Emoluments.	Other Charges.	Works and Buildings.		Roads, Streets and Bridges.		Federal Charges.
				Annually Recurrent.	Special Services.	Annually Recurrent.	Special Services.	
		\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
1914	...	278,312	167,011	44,816	701,738	445,975	261,645	1,834,399
1915	...	288,756	159,249	47,411	319,800	414,984	54,987	2,138,677
1916	...	296,216	181,980	56,268	161,467	454,211	59,852	1,450,335
1917	...	344,463	192,276	57,599	155,233	443,654	44,105	2,793,116
1918	...	372,232	219,821	65,307	399,558	449,757	156,185	2,048,935
1919	...	403,514	271,055	68,367	513,531	515,862	185,541	3,537,990
1920	...	534,124	397,704	80,136	836,520	600,362	571,094	4,226,541
1921	...	496,715	363,611	85,765	1,107,158	704,286	951,479	6,359,914
1922	...	496,160	367,875	68,641	...	608,285	...	3,579,188
1923	...	530,459	374,253	138,694	42,613	584,351	...	3,728,681

APPENDIX B.

I.—Return of Land Revenue for the last five years.

	1919.	1920.	1921.	1922.	1923.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Land Rents	539,509	574,308	566,758	572,771	643,263
Fees and Licences, etc.	57,719	35,139	31,054	33,516	74,619
Reimbursements	5,824	3,693	1,657	2,171	3,214
Total	603,052	613,140	599,469	608,458	721,096
Land Sales	125,892	51,855	13,197	17,294	19,238
Total Revenue	728,944	664,995	612,666	625,752	740,334

II.—Abstract of Revenue Collected in 1923 by districts.

	Seremban.	Coast.	Jelevu.	Kuala Pilah.	Tampin.	Total.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Land Rents	229,384	95,411	39,942	145,173	133,353	643,263
Fees and Licences, etc.	26,491	6,116	6,926	13,779	21,307	74,619
Reimbursements	1,278	357	414	509	656	3,214
Total	257,153	101,884	47,282	159,461	155,316	721,096
Land Sales	1,163	7,044	1,859	753	8,419	19,238
Total Revenue	258,316	108,928	49,141	160,214	163,735	740,334

III.—Comparative Return of Land Revenue 1922 and 1923 by districts.

District.	Collected, 1922.	Collected, 1923.	Increase	Decrease.	Estimated, 1923.	Collected, 1923.	Increase.	Decrease.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Seremban	211,451	244,220	32,769	...	227,850	244,220	16,370	...
Coast	87,799	98,713	10,914	...	86,400	98,713	12,313	...
Jelevu	42,976	45,103	2,127	...	40,960	45,103	4,143	...
Kuala Pilah	132,104	158,952	26,848	...	142,300	158,952	16,652	...
Tampin	131,957	146,087	14,130	...	128,455	146,087	17,632	...
Total	606,287	693,075	86,788	...	625,965	693,075	67,110	...

APPENDIX B—(cont.)

IV.—Lands Alienated and Reverted to Government in 1923 and Total Alienated on 1st January, 1924.

AGRICULTURAL AND BUILDING LANDS.

District.							Alienated prior to 1923.		Alienated in 1923.		Reverted in 1923.		Alienated on 1st January, 1924.	
							No.	Acres.	No.	Acres.	No.	Acres.	No.	Acres.
Seremban	13,572	135,039	103	7,676	149	10,617	13,526	132,098
Coast	4,154	105,545	15	51	56	178	4,113	105,418
Jelevu	4,107	20,916	142	376	164	463	4,085	20,829
Kuala Pilah	21,606	105,159	60	2,629	368	6,888	21,298	100,900
Tampin	16,743	90,191	356	661	267	625	16,832	90,227
Total							60,182	456,850	676	11,393	1,004	18,771	59,854	449,472

MINING LANDS.

Seremban	142	7,106	8	584	24	2,124	126	5,566
Coast	8	144	8	144
Jelevu	231	5,139	8	72	60	981	179	4,230
Kuala Pilah	21	307	1	10	20	297
Tampin	2	76	2	76
Total							404	12,772	16	656	87	3,191	333	10,237

N.S.

APPENDIX B—(cont.)

V.—Return of Area of Land held and Form of Title.

District.			Permanent Titles.								Temporary Titles.						Total.	
			Town Grants and Certificates of Titles.		Agricultural Grants and Certificates of Titles.		Agricultural Holdings Mukim Register.		Agricultural Holdings under Approved Applications.		Town Leases.		Agricultural Leases.		Mining Leases and Certificates.			
No.	Area in sq. ft.	No.	Area in sq. ft.	No.	Area in sq. ft.	No.	Area in sq. ft.	No.	Area in sq. ft.	No.	Area in sq. ft.	No.	Area in sq. ft.	No.	Area in sq. ft.	No.	Area in sq. ft.	
Seremban	2,087	74,269,800	3,086	4,837,904,280	8,304	813,395,880	7	566,280	12	155,022	24	26,615,160	126	242,454,960	13,646	5,995,361,382
Coast	168	470,216	1,397	4,284,779,400	2,538	305,834,760	5	696,960	3	8,944	2	217,800	8	6,272,640	4,121	4,598,280,720
Jeledu	216	2,007,822	1,399	607,662,000	2,470	297,645,480	179	184,258,800	4,264	1,091,574,102
Kuala Pilah	368	1,045,440	607	2,532,360,600	20,308	1,859,881,320	13	1,785,960	2	130,680	20	12,937,320	21,318	4,408,141,320
Tampin	268	566,280	531	2,585,939,400	15,615	1,307,148,480	418	36,633,960	16,832	3,930,288,120

N.S.

APPENDIX B—(cont.)

VI.—Comparative Return of Registration Work in Land Offices during 1922 and 1923 under the Land and Mining Enactments.

District.	1922.		1923.	
	No. of Transactions.	Value of Stamps.	No. of Transactions.	Value of Stamps.
		\$		\$
Seremban	909	2,232	1,319	3,290
Coast	247	469	440	1,117
Jelevu	306	278	413	321
Kuala Pilah	1,594	2,442	1,947	2,509
Tampin	944	1,068	1,882	1,633
Total ...	4,000	6,489	6,001	8,870

VII.—Comparative Return of Registration Work in Registry of Titles during 1922 and 1923 under the Registration of Titles Enactment.

1922.		1923.	
No. of Transactions.	Value of Stamps.	No. of Transactions.	Value of Stamps.
	\$		\$
1,832	26,653	2,121	49,551

VIII.—Return showing Area under the Different Forms of Cultivation.

District.	Padi. Acres.	Coconuts. Acres.	Rubber.		Fruit trees and general kampong cultivations. Acres.
			Not in bearing. Acres.	In bearing. Acres.	
Seremban	5,179	2,423	15,971	77,479	
Coast... ..	342	6,263	15,758	46,653	1,700
Jelevu	2,475	585	3,403	6,632	
Kuala Pilah	14,642	1,086	16,265	38,300	538
Tampin	8,965	7,152	12,727	46,596	15,028
Total ...	31,603	17,509	64,124	215,660	17,266

APPENDIX C.

I.—Comparative Return of Total Value of Imports and Exports
for ten years.

Year.	Imports.	Exports.	Total trade.
	\$	\$	\$
1914	6,068,423	11,886,474	17,954,897
1915	4,466,396	19,274,335	23,740,731
1916	6,417,900	30,348,891	36,766,791
1917	6,412,001	38,408,918	44,820,919
1918	6,312,502	24,729,613	31,042,115
1919	13,569,224	42,290,465	55,859,689
1920	13,403,573	38,604,887	52,008,460
1921	7,557,614	13,554,910	21,112,524
1922	5,861,099	15,575,355	21,436,454
1923	7,341,893	23,770,542	31,112,435

II.—Statement of the Quantities of some of the Principal Articles of Imports
into the State of Negri Sembilan for the years 1922 and 1923.

	How counted.	Negri Sembilan.	
		1922.	1923.
		Quantity.	Quantity.
Arrack and Samsu	Gallons	2,294 $\frac{3}{8}$	332 $\frac{1}{2}$
Beans and Peas	Piculs	7,000	9,646
Beer and Stout	Doz. Qts.	5,905	5,104 $\frac{1}{2}$
Bran	Piculs	32,958	39,406
Brandy	Cases	322	141
Cement	Casks	5,228 $\frac{1}{2}$	1,867
Cattle	Nos.	...	60
Coal	Tons	2 $\frac{1}{10}$	
Coconut Oil	Piculs	3,489 $\frac{1}{2}$	2,408 $\frac{3}{10}$
Cotton Piece Goods	Pieces	71,054	147,528
Dynamite	Cases	100	235
Fish, Dried and Salted	Piculs	4,698 $\frac{1}{5}$	6,362
Flour, Wheat	Bags	27,855	37,292
Gin	Cases	140 $\frac{2}{5}$	21 $\frac{4}{5}$
Ghee... ..	Piculs	335 $\frac{1}{4}$	364 $\frac{4}{5}$
Ground Nuts	"	1,178 $\frac{1}{4}$	2,083
Hides, Tanned	"	42	62
Horses and Ponies	Nos.	...	2
Iron Bar and Nail Rod	Cwts.	13	72
„ Corrugated	"	59	744
„ Nails (Wire and Rose)	"	434 $\frac{11}{12}$	1,164
Kachang Oil	Piculs	4,724	5,774 $\frac{17}{20}$
Lard	"	208 $\frac{1}{4}$	169 $\frac{1}{5}$
Liquid Fuel	Tons	673 $\frac{1}{2}$	781 $\frac{1}{2}$
Lubricating Oil	Gallons	153,640	120,326
Manure Oil Cakes	Piculs	9	130
Matches	Cases	511	391
Milk, Condensed and Sterilized	"	15,524 $\frac{1}{4}$	18,685
Onions and Garlic	Piculs	5,020 $\frac{3}{10}$	6,843 $\frac{1}{5}$
Padi	"	424 $\frac{1}{2}$	1,940
Petroleum	Tins	67,742	106,316
Pigs	Nos.	9	1,511
Rice	Piculs	172,563	186,323 $\frac{1}{2}$
Salt	"	8,546 $\frac{1}{2}$	13,076
Soap and Soda	"	1,966 $\frac{1}{10}$	2,036 $\frac{3}{5}$
Sarongs	Corges	1,507	3,075 $\frac{1}{2}$
Steel	Cwts.	417	753 $\frac{3}{4}$
Sugar	Piculs	14,782 $\frac{3}{4}$	20,315
Sheep and Goats	Nos.	771	768
Tea	Piculs	1,117 $\frac{79}{100}$	1,808 $\frac{3}{5}$
Tobacco—			
Cigars	"	31 $\frac{7}{8}$	1 $\frac{1}{2}$
Cigarettes	"	688.17 $\frac{9}{16}$	613 $\frac{9}{100}$
Tobacco	"	2,111 $\frac{17}{100}$	2,719 $\frac{1}{4}$
Whisky	Cases	591 $\frac{3}{4}$	244
Wines	"	356 $\frac{5}{24}$	41
Woollen Cloth	Pieces	6	76 $\frac{1}{2}$

APPENDIX C—(cont.)

III.—Statement of the Quantities of some of the Principal Articles of Exports and Re-exports from the State of Negri Sembilan during the years 1922 and 1923.

—	How counted.	Negri Sembilan.	
		1922.	1923.
		Quantity.	Quantity.
Arecanuts	Piculs	191	563 $\frac{3}{5}$
Blachan	"		
Coffee	"	8 $\frac{1}{10}$	
Copra	"	5,970	8,256 $\frac{3}{5}$
Damar	"	5,268 $\frac{7}{10}$	7,328 $\frac{7}{10}$
Fish, Dried and Salted	"	37 $\frac{9}{10}$	91 $\frac{2}{10}$
Gambier	"	4,205	3,901 $\frac{1}{2}$
Gold	Ozs.		
Getahs and Rubber not specified	Piculs
Hides, Raw	"	343 $\frac{1}{4}$	726 $\frac{11}{50}$
Indigo, Natural	"		
Padi	"	...	12 $\frac{2}{5}$
Para Rubber	Tons	25,718.41	20,547.97
Pepper	Piculs	1 $\frac{1}{2}$	
Pigs	Nos.	318	80
Rice	Piculs	369 $\frac{7}{10}$	1,060 $\frac{2}{10}$
Sugar	"	16 $\frac{1}{10}$	17 $\frac{2}{5}$
Tapioca, excluding Refuse... ..	"	10,043	26,952 $\frac{1}{2}$
Tin	"	15.08	9.71
Tin-ore	"		
Petroleum	Cases	$\frac{1}{2}$	5
Wood Oil	Piculs	58	214

N.S.

APPENDIX D.

I —Yearly Return of Government Hospitals in Negri Sembilan for the year ending 31st December, 1923.

Hospitals.	Remained from previous year 1922.	Admitted during the year 1923.	Total treated.	Discharges, Deaths, etc.				Total.	Remaining at the close of the year 1923.	Percentage of deaths to total treated.	Daily average No. of patients.	Number of beds.
				Discharged.	Trans- ferred.	Absconded.	Died.					
European Hospital	2	113	115	106	2	108	7	1.7	4.06	9
General „	271	4,372	4,643	3,503	116	359	465	4,443	200	10.01	231.4	361
Gaol „	8	358	366	350	3	...	7	360	6	1.91	7.62	20
Kuala Pilah District Hospital	134	2,491	2,625	2,224	...	75	231	2,530	95	8.89	137.41	240
„ Women's „	29	1,214	1,243	1,164	3	4	47	1,218	25	3.78	33.4	47
Tampin	87	1,738	1,825	1,576	1	30	141	1,748	77	7.72	89.63	165
Port Dickson	47	1,096	1,143	931	7	13	130	1,081	62	11.36	58.24	126
Jelebu	51	684	735	650	9	4	49	712	23	6.66	35.4	80
Mantin	30	646	676	604	21	6	42	673	3	6.21	23.01	40
Gemas	11	343	354	316	5	4	17	342	12	4.8	8.7	20
Total ...	670	13,055	13,725	11,424	165	495	1,131	13,215	510	8.24	628.87	1,108

APPENDIX D—(cont.)

II.—Return showing diseases most commonly treated in Government Hospitals, Negri Sembilan, during the year 1923.

Diseases.	Seremban General and European Hospitals.			Gaol Hospital.			Vagrant Ward.			Kuala Pilah District Hospital.			Kuala Pilah Women's Hospital.			Tampin.			Port Dickson.			Jelebu.			Mantin.			Gemas.			Total.		
	Total treated.	Deaths.	Percentage.	Total treated.	Deaths.	Percentage.	Total treated.	Deaths.	Percentage.	Total treated.	Deaths.	Percentage.	Total treated.	Deaths.	Percentage.	Total treated.	Deaths.	Percentage.	Total treated.	Deaths.	Percentage.	Total treated.	Deaths.	Percentage.	Total treated.	Deaths.	Percentage.	Total treated.	Deaths.	Percentage.	Total treated.	Deaths.	Percentage.
Malaria ...	888	39	4.39	23	6	1	16.66	837	40	4.77	290	13	4.5	598	36	6.03	226	7	3.09	233	11	4.72	217	11	5.07	87	6	6.9	3,405	164	4.8
Dysentery ...	133	45	33.83	20	5	1	20.0	132	27	20.4	9	3	33.3	96	20	20.8	55	12	21.82	8	1	12.5	15	3	20.0	8	2	25.0	481	114	23.7
Diarrhœa ...	27	1	3.7	62	17	22	18	13	1	7.69	1	5	8	1	174	2	1.14
Beri-Beri ...	74	10	13.5	105	13	12.4	3	27	3	11.11	49	8	16.33	12	1	8.33	9	1	11.11	2	281	36	12.8
Ankylostomiasis	331	13	3.9	8	1	12.5	11	1	9.09	72	5	6.9	65	6	9.2	60	8	13.33	44	1	2.27	63	4	6.35	72	8	11.11	9	735	47	6.4
Venereal diseases	296	4	2	114	58	112	1	0.89	76	1	1.3	21	1	4.76	39	39	1	2.56	761	4	0.52
Pneumonia ...	138	67	48.5	2	2	1	50.0	67	38	56.7	13	5	38.4	35	9	25.7	30	11	36.67	5	2	40.0	21	7	33.33	5	3	60.0	318	143	44.9
Phthisis ...	156	59	37.8	1	4	68	39	57.3	9	4	44.4	23	16	69.56	124	56	45.16	10	7	70.0	16	4	25.0	3	414	185	44.6
Other Diseases of the respiratory system, including influenza ...	325	26	8.0	29	11	221	21	9.5	66	1	1.5	105	7	6.66	110	4	3.63	38	6	15.8	56	4	7.14	32	1	3.12	993	70	7.05
Skin diseases ...	383	19	6	400	3	.75	92	306	1	0.32	87	138	95	18	1,544	4	0.25
Yaws ...	6	17	99	7	3	5	2	139

APPENDIX D—(cont.)

III.—Return of monthly Malarial Admissions and Deaths for Government Hospitals in Negri Sembilan (excluding Gaol)
and also monthly Admissions and Deaths for 1921, 1922 and 1923.

District.					January.		February.		March.		April.		May.		June.		July.		August.		September.		October.		November.		December.		Total.	
					Deaths.	Admissions.	Deaths.	Admissions.	Deaths.	Admissions.	Deaths.	Admissions.	Deaths.	Admissions.	Deaths.	Admissions.	Deaths.	Admissions.	Deaths.	Admissions.	Deaths.	Admissions.	Deaths.	Admissions.	Deaths.	Admissions.	Deaths.	Admissions.	Deaths.	Admissions.
Seremban	3	60	1	31	...	54	4	79	4	136	4	102	4	60	3	53	3	42	3	49	4	90	6	86	39	842
Kuala Pilah	6	87	1	48	4	96	10	89	5	130	1	114	4	107	6	102	7	88	3	68	3	59	3	90	53	1,078
Tampin	2	48	1	33	4	41	2	47	3	73	5	80	2	58	6	40	4	33	2	51	3	41	2	43	36	588
Port Dickson	1	16	...	18	...	15	2	16	...	32	1	38	2	27	1	23	...	13	...	7	...	5	...	14	7	224
Jelebu	1	18	...	8	1	17	2	25	1	32	...	30	2	17	1	14	2	23	...	10	...	18	1	8	11	220
Mantin	1	15	...	12	...	13	...	10	1	46	...	25	5	32	2	27	...	14	1	6	1	5	...	9	11	214
Gemas	1	8	...	11	1	11	1	6	...	2	1	4	1	6	...	4	...	2	...	3	...	3	1	22	6	82
Total 1923					15	252	3	161	10	247	21	272	14	451	12	393	20	307	19	263	16	215	9	194	11	221	13	272	163	3,248
Total 1922					13	303	13	309	16	261	21	353	27	400	26	397	23	385	16	333	11	308	15	324	11	251	18	234	210	3,858
Total 1921					21	480	25	441	23	557	25	571	25	565	28	674	22	625	19	514	14	390	11	330	18	346	15	387	246	5,880

N.S.

APPENDIX E.

I.—Return of Births and Deaths Registered in the State of Negri Sembilan for the year 1923.

BIRTHS.

Nationality.	Seremban.				Mantin.				Tampin.				Kuala Pilah.				Port Dickson.				Jelebu.				Whole State.			
	Male.	Female.	Total.	Total of the corresponding period of 1922.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Total of the corresponding period of 1922.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Total of the corresponding period of 1922.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Total of the corresponding period of 1922.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Total of the corresponding period of 1922.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Total of the corresponding period of 1922.	Male.	Female.	Grand total.	Total of the corresponding period of 1922.
Malays & Javanese	152	161	313	274	127	107	234	229	430	447	877	727	674	604	1,278	1,217	78	81	159	177	125	114	239	193	1,586	1,514	3,100	2,817
Chinese ...	205	158	363	393	99	95	194	187	65	53	118	78	84	98	182	177	58	48	106	116	75	73	148	136	586	525	1,111	1,087
Indians ...	138	133	271	266	37	50	87	74	42	36	78	59	26	26	52	56	75	61	136	102	14	7	21	9	332	313	645	566
Europeans ...	2	3	5	7	1	1	...	1	1	1	1	3	4	7	9
Eurasians ...	7	7	14	20	1	2	...	1	1	1	7	8	15	24
Others ...	2	3	5	21	...	1	1	4	1	2	3	6	2	2	4	8	...	1	1	3	...	1	1	1	5	10	15	43
Total ...	506	465	971	981	263	253	516	496	539	538	1,077	872	786	732	1,518	1,459	211	191	402	399	214	195	409	339	2,519	2,374	4,893	4,546

DEATHS.

Malays & Javanese	82	90	172	176	84	72	156	193	275	240	515	497	455	388	843	813	44	54	98	104	73	46	119	127	1,013	890	1,903	1,910
Chinese ...	432	143	575	588	116	50	166	156	163	16	179	170	262	42	304	330	179	16	195	181	88	25	113	118	1,240	292	1,532	1,543
Indians ...	323	176	499	589	63	41	104	143	134	78	212	244	143	50	173	134	129	76	205	279	18	10	28	20	790	431	1,221	1,409
Europeans ...	1	1	2	1	1	1	2	1
Eurasians ...	5	1	6	2	1	...	1	1	3	1	5	2	7	7
Others ...	3	3	6	25	1	2	2	4	9	1	...	1	7	2	1	3	4	1	8	6	14	47
Total ...	846	414	1,260	1,381	263	163	426	493	574	336	910	921	841	481	1,322	1,287	354	147	501	569	179	81	260	266	3,057	1,622	4,679	4,917

APPENDIX E—(cont.)

II.—Return showing Number of Deaths each month by districts during the year 1923.

District.	January.	February.	March.	April.	May.	June.	July.	August.	September.	October.	November.	December.	Total.
Seremban ...	107	83	84	117	107	142	108	121	90	94	97	110	1,260
Mantin ...	28	42	33	22	31	50	59	35	32	38	34	22	426
Tampin ...	79	47	73	73	82	112	84	71	62	63	81	83	910
Kuala Pilah ...	99	91	85	100	134	141	123	127	104	95	115	108	1,322
Port Dickson ...	48	35	39	42	61	60	26	36	34	43	24	53	501
Jelevu ...	27	18	16	16	39	23	20	25	15	16	17	28	260
Total ...	388	316	330	370	454	528	420	415	337	349	368	404	4,679

N.S.

APPENDIX E—(cont.)

III.—Return of Deaths at various ages for the year ending 31st December, 1923.

	Under one month.		One month and under one year.		One year and under five years.		Five years and under 10 years.		10 years and under 20 years.		20 years and under 30 years.		30 years and under 40 years.		40 years and under 50 years.		50 years and under 60 years.		60 years and under 70 years.		70 years and under 80 years.		80 years and under 90 years.		90 years and under 100 years.		Over 100 years.		Age Unknown.		Total.		Grand Total.
	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	M.	F.	
Malays and Javanese ...	110	86	166	106	154	150	65	71	48	40	60	61	68	77	103	62	86	83	81	78	41	31	25	36	5	9	1	...	1,013	890	1,903
Chinese...	63	49	85	71	42	35	12	16	24	6	142	24	250	42	272	16	222	17	96	10	22	5	6	1	1	3	...	1,240	292	1,532
Natives of India	46	43	33	25	29	32	20	18	32	31	193	115	260	101	122	37	30	10	18	10	3	7	2	1	2	1	790	431	1,221
Europeans	1	1	1	1	2
Eurasians	3	1	1	1	1	5	2	7
Others	1	1	1	...	1	3	2	1	1	1	2	...	8	6	14	
Total ...	219	178	285	203	229	217	97	105	104	78	396	203	582	222	498	116	339	110	195	98	66	44	33	38	6	9	8	1	3,057	1,622	4,679

N.S.

APPENDIX F.

I.—Abstract of Thermometrical and Rainfall Observations taken at seven stations of the State of Negri Sembilan during the year 1923.

Month.	SEREMBAN.				KUALA PILAH.				TAMPIN.				PORT DICKSON.				JELEBU.				MANTIN.				GEMAS.
	9 a.m.			6 a.m. & 6 p.m.	9 a.m.			6 a.m. & 6 p.m.	9 a.m.			6 a.m. & 6 p.m.	9 a.m.			6 a.m. & 6 p.m.	9 a.m.			6 a.m. & 6 p.m.	9 a.m.			6 a.m. & 6 p.m.	6 a.m. & 6 p.m.
	Thermometer.			Rainfall.	Thermometer.			Rainfall.	Thermometer.			Rainfall.	Thermometer.			Rainfall.	Thermometer.			Rainfall.	Thermometer.			Rainfall.	Rainfall
	Maximum	Minimum	Range	Rainfall during the month	Maximum	Minimum	Range	Rainfall during the month	Maximum	Minimum	Range	Rainfall during the month	Maximum	Minimum	Range	Rainfall during the month	Maximum	Minimum	Range	Rainfall during the month	Maximum	Minimum	Range	Rainfall during the month	Rainfall during the month
January	90.0	72.92	17.08	129.4	83.26	69.81	13.45	193.4	90.41	70.81	19.61	185.2	86.1	73.03	13.07	225.8	86.48	71.48	15.0	111.	162.8	233.17
February	90.3	72.4	17.9	49.0	88.2	70.3	17.9	85.8	90.5	70.2	20.3	...	88.5	73.9	14.6	46.4	86.9	72.4	14.5	61.2	83.48	76.66
March	91.06	72.3	18.76	193.6	89.9	69.84	20.06	320.8	90.77	70.32	20.45	99.0	89.1	73.9	15.2	97.6	87.3	71.9	15.4	106.	324.82	124.2
April	91.9	73.2	18.7	169.4	90.7	71.5	19.2	204.4	89.4	70.5	18.9	227.8	89.4	75.4	14.0	167.4	87.5	72.4	15.1	95.4	189.64	140.46
May	91.2	73.1	18.1	96.4	90.6	70.9	19.7	179.0	90.8	70.1	20.7	49.9	89.8	75.4	14.4	110.8	88.0	72.9	15.1	96.	78.4	86.1
June	90.2	72.7	17.5	77.2	90.4	70.5	19.9	70.8	88.2	69.2	19.0	102.32	88.3	74.7	13.6	166.0	87.6	72.1	15.5	103.	63.38	124.21
July	91.5	72.7	18.8	136.8	89.2	69.7	19.5	82.4	90.3	70.5	19.8	126.4	87.8	73.9	13.9	206.8	87.1	71.0	16.1	51.	80.55	21.59
August	90.4	72.8	17.6	160.8	88.0	69.5	18.5	220.2	89.1	71.2	17.9	158.2	87.4	73.7	13.7	148.0	85.3	70.7	14.6	82.	268.82	130.55
September	91.4	71.8	19.6	134.2	89.1	70.7	18.4	69.6	88.8	71.0	17.8	65.4	87.3	73.7	13.6	189.2	85.5	71.5	14.0	69.	110.31	44.45
October	90.8	72.4	18.4	237.0	89.5	70.2	19.3	235.0	89.5	70.4	19.1	298.40	86.8	76.7	10.1	226.60	86.8	72.2	14.6	86.	313.67	188.21
November	91.0	72.5	18.5	128.0	88.8	70.5	18.3	234.5	89.1	71.1	18.0	220.6	85.8	74.1	11.7	253.48	87.3	72.4	14.9	91.	210.72	99.50
December	90.7	72.7	18.0	151.1	85.2	69.9	15.3	220.4	87.6	70.3	17.3	208.8	86.4	73.6	12.8	266.0	85.2	71.6	13.6	82.	152.35	206.45
Mean	91.2	72.6	18.6	...	86.07	70.2	18.2	...	89.5	70.4	19.06	...	87.7	74.3	13.4	...	86.7	71.9	14.9
Total Rainfall	1,662.9				2,116.3				1,738.15				2,100.48				1,033.6				2,037.86				1,475.28
Average Monthly Rainfall	136.57				176.35				144.84				175.04				86.13				169.82				122.94
Mean Temperature	80.48				80.81				80.46				81.94				79.22			

N.B.—Where columns are left blank, no readings were taken.

N.S.