# Federated Malay States.

# SELANGOR

# ADMINISTRATION REPORT

FOR THE YEAR

# 1913

BY

E. BURNSIDE, ACTING BRITISH RESIDENT.

KUALA LUMPUR: PRINTED AT THE FEDERATED MALAY STATES GOVERNMENT PRINTING OFFICE.

1914.

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# SELANGOR ADMINISTRATION REPORT FOR THE YEAR 1913.

### I.—REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE.

REVENUE.

1. The revenue collected during the year amounted to \$15,561,395, an excess of \$3,768,444 over the estimated revenue and an increase of \$713,037 over the actual receipts in 1912.

There was an excess under every main head of revenue, the principal items being:

Export Duty on Tin and Ti	n-ore	. \$ 643,015
Spirit and Toddy Shops .		. 103,724
Sale of Chandu		. 1,876,632

The only important deficiency was under Export Duty on Rubber, \$183,272.

The most noticeable increases were under Land Rents, \$110,717; and Chandu, \$659,176; and the largest decreases were under Export Duty on Rubber, \$107,751; Export Duty on Tin, \$110,128; and Premia on Mining Leases, \$120,225.

EXPENDITURE.

2. The actual expenditure amounted to \$16,725,848 on an estimate of \$15,864,690, and an increase of \$5,966,404 on the expenditure of 1912. The increase was mainly due to the large excess of \$1,583,769 under Federal Charges.

The expenditure exceeded the revenue by the sum of \$1,164,453.

#### II.-BALANCES.

3. The surplus balance to the credit of the State was reduced from \$31,162,521 on the 31st December, 1912, to \$29,998,068 on the 31st December, 1913.

The cash balance remaining to credit at the end of the year was \$326,820.

### III.—ASSETS AND LIABILITIES.

4. The following is the statement of assets and liabilities on the 31st December, 1913:

Liabilities	  D.		 453,625
1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1	Ba	lance	 \$29,998,068

### IV.-STATE COUNCIL.

5. Seven meetings of the State Council were held during the year. One sentence of death was confirmed and five commuted. Twenty-two applications for patent rights were granted and three refused. Applications for conversion of agricultural into mining rights, comprising a total area of 252 acres, were approved.

### V.-ADMINISTRATION.

6. Mr. E. G. Broadrick, British Resident, proceeded on leave on the 8th August, and Mr. E. Burnside was appointed to act as Resident. Mr. O. F. Stonor continued to officiate as Secretary to Resident throughout the year. Mr. H. W. Thomson, Acting District Officer, Klang, was granted leave, with effect from the 27th January, and was succeeded by Mr. F. Bede Cox. Mr. W. D. Barron officiated as District Officer, Kuala Langat, until the 24th March, when he was succeeded by Mr. R. S. Jervoise, who was succeeded by Mr. W. E. Pepys on the 28th June.

### VI.-LAND AND AGRICULTURE.

7. The total land revenue collected in the State amounted to \$939,695, a decrease of \$43,388 on the last year's collections. This falling off is more than accounted for by the heavy decrease under land sales in the districts of Ulu Selangor and Kuala Lumpur. In 1912 a block of mining land in the Ulu Selangor district realized a premium of \$111,000 at auction.

There was an increase of \$130,583 in land rents; no arrears were due at the end of the year. The district of Kuala Lumpur again heads the list with the largest collections, but is closely followed by the district of Kuala Selangor, where land rents exceeded that of Kuala Lumpur by \$18,331.

There was no deficiency on the Estimates in any of the districts. the total increase amounted to \$173,001. Land rents show a substantial increase all round, but there was a slight falling off of \$230 in mining rents.

REGISTRATION.

RECEIPTS.

8. Under the Registration of Titles Enactment there was a small increase in the number of transactions registered, but a falling off in the value of stamp duty, from \$60,717 in 1912 to \$30,291 in 1913.

The amount secured by charges registered under this Enactment is given at \$1,315,145 for town and village lots and lands and \$1,455,185 on agricultural lands, bearing an average interest of 16.02 per cent. and 17.22 per cent., respectively.

Under the Land and Mines Enactments the number of transactions registered was 8,270, a small increase of 337 on the preceding year.

LANDS ALIENATED.

9. The total acreage alienated in the year for agricultural purposes is returned at 61,194, of which more than half was in the district of Kuala Selangor. At the end of the year 495,643 acres were in occupation, an addition of 16,327 acres on the area in occupation at the end of 1912. Of mining lands 6,082 acres were alienated and 68,918 were in occupation on the 1st January, 1914, compared with 71,474 on 1st January, 1913.

#### SURRENDER AND FORFEITURES.

10. Three hundred and seventy-four acres of agricultural and 2,876 acres of mining land were surrendered or forfeited.

The approximate areas under different kinds of cultivation were as follows:

			Acres.	
Rubber	 	 	 208,714	
Coconuts	 	 	 38,708	
Coffee	 	 	 10,045	
Padi	 	 	 6,560	
Various	 	 	 49,288	

leaving a balance of, approximately, 182,328 acres alienated but uncultivated.

The following are the figures of the Agricultural Loans' Fund :

•	Outstanding on 31st Decem- ber, 1912.		Lent in 1913.		Repaid in 1913.	Outstanding on 1st January, 1914.
	\$25,687.34		\$24,715		\$14,103.19	 \$36,299.15
	The formes	do n	ot include	loar	is to planters	

LOCUSTS.

11. There is no information as to the origin of the locust invasion. It was thought that the natural conditions of the country would check the multiplication of these pests, but as this proved illusory and they rapidly increased in the inland districts, steps were taken in June to exterminate them by the use of traps and an arsenite of soda poison. These methods were found most effective, and at the end of the year 24,753 kerosine tins of hoppers were destroyed, representing approximately 392 swarms. Little or no damage was done to crops.

### VII.-MINING.

12. The total output for the year amounted to 258,825 pikuls, valued at \$25,771,247, an increase of 3,443 pikuls and a decrease in value of \$609,712 on the last year. One thousand nine hundred and eighteen pikuls of wolfram were exported against 1,504 pikuls in 1912.

The following were the local (Singapore) prices during the years 1912 and 1913:

		1912.		1913.
Highest	 d	\$115.63		 \$114.80
Average	 	103.30	•	 99.57
Lowest	 	91.75		 83.50
Fluctuation	 	23.90		 31.30

The highest price in 1913 was on the 2nd January and the lowest on 24th December. At the end of the year the labour force employed in the mines numbered 74,410, an increase of 5,826 on 1912.

The number of dulang-washers' passes rose from 3,567 in 1912 to 4,532 in 1913.

The following figures give the number of miners employed in different methods in 1912 and 1913 :

			1912.	1913.
Open-cast			51,916	 57,857
Underground			6,063	 5,640
Hydraulic and	lamp	an	10,605	 10,560

There was no variation of any importance in the cost of labour and the supply was equal to the demand.

The question of the retention of tailings has become one of great difficulty, and extensive measures will have to be taken to obviate further damage to the natural waterways of the State.

Large sums of money were spent on raising roads, and surveys were commenced with the view of concerting measures for dealing with the silting up of streams.

A scheme was approved for dealing with the flooding of Kuala Kubu town by the Selangor river.

The Rawang Collieries Company, Limited, with a capital of \$2,000,000 was floated in July to work the coal-fields at Rawang, and it is expected that coal will be produced from the mine as soon as the railway connection, now under construction, is completed.

The cement company continued its operation at Batu Caves and produced 3,444 tons of cement during the year.

The total number of deaths due to accidents in mines was 58 compared with 54 in 1912. Prosecutions were instituted in every case where it was shown on enquiry that the death was due to neglect of any order given by the Warden or Inspector or in taking proper precautions in the working of the mine.

Mr. M. A. V. Allen officiated as Warden of Mines throughout the year:

### VIII.-SURVEYS.

13. The following return gives the amount of work done by the Revenue Survey Branch:

	• Total	 61,153		4,747
Residential lots		 17		• 11
Town and village	lots	 		479
Area surveyed by	field staff	 61,136		4,257
		Acres.	1	Lots.

In addition, 191 miles were surveyed for connections, etc., and 5,747 title plans were prepared.

The total revenue amounted to \$92,519 against an expenditure of \$213,312.

#### IX.-FORESTS.

14. The total area of reserved forests at the end of the year was 244,507 acres or 11.9 of the area of the State. Seven additional reserves were constituted, comprising 36,671 acres.

Nine reserves were proposed and preliminary notices gazetted.

Forty-nine and a half miles of new boundaries were cut and demarcated at a cost of \$12.51 per mile, and 284 miles of existing boundaries were recleared at a cost of \$7.81 per mile.

SYLVICULTURE.

EXPLOITATION.

15. Camphor flowered in the Kanching Reserve. Meranti and penaga reproductions were specially noticeable in the Sungei Buloh and Kuang Reserves, and bakau barus reproduced itself in a marvellous way in the Banjor Reserve.

16. Five hundred and fifty-six and a half tons of timber were removed from reserved forest and 85,028 tons of firewood.

The output from State and alienated land was as follows :

				Tons.
Timber	 	 	•	40,970
Firewood	 	 		117,672
Charcoal	 	 		6,676

and 758 chengal and 201 merbau sleepers extracted. The exportation of jelutong, which produced 873 pikuls, ceased in November on the fall in price.

REVENUE.

STAFF.

17. The total revenue collected was \$153,751 against an expenditure of \$70,758, exclusive of sterling salaries.

18. Mr. C. Hummel, Deputy Conservator of Forests, was transferred to Perak in February, and Mr. J. P. Mead was appointed to act in his place.

### X.-GEOLOGICAL.

19. A bore for water was put down on the Lapan Utan Estate without success as the water was found not potable.

The following is a short account given by the Geologist of the deposits of Gunong Bakau:

Gunong Bakau is a mountain 4,426 feet high on the Selangor-Pahang boundary, and about 10 miles from Peretah, on the road between Kuala Kubu and the Gap. The mountain is composed of porphyritic granite into which two tin-bearing rocks have been intruded at different times. The first to be intruded was one in which quartz and topaz are constant constituents, and which, therefore, is best described as the quartz-topaz rock. It occurs as veins, the largest of which are about 15 feet thick. Some of these veins appear at their outcrops on the side of the mountain to be regular in form and lying almost flat, thus resembling sills. Others, however, are irregular in their course and form. Some are only an inch or so in thickness.

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The second rock to be intruded was topaz-aplite. This cuts both the porphyritic granite and the quartz-topaz veins. On the north side of the mountain it forms large masses, and can hardly be regarded as a vein-rock. To the south it is not so abundant and one clear section shows distinct veins of it. The rock has been called aplite because that name conveys the best idea of its constitution, but it is in some parts rather coarse in grain for an aplite, and nowhere coarsegrained enough to be called pegmatite.

Both the quartz-topaz rock and the topaz-aplite contain tin-ore as a disseminated rock-constituent. In the aplite, except in one spot, it has not yet been proved as yet to be present in sufficient quantity to be of value, but there is some reason to suppose that tin-bearing media connected with the aplite have been instrumental in forming very rich ore-bodies in pre-existing granitic rocks. The veins known as "Hemy's lode" are some of these ore-bodies.

In the quartz-topaz rock the tin-ore varies in quantity from 9 per cent. or perhaps more to nil. In Messrs. Bibby and Ruxton's quarry where the most work has been done it forms about 1.75 per cent. of the rock.

The quartz-topaz veins are found outcropping all round the mountain, and Messrs. Bibby and Ruxton have driven about 300 feet into the hill along one of them. But for this work and short prospecting drives, nothing is known of the extent of the veins in the interior of the mountain, and how prospecting can best be carried out is the most important problem at present regarding the deposits.

At first sight a suggestion that has been made—namely, prospecting by means of a drill, seems attractive, as the veins, many of which appear to be lying almost flat, are so disposed as to lend themselves to this form of prospecting, were it not for the presence of the later intruded topaz-aplite, and the difficulty of obtaining power on the mountain.

In considering the problem of prospecting, the following points have to be considered :

(1) The quartz-topaz veins in any part of the mountain may be found to be cut out completely by the topaz-aplite, which so far has not proved to be of value, except in one spot.

(2) The tin-ore in the quartz-topaz rock occurs as small disseminated grains and crystals of cassiterite. It varies largely in quantity and there is no means of telling when percentages are going to drop or rise, nor would it be safe to estimate ore values on the "blocking-out" principle, because neither "shoots" nor "runs" of ore, on a scale large enough to be a guide in mining operations, have been proved to exist. The percentage of cassiterite varies in much the same way as the percentage of one rock constituent may vary in any large mass of rock.

(3) The quartz-topaz rock is very hard, and drilling would be costly and slow.

(4) Owing to the distribution of the cassiterite, cores from a drill would not be a safe guide to the amount of tin-ore in the vicinity of the hole.

(5) A very large number of drill-holes would have to be put down to prove to what extent the quartz-topaz veins are cut by the topaz-aplite.

Drilling would certainly give some information, but it is believed that this would be of so vague a nature that it would not be worth the cost.

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The question is perhaps best answered thus: Messrs. Bibby and Ruxton have for some time been prospecting and working the stone by driving levels into the hill, which can be used for trucking ore as soon as they are made, and are made by hand. Even if one drilled to prospect the stone, levels would still have to be made to work it. With so poor a prospect of getting valuable information from drill-holes at a reasonable cost, it would seem to be the best course to prospect by means of drives, especially since figures supplied indicate that levels might very likely be cheaper per foot than drill-holes in the hard rock. There is no doubt that levels would give much more information.

### XI.-PUBLIC WORKS DEPARTMENT.

20. The total revenue collected amounted to \$35,301 compared with \$10,941 in 1912. The actual expenditure was \$3,227,649, leaving an unexpended balance of \$1,337,140. In addition, \$244,720 was expended on Federal account on work under the supervision of the Public Works Department. The actual expenditure in 1912 was \$2,857,594.

The percentage of actual expenditure under establishment was 6.19 against 6.55 in 1912.

WORKS AND BUILD-INGS. 21. Under this heading \$120,668 was expended out of a provision of \$126,455. One thousand three hundred and sixty-eight Government buildings (exclusive of Federal) were kept in repair at a cost of \$69,938, the estimated value being \$5,188,657.

Under minor works \$28,164 was spent on a provision of \$30,300. Nine hundred and eleven thousand seven hundred and twenty-five dollars was expended on special services. The principal works were :

Extension of the embankment wall, Kuala Lumpur; new markets at Kepong, Setapak and Kuala Selangor; accommodation for lunatics at the European Hospital; quarters for six Nurse Probationers, General Hospital; public laundry, Kuala Lumpur; foot-way, Belfield Bridge, Klang; extension of bonded warehouse, Port Swettenham; new wards at the General and District Hospitals, Kuala Lumpur, and at Klang; new ward for Malays at District Hospital, Kuala Lumpur; female ward at Kuala Langat; vagrant ward at the Gaol; five isolation wards at Kuala Lumpur; a post office at Batu Caves and additions to the post offices at Kapar and Banting; married quarters and police station and barracks at Klang and Sepang and additional barracks at Port Swettenham; seven quarters at Kuala Lumpur and five at Klang and Port Swettenham for officers; twenty-seven cooly lines; Malay schools and teachers' quarters at Batu Road, Kuala Lumpur; Rantau Panjang, Klang; Banting and Sungei Buaya, Kuala Langat; and additions to the school at Klang.

ROADS, STREETS AND BRIDGES. 22. On a provision of \$813,514 only \$14,654 remained unexpended at the end of the year under this head.

608.78 miles of metalled cart-roads, 49.47 miles of gravelled cartroads, 31.88 miles of natural cart-roads (total 690.13 miles) were maintained at a cost of \$736,680. One hundred and seventy-five miles of bridle-paths were upkept at a cost of \$35,590, and \$6,029 was spent on improving traces of main roads in Kuala Lumpur and Ulu Langat districts.

The following is an extract from the State Engineer's report on the treatment of existing road surfaces with "Tarco":

"The use of tarco for surface treatment on so-called waterbound macadam roads has proved an advantage under present traffic conditions, and is probably an economy on ordinary macadam. The binding together of the stones soon suffers under the abrasion and strain of motor-propelled vehicles, especially where the engine is thrown rapidly into gear or the brakes violently applied. There would also appear to be an intermittent pounding action which takes place with rapidly propelled vehicles that once started continues for some considerable distance causing pot-holes or cupping to take place. This may be started by some slight jerk or jar due to a loose stone or other obstruction.

"The surfacing with tarco cost from \$900 to \$1,100 per mile according to width treated, and the abatement of dust nuisance alone should warrant its use. Samples taken from the road show that after nearly two years' use the metal so protected is still waterproofed and little worn and that no disintegrating movement takes place below.

"Frost is the great destructor of all waterbound macadam roads and surface treatments of same; this climate is therefore exceptionally suited for tarco treatment. There is no breaking up of the surface due to subsequent thawing.

"Judging from samples taken, limestone would appear to be more suitable for treatment than granite. The bitumen appears to penetrate better. I advocate a more extensive use of limestone surface treated with tarco at regular intervals."

SPECIAL SERVICES.

23. The amount expended on special services was 800,424 on a provision of 1,345,538.

Twenty-two miles of road were constructed at a cost of \$179,789. Improvements were made to 22 miles of existing roads at a cost of \$292,684.

Widening of 106 miles of main roads cost \$165,227, and \$159,736 was spent on special metalling of five miles of road.

The principal roads under construction were the Kepong-Bukit Rotan road, Batu Tiga road deviation, Pandamaran road deviation, Coast road, Morib to Sepang, Sungei Buaya road, cart-road in direction of Bangi, Semenyih-Bangi road, Telok Datoh-Bangi road, Jalan Raja Abdullah, Jalan Raja Musa, Kuang-Pengkalan Kundang road and Ulu Peretak bridle-path. Much difficulty has been experienced in carrying out construction work in Kuala Langat owing to transport difficulties.

Permanent bridges and culverts were erected in place of temporary ones at a total cost of \$103,032.

DRAINAGE WORKS.

WATERWORKS.

24. The expenditure on extension of agricultural drains amounted to \$25,974, and \$10,641 was spent on maintenance. Six thousand seven hundred and five dollars was expended on town drains, and \$26,363 on extension and regrading road drains and drains in villages.

25. A settling tank at Ampang was completed for the Kuala Lumpur town supply and a commencement was made on the construction of a fourth filter-bed to meet increasing demands. Good progress was made in enlarging the existing reservoir at Ayer Kuning and the construction of an additional storage reservoir.

The small town supply from the hill surface at Kuala Selangor was supplemented by an additional storage tank and a temporary connection made between the town and Coast water supply system, pending the adoption of a permanent water scheme for the district.

Kuala Lumpur.—The total rainfall for the year at the old impounding reservoir was 104.89 inches compared with 107.18 in 1912, and the greatest fall recorded during twenty-four hours was 3.92 inches. The total consumption in Kuala Lumpur was 635 million gallons compared with 511 millions in 1912. The consumption, taking 56,487 as the average population in the town, works out to a little over 30 gallons per head per diem, a slight increase of one gallon per head on the last year's figures. It would appear that there is ample water at the headworks at present and that any shortage would be due to the overtaking of the delivery in the distributing mains and in inadequate filtering beds, both of which are now being rectified.

Sungei Besi.—The supply proved satisfactory. No additional service pipes were laid.

Ampang.—Thirty-nine private and 14 trade services were laid.

Klang and Port Swettenham.—The total consumption amounted to 80 million gallons of which nearly five millions were supplied to the railway, two and a half millions to the quarantine stations and one and a half millions to shipping. The consumption in 1912 was 78 million gallons.

supply was 87 million gallons; the total capital expenditure amounted

of the Klang river, making a deviation near the Convent, clearing the Sungei Buloh, improving the Selangor river at Kuala Kubu,

26. The total consumption for the year from the Coast water

27. A sum of \$47,587 was expended on improving the waterways

The maintaining of the natural water-courses of the State has become a very serious problem. The large volume of silt and colloidal matter brought down by mining operations and the more rapid surface flow from deforested land and newly opened estates were the chief factors which contributed to the silting and consequent overflowing of rivers. Steps were taken to survey the rivers affected and to

COAST WATER SUPPLY.

RIVER CLEARING.

ANTI-MALARIAL WORKS.

ELECTRIC LIGHT.

LABOUR.

FLOODS.

31. A special Committee was appointed to recommend what measures should be adopted for dealing with the flooding of the town of Kuala Kubu. These recommendations were approved and the more important works were put in hand. An alternative scheme for diverting the river, which would appear to be the more satisfactory, is now under consideration, and, if adopted, will solve the problem for many years to come.

32. Mr. E. R. Stokoe, State Engineer, was in charge of the department throughout the year.

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to \$584,869, plus maintenance \$13,952.

and other river deviations.

### devise a means for straightening and confining the channels, with a view to increasing the velocity and scour.

28. The total expenditure on anti-malarial works, including maintenance, amounted to \$44,743, of which \$37,988 was spent on works under the direction of the Malaria Advisory Board. The following areas were treated by the construction of masonry drains, sub-soil pipe drains and earth channels:

Pond at foot of Residency Hill; ravine behind Maternity Ward, European Hospital; gully at junction of Swettenham and Maxwell Roads. Swamps also were reclaimed at Port Swettenham and 25 acres of jungle cleared in Kuala Selangor town.

29. The total cost of running the Electric Light Generating and Sub-stations, including maintenance and connections, amounted to \$92,251, and the revenue, including street lighting, totalled \$135,865. The capital expenditure was increased by \$188,155, making a total of \$1,369,699. There was no total "shut down" on account of water shortage, and only two interruptions in the transmission line due to lightning.

The new engine room for the Diesel-driven plant was completed and the erection of the new plant was put in hand. Paper-insulated lead-sheathed cables were substituted in place of the old vulcanized bitumen cables on the mains. The new Printing Office was fitted with motors, lighting and fans, and the Railway Hotel with an electric lift. Thirty-four buildings were wired and 76 additional private consumers were connected. Electric-driven motors were installed, aggregating 66 horse-power.

30. Thirteen kanganies were sent to India to recruit labour and 55 coolies were imported.

and \$ \$92.2

STAFF.

### XII.--CHINESE PROTECTORATE.

33. The number of Chinese who entered the State by sea are returned at 44,558, of which 4,951 were adult females. The number who left the State by sea was 25,289. Although these figures may be taken as showing that there was still a further increase in the Chinese population their value is of doubtful nature as they do not include arrivals and departures by rail of which there is no record. No contracts were signed in the State nor in the Colony for employment in the State. This was no doubt due to the fact that the Labour Code provides for the termination of sinkheh contracts on the 30th June, 1914. Licences for 14 lodging-houses were issued providing accommodation for 592 Chinese passengers.

SOCIETIES.

34. The total number of societies exempt from registration at the end of the year was 86, of which four were exempted during the year. Eleven new societies were registered, bringing the total to 38.

The number of persons banished during the year was 174. Of these, 71 were headmen and influential members of secret societies, 15 morphia injectors and illicit dealers in drugs, one professional gambler, nine undesirable and dangerous characters and 78 habitual criminals.

The Protectorate continued to keep a vigilant watch over secret societies, and, although successful in disorganizing the notorious Wa Kee or Broken Coffin Society, there is reason to believe that this branch of the Triad Society has not ceased to exist in the State.

35. During the year, 861 inquiries were held under the Enactment for the Protection of Women and Girls.

The average daily number of inmates in the Federal Home was 35.4 compared with 30.7 in 1912. The number remaining at the end of the year was 29. Twenty-three inmates were married from the Home. Eight meetings of the Po Leung Kuk Committee were held during the year.

SECRETARY FOR CHINESE AFFAIRS ENACTMENT.

PROTECTION OF

WOMEN AND GIRLS.

36. A Chinese Advisory Board was established and gazetted on 31st January, 1913, and three meetings were held during the year at which the following subjects were discussed :

Chinese Savings Bank;

Public Library;

Draft Rules for Chinese Agricultural Settlements.

Enquiries were held in 145 cases by the Protector of Chinese, five of which were referred to him by the Court.

37. Only one meeting was held during the year. One hundred and twenty-five patients were treated in the ward and 1,759 in the hospital. There were 381 deaths, 56 of which occurred within twentyfour hours of admission. Mining coolies were again the most numerous of the patients.

The expenditure of the Tai Wah Fund exceeded the revenue by \$24.78. There was a credit balance in favour of the hospital of \$2,342.90 at the end of the year.

38. The following list gives the number of licences in force at the end of the year within the inland districts :

Forty public houses, a decrease of four on 1912;

Forty-five retail liquor shops, an increase of five on 1912;

Forty-four "on and off" licences, a decrease of two on 1912; Four chemists' licences, an increase of one;

Four retail liquor shops licences, endorsed for sale of Chinese medicinal wines.

TAI WAH WARD AND TUNG SHIN HOSPITAL.

LICENSING BOARD.

Under the Excise Enactment, 22 toddy shop licences were issued in the Kuala Lumpur district for the first half-year and 20 for the second half-year. This shows a reduction of five on the previous year. The average monthly rental in 1913 was \$5,794 compared with \$3,368 in 1912.

STAFF.

39. On the transfer of Mr. A. M. Pountney to the Colony in October, Mr. D. Beatty was appointed to act Protector of Chinese. Mr. T. W. H. Kingston was appointed Acting Assistant Protector of Chinese on 10th September.

### XIII.—TRADE AND CUSTOMS.

40. The aggregate value of the trade of the State was \$99,288,123, being an increase of over a million as compared with 1912.

Imports, exclusive of coin and bullion, are valued at \$41,186,141, and exports at \$56,897,277, an increase of \$6,360,294 in imports and a decrease of \$5,000,472 in exports on the preceding year.

The falling off in the value of exports was mainly due to the decline in the price of rubber and tin. Both these articles show an increase in the quantity exported of 3,756 tons and 11,534 pikuls, respectively. The net weight of rubber export was 11,628 tons compared with 7,991 in 1912.

REVENUE.

41. At the Customs Offices at Kuala Lumpur and Port Swettenham, \$4,162,272 were collected on exports and \$665,088 on imports. Import duty on liquors shows a large increase of \$25,908.

Towkays Loke Yew and Lee Kong Lam continued to hold the only licence for a distillery in Kuala Lumpur, the output from which was 54,467 gallons of samshu as against 55,753 gallons in 1912.

The falling off is attributed to the competition caused by the opening of a distillery at Seremban in 1912.

During the year, 29 illicit distilleries were discovered. Convictions to the number of 23 were obtained.

CHANDU MONOPOLY.

42. The result of the year's working in the factory 'was far more satisfactory than in previous years. Chandu was sold throughout the year in three-hun packets and three-chi pots, these quantities being found the most convenient. On 21st February the maximum retail price was raised, without warning, from  $16\frac{1}{2}$  cents to 20 cents for three huns, and from \$1.65 to \$1.95 for three-chi pots.

The total quantity sold during the year was 722,489 tahils as against 815,264 tahils in 1912. The largest sales were in January and February, and in March there was a considerable drop of over 10,000 tahils, no doubt due to the increase in price. During the year, 32,707,854 three-hun packets and 307,500 three-chi pots were packed, in addition to which 1,175,000 broken packets and 2,786 broken pots were treated.

Thirty-eight thousand one hundred and thirteen tahils were sent to Singapore to be re-cooked, giving a return of 34,725 tahils. The charge for re-cooking was three cents a tahil. In August the price paid by the department for dross was raised from \$1.20 to \$2 per tahil for No. 1 quality dross and from 80 cents to \$1.20 for No. 2 quality, and resulted in an increase of 3,060 tahils of dross sold to the department.

43. There was a reduction of six in the number of "on and off" chandu shop licences issued, and an increase of one in "off" licences. The total number issued in 1913 was 106 compared with 111 in 1912.

The raising of the fees in the first half of the year brought in an increase of \$14,106 in fees.

CHANDU SHOP LICENCES. OFFENCES.

44. Four licensees were convicted and 11 licences cancelled for breaches of the regulations.

The profit and loss account shows a net profit for the year of \$3,376,632.

PREVENTIVE WORK.

45. Mr. Dench was in charge of this branch, and did very useful work. He obtained 95 convictions against offenders, the total amount of fines imposed amounting to \$3,918. The most important cases were selling Government chandu without a licence and selling chandu dross to persons other than the Superintendent and subjecting it to artificial heat.

There were 54 prosecutions under the Deleterious Drugs Enactment and 47 convictions, and fines amounting to \$3,795 were imposed.

STAFF.

46. Mr. R. Swettenham, the Superintendent, returned from leave in March and took over charge of the department from Mr. Nairn. He speaks in high praise of the manner in which his staff carried out their duties.

### XIV.—MARINE.

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47. During the year, 107 ocean-going steamers entered Port Swettenham 284 times with a net registered tonnage of 1,035,448. These included three new lines of steamers, and arrangements were being made for a vessel of the Indra Line to call once a month at Port Swettenham for direct shipment of rubber to New York. One thousand four hundred and seventy-one merchant vessels entered the port with a total tonnage of 1,577,335, of which 1,456 were British. Native craft to the number of 543 with a tonnage of 21,260 entered the port, a slight decrease on the figures of 1912. The number of fishing-stake licences issued shows an increase of 23 over the number issued in 1912.

48. The Glenmorganshire rock near Pulau Angsa was marked with an acetylene gas buoy on the 3rd June, thus rendering the northern channel quite safe for vessels leaving by day and night. On the 28th September an acetylene gas buoy was also placed at the end of the bank to the northward and westward of Pulau Angsa in the North Klang Straits. The Harbour Master reports that he considers everything has now been done to make the north channel perfectly safe for navigation by day and by night. He also reports that the set of moorings put in position opposite the passenger jetty has proved to be a boon to many steamers. He had no hesitation in bringing in the s.s. "Cardiganshire" to the moorings, the largest vessel to visit the port : her length is 517 feet over all, and at the time she entered the port she was drawing 28 feet 6 inches.

SLIPWAY.

49. The slipway was not vacant a single day during the year. The construction of a second was well in hand and plans for a third were drawn. Seven railway wooden lighters were reconstructed but owing to want of slipway accommodation much of the work had to be done on the river bank.

The dredger "Kuantan" was employed for two months in the early part of the year in dredging a channel on the bar near Tanjong Gila, and again at the end of the year in dredging at No. 3 wharf.

50. H.M.S. "Swiftsure," flying the flag of the Commander-in-Chief of the East Indian Station, visited the port on the 29th September. She measures 460 feet over all, and was drawing 26 feet. She lay at single anchor all the time close off the passenger jetty.

REVENUE.

H.M.S. "SWIFTSURE."

51. The total revenue collected amounted to \$7,518, an increase of \$699 on the preceding year.

LIGHTS AND BEACONS.

52. The direct control of the Fisheries was handed over to the department of the Director of Museums and Fisheries in 1912. The industry appears to have been fairly prosperous during the year and catches were on the whole above the average.

The number of fishermen actively engaged in Selangor waters is estimated at 1,702, and the rate of taxation of the individual fisherman was \$6.33. Complaints were prevalent in Kuala Lumpur at various times of the scarcity of supplies and high prices. This was probably due to the greater portion of the catch being absorbed in the coastal districts and the rapacity of the middleman. Now that the railway is open to Kuala Selangor a considerable quantity of fresh fish will probably reach the inland districts from the large fishing stakes at Jeram and Kapar, which are increasing in number.

The revenue amounted to \$10,766 against an expenditure of \$5,789.

### XVI.-POSTS AND TELEGRAPHS.

53. The number of correspondence posted and delivered during the year shows an increase of 868,164 over the preceding year.

54. Money order offices were opened at Batu Caves and Semenyih.

MONEY ORDERS.

SAVINGS BANK.

The increase in the amount of money orders issued and paid is given as \$277,638. 55. Depositors in the savings bank number 3,562 with a credit

Port Swettenham was completed.

during the year was 8,609 amounting to \$362,668 and withdrawals 3,300 covering \$350,628 56. The railway goods sheds at Kajang and Klang were

TELEGRAPHS AND TELEPHONES.

POST OFFICES.

3,300 covering \$350,628 56. The railway goods sheds at Kajang and Klang were connected to the telephone exchanges to meet the wishes of the planters, and a fee of 10 cents was charged for each call. New telegraph lines were constructed between Kuala Lumpur and Petaling and the reconstructing of the telephone exchanges at Klang, Kuala Selangor and Port Swettenham was put in hand, but only that at

balance on the 31st December of \$337,953. The number of deposits

57. Post offices were opened at Batu Caves and Semenyih, the allowance office at the former being closed, and arrangements were made for the station master at Kuang to keep a supply of postage stamps and to receive and deliver letters.

A motor service between Klang and Banting took the place of the bullock-cart service between Klang and Jugra.

### XVII.-COURTS.

58. There was a general increase of criminal work in the Magistrates' Courts throughout the State, Ulu Langat excepted. This is more especially so in the Kuala Lumpur Courts, where the number of persons brought before the Magistrate rose from 7,972 in 1912 to 8,842 in 1913. The number in Kuala Langat was more than double that of the last year, Ulu Selangor coming next with an increase of 295.

There was also an increase in the civil work throughout the State, except in Ulu Selangor. The total number of cases in 1913 was 4,506 compared with 3,868 in 1912.

There were 229 enquiries into causes of deaths compared with 181 in 1912. Thirty-five were suicides, 18 by drowning and five taken by crocodiles.

The revenue amounted to \$115,078, an increase of \$20,963 on the last year and \$36,828 over the estimates.

### XVIII.—POLICE AND CRIME.

59. The total strength of the Selangor Contingent on the 31st December was 803, as follows: one Deputy Commissioner; one Assistant Commissioner; two Chief Inspectors; 19 Inspectors; 780 rank and file: being 90 short of the authorized strength.

DISCIPLINE.

60. Offences against discipline numbered 711 compared with 577 in 1912. The Deputy Commissioner attributes the increase to the class of men who joined being not so good as in former years.

61. There were 614 admissions to hospital compared with 596 in 1912, and five deaths.

62. The number of offences reported was 21,963 compared with 20,757 in 1912.

The following return gives the number of the most serious crimes reported and discovered in the year:

				Reported.	.*     *    1	Discovere	ed.
Murder				29		18 *	
Homicide	not an	ounting	to		1.		
murder				5		• 5	
Gang robb	ery			41		9	14
Highway r	obbery		·	1	• "	0	
House-brea	aking			51	` ·	12	
Robbery				61		15	1
Serious the	efts			106		23	

63. The number of dogs registered during the year was 6,524

REGISTRATION OF DOGS.

FIRE-ARMS.

64. The number of permits and fire-arm licences issued was 3,335 and 634, respectively, an increase of 693 in permits and 69 in licences on the last year.

and 475 bitches, while 1,676 dogs and 1,556 bitches were destroyed.

65. Seven thousand two hundred and twenty-six dollars was paid as rewards for the destruction of noxious animals. Crocodiles numbered 1,104, of which 945 were in the district of Kuala Selangor.

66. The Force is composed of one sergeant, two corporals and 11 constables They were under the orders of the Government Veterinary Surgeon and employed in assisting the Government Veterinary Surgeon in dealing with outbreaks of foot-and-mouth disease; preventing cruelty to animals, and guarding roads from other States during the existing of rinderpest in those States. Six hundred and thirty-eight cases were reported and 623 convictions obtained. Five hundred and fifteen were for cruelty to animals and 95 for breaches of the provisions of the Quarantine Enactment.

### XIX.-PRISONS.

67. The following summary gives the number of admissions and discharges during the year :

Remaining	on 31	st Dec	ember,	1912	425	
Admitted f	rom Se	elango	•		3,467	
Admitted f	rom ot	her St	ates		58	
						3,950
						3,950
Discharged	during	g 1913			3,533	0,000
Transferred	l to otl	ner Sta	tes		74	
Escaped					1	
Died					15	
Executed					8	
						3,626
Remaining	on 31s	t Dece	mber, I	1913		324

DOGS.

NOXIOUS ANIMALS.

VETERINARY POLICE.

HEALTH. CRIME. There were 56 prisoners in the civil prison on the 1st January, of whom 34 were awaiting banishment. One thousand four hundred and forty-eight were admitted during the year and 59 remained at the close of the year.

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The number of criminal prisoners remaining on the 31st December, 1913, was 265. Two thousand and thirty-two were committed to prison during the year and 45 received from other States. Two thousand and ninety-nine were discharged and 74 transferred to the Convict Establishment at Taiping, and seven died. There was one short-sentenced European prisoner at the end of the year.

Sixty-seven females were admitted during the year and there were 18 on the 31st December, 1913. They were employed in making prisoners' clothing, treating coconut fibre, dhoby work, and in the general upkeep and sanitation of the female ward and enclosure.

68. The discipline has been well maintained. There was only one assault of a serious nature. The average percentage of convictions for prison offences was 1.36 compared with 3.24 in 1912.

Eighteen prisoners were flogged as against 62 in 1912. Two were by order of the Court. Sixteen by order of the Visiting Justices.

69. The number of prisoners re-convicted was 275 as compared with 373 in 1912 and 253 in 1911.

70. The general health of the prisoners was good. The average daily sick in hospital was 3.66. Three patients died of beri-beri and two were suicides, out of a total of 15.

71. The revenue collected amounted to \$403, and the value of prison labour employed in stone-breaking and prison services is estimated at \$8,410. The total expenditure was \$70,659.

72. The new vagrant ward was completed, providing accommodation for 100 vagrants. Admissions during the year numbered 453 in addition to which there were 64 remaining at the end of 1912. Three hundred and eighty-one were discharged, 71 repatriated, one transferred to leper ward, 12 transferred to District Hospital, 20 died. One committed suicide, leaving 32 in the ward at the close of the year. Of the 453 vagrants admitted, 419 were convicted once, 28 twice and six three times in the year.

Vagrants certified as fit for labour were employed in the vegetable gardens, which produced vegetables to the value of \$1;365.

73. Mr. F. W. Douglas officiated as Superintendent until 1st October, when he was succeeded by Mr. C. F. Green.

Mr. Galloway, Gaoler, retired on the 31st May, and received the Imperial Service Order. Mr. Foster was appointed in his place.

### XX.-EDUCATION.

74. The average enrolment was 5,210 and the average attendance 4,602 compared with 4,680 and 4,112 in 1912. The total expenditure of the department was \$76,934.

The number of Government schools is 55 and seven State-aided schools. Of the 55 Government schools, 49 are for Malay boys and four for Malay girls, with one for Tamils and one for Chinese at each of which both boys and girls attend.

Two new schools for Malay boys were opened—one at Sungei Buaya and one at Ulu Semenyih. The increase in attendance of some of the schools as well as requests for new schools indicate an increased desire by Malays to secure proper education for their children. The result of the annual inspection were generally satisfactory. Technical education is still in a very rudimentary state.

CONDUCT OF PRISONERS.

#### RECIDIVISTS.

HEALTH. DEATHS.

REVENUE AND EXPENDITURE.

VAGRANTS.

STAFF.

Carpentry is taught in two schools and rotan work and fishingnet making in another two schools. School gardens have not been a success owing partly to the insuitability of the soil, and partly to the lack of knowledge and interest on the part of teachers.

The hygiene class at Kajang for teachers was discontinued owing to the instructor not being able to find the time to devote to the work; it is however hoped that this class will be reopened and similar classes started in other districts. Five student-teachers passed out of the Malacca College and were appointed as trained assistant teachers. The Kuala Lumpur Malay Girls' School is not satisfactory in numbers and may have to be closed, but the attendance at the Malay Settlement Girls' School has increased considerably. The needlework was reported as satisfactory. The report on the Chinese school at Kuala Lumpur is not favourable and shows no improvement on past years.

The number of State-aided English schools remained the same. A new school for girls known as St. Mary's High School was opened in March under the auspices of the Church of England. An unofficial visit showed that satisfactory work was being done.

The average attendance at the aided schools have increased from 4,112 in 1912 to 4,602 in 1913. Most of these schools have as many pupils as they can conveniently receive.

At the annual inspection, 162 candidates presented themselves for examination in the Seventh Standard and 110 passed. In the Cambridge Local Examination held in December, 1912, out of 150 candidates who entered, 72 gained passes.

In the English schools the work has been conducted on much the same lines. At the Victoria Institution the introduction of carpentry as part of the scheme for hand and eye training calls for special comment. In the other schools some such scheme has also received attention, but in the infant department only. Physical drill and games receive considerable attention in all the schools, and in the girls' schools increased attention is given to singing. The needlework was favourably reported on.

The Cadet Corps at the Victoria Institution and the Boy Scouts in connection with St. John's and the Victoria Institutions have continued to be well maintained and hold the interest of the boys.

There were three probationers and 20 scholarship boys at the Malay College at Kuala Kangsar.

The movement for the establishment of estate schools has met with a ready response, and at the end of the year there were 72 schools on estates. It is too early to say what results may be expected as it will take some time to place these schools on a satisfactory footing.

### XXI.—HEALTH.

75. The number of in-patients treated in Government hospitals was 32,173 with 3,152 deaths. There was an increase of only two in the number of in-patients treated in the past year and a mortality of 9.8 per cent. as against 10.01 in 1912. There was a high death-rate in the Sungei Besi Hospital, but, excluding the 60 cases which died within forty-eight hours of admission, the rate is reduced to 6 per cent.

The total number of outdoor patients treated was 66,907, an increase of 2,837 on the number in the last year. The most marked increase was at Kuala Selangor where malaria was prevalent during the year. At the Kuala Lumpur General Hospital there was a marked decrease of 1,393 in the number applying for outdoor treatment.

This decrease is no doubt due to the success of anti-malarial measures as large number of the outdoor patients live in these parts of the town where sub-soil drainage and swamp filling were carried out.

Malaria accounted for 32 per cent. of the total number of cases treated in all the hospitals. The total number treated was 10,556 with a mortality of 7.56 per cent. as against 6.88 per cent. in 1912.

There were four cases of blackwater fever treated in hospital, with two deaths, both Europeans. Five hundred and nineteen pounds of quinine were distributed, in most cases free of charge.

There is ample evidence to prove the success of the anti-malarial measures undertaken in Kuala Lumpur, of which the following are the most striking instances :

The decrease in the number of outdoor patients applying for treatment at the General Hospital, and in the outdoor patients among the Police Force; very few cases amongst the staff of the General Hospital; marked diminution of mosquitoes in the Senior Medical Officer's quarters, in which in previous years he had to have recourse to a mosquito-proof room and which was not used in 1913, and no malaria amongst his servants, whereas in past years he was obliged to institute a quinine muster every fourth day; absence of malaria amongst the nursing staff at the European Hospital; and decrease of 725 cases of malaria treated in the District Hospital.

The works carried out by the Executive Engineer's Malarial Advisory Board in Kuala Lumpur town cost \$81,600, and \$1,352 was spent in Klang on similar works.

There was a small diminution in the number of beri-beri cases treated but a slightly higher death-rate compared with the figures of 1912.

The State was free from any severe epidemic. There were six cases of cholera with two deaths, and 18 cases of small-pox with two deaths.

There was an increase of enteric fever cases. The number treated being 42 with 12 deaths compared with 35 cases and five deaths in 1912.

It should be noted that there was an increase of 80 in the number of Malays treated in the General Hospital, Kuala Lumpur, and the number of females treated increased from 914 in 1912 to 1,160 in 1913. The presence of the Lady Medical Doctor was no doubt appreciated by a number of Muhammadans, who would not otherwise have come for treatment.

A large number of accident cases treated were the result of motor traffic.

LUNATIC ASYLUM.

76. The asylum was much overcrowded during the year. Two hundred and eighty-five insane persons were treated with a percentage of 11.22 deaths. One hundred and eleven cases were discharged and 97 transferred to Tanjong Rambutan and Singapore.

The admission to the District Hospital of beri-beri cases was the lowest in the last five years, and the death-rate shows a marked reduction since the substitution of par-boiled for Rangoon rice.

The Malay hospital opened on the 28th September and staffed with Malays has been well patronized and bids fair to be a great success. Many patients were refused admission owing to the want of accommodation.

VACCINATION.

77. A grand total of 69,459 vaccinations were performed, of which 47,241 were perfect, 4,936 modified, 14,728 failed, and the remainder not verified. Most of the failures were among the adult Tamil coolies at Port Swettenham and on estates.

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QUARANTINE CAMP.

78. Immigrant coolies to the number of 62,193 passed through the camp during the year. Forty-two died in the station. There were 18 cases of cholera with 13 deaths, and 20 cases of small-pox with two deaths. Forty-two coolies absconded from the camp.

VETERINARY.

79. There was only one outbreak of rinderpest at the Port Swettenham Quarantine Station with only eight cases, all of which recovered.

Foot-and-mouth disease was very prevalent throughout the State. The total number of cases was 2,750 with a mortality of 2 per cent.

The total number of animals imported and dealt with by the Veterinary Department was 38,464 as against 49,996 in 1912. Convictions in 610 cases were obtained for cruelty to animals and breaches of quarantine regulations.

### XXII.-BIRTHS AND DEATHS.

80. The number of births registered was 6,998, giving a birthrate of 21.7 per mille as against 18.9 in 1912 and 16.9 in 1911.

There were 13,312 deaths with a death-rate of 41.4 per mille, an improvement on the rate in 1912, which was 43.6 per mille. The corrected death-rate for Kuala Lumpur town was 35.6 per mille.

The number of estates with a death-rate of 8 per cent. or over fell from 42 in 1911 to 10 in 1913. As in 1912, the highest death-rate was among Indians and the lowest among Europeans.

### XXIII.-METEOROLOGICAL.

81. The highest temperature recorded in the shade was 97° at Kuala Kubu, and the lowest 61° at Klang.

The greatest rainfall registered for the year was at Kuala Kubu, 123.22 inches compared with 129.11 inches in 1912, and the smallest was at Kuala Selangor, 66.79 inches. The greatest rainfall in twentyfour hours was 4.58 inches at Kuala Kubu. October was the wettest month and August the driest.

### XXIV.-SANITARY BOARDS.

82. The following revenue was collected by each of the District Boards :

Kuala Lumpur				 \$605,397
Klang				 62,421
Kuala Langat			·	 3,892
Ulu Langat				 25,391
Kuala Selangor				 7.420
Ulu Selangor		•		 46.236
A total of \$750,737 a	gainst	\$610,6	01 in	

In Kuala Lumpur the revenue collected in 1912 amounted to \$483,605. The increase in this area was mainly on taxation and registration of vehicles which has more than doubled the collections of 1912; general assessment; private water supply; and removal of night-soil.

There was a large decrease of over \$22,000 on electric light, but this is accounted for by the fact that no contribution was credited for street lights as in previous years. The cost of street lighting amounted to \$37,710.

The area of the Sanitary Board, Kuala Lumpur, was extended to include some of the outskirts of the town.

Building plans to the number of 278 were passed during the year.

47.90 miles of metalled roads were maintained at a cost of \$325.39 per mile, and 16.09 miles of gravelled roads at a cost of \$224.62 per mile.

CONSERVANCY.

REGISTRATION OF VEHICLES.

VITAL STATISTICS.

83. The cost of removal of night-soil was \$68,706 against a revenue of \$40,851.

84. There was an increase in almost every type of vehicles registered, the most noticeable being cattle carts and jinrikishas. The total number of motor cars registered was 591.

85. The crude death-rate for Kuala Lumpur town was 56.65 per mille in 1913 and 70.80 in 1912. The corrected death-rate was 35.62 per mille against 37 per mille in 1912.

The principal causes of deaths were fevers (314), dysentery and diarrhœa (283), and pulmonary tuberculosis (219).

The number of deaths of infants under one year of age was 321 per mille compared with 311.43 per mille in 1912.

86. Mr. F. W. Douglas officiated as Chairman until 4th November, 1913, when he was succeeded by Mr. C. F. Green of the Straits Settlements Service.

#### XXV.-MUSEUM.

87. Excellent progress was made in the extension of the Museum building and when completed will provide more than double the existing floor accommodation. An expedition was made to Gunong Mengkuang Lebah and mammal vertebrates new to the collections were obtained. Botanical collections from this mountain, which is the first of any importance made in this interesting mountain, yielded several novelties. The district is reported to be remarkably rich in very beautiful rhododendrons. The recommendations of the committee appointed to advise as to the nature of a small collection of living Malayan animals to form a zoological gardens in Kuala Lumpur were not given effect to owing to the difficulty in selecting a suitable site. An increasing number of scientific men visited the State for purposes of study or to obtain material for research. The total expenditure during the year amounted to \$10,094.

### XXVI.-PUBLIC GARDENS.

## 88. The total expenditure in upkeep amounted to \$9,986.

Additional quarters for coolies and a new summer-house were erected, the plant-house re-roofed and special provision, in the sum of \$2,000, was granted for extension of the plant-house for growing annuals and brightly-coloured plants. Cleaning and clearing the neglected part of the garden have now been completed and a start made with the view of increasing the areas devoted to flowering plants and ornamental shrubs.

The avenue of sugar palms at the Damansara entrance were removed as they were in a dangerous state owing to age.

Experiments were made with the view of depositing the matter in suspension in the lake, but did not prove successful.

The general appearance of the Gardens has been much improved and made more attractive, and the thanks of the community are due to those ladies and gentlemen who have been so good as to give their services on the Committee.

### XXVII.-FIRE BRIGADE.

89. The Brigade consisted of 26 European Volunteers. All appliances were kept in good working order.

There were 17 calls during the year, of which three were false alarms caused by wire contacts.

The most serious fires were at Ampang, where nine shop-houses were burnt out in February and 19 in September, and one in Pudu Road, Kuala Lumpur. The total estimated loss by fire during the year given is \$227,710, and one life.

STAFF.

Drills have been well attended and the monthly competitions have shown that the men are smart and well trained in their duties.

Arrangements are being made for a Fire Brigade at Klang and a fire station is in course of erection.

The conduct of the Brigade has been good and their keenness at Brigade work has been very satisfactory. The cost of upkeep for the year was \$7,282.

### XXVIII.-STATE BAND.

90. The total receipts from all sources amounted to \$14,309 against an expenditure of \$14,766. Donations and subscriptions amounted to \$549 only. Three hundred and three performances were given, of which 68 were private and 235 public performances, including 12 on ceremonial occasions.

On the recommendations of the bandmaster of the Johore State Band, new instruments were supplied, the cost of which was met from special provision from Government.

The strength of the Band was increased by one, making up the total number of performers to 17.

### XXIX.-GENERAL.

91. His Highness the Sultan has continued to enjoy excellent health and has readily interested himself in all subjects which tended to the development of the State.

His Highness the Sultan of Langkat visited Selangor on the 15th August and was a guest of His Highness the Sultan.

Sir Edward Lewis Brockman, Chief Secretary, Federated Malay States, was invested with the Order of Knight Commander of the Most Distinguished Order of St. Michael and St. George in the Council Chamber at Kuala Lumpur on the 17th March.

The King Edward VII Memorial Statue, erected by public subscription in front of the Government Offices, was unveiled on the 16th April.

I regret to have to record the death of the Raja Muda of Selangor, Raja Laut bin Sultan Mahomed, which took place in Kuala Lumpur on the 9th June. He was a member of the State Council and took an intelligent interest in the affairs of State.

To' Mangku Mustapha bin Brahim Sitam, a political pensioner, also died on the 27th January, and Haji Mahomed Salleh bin Mundah Tahir, ex Penghulu of Rawang, on the 9th January at Mecca.

His Highness attended the two meetings of the Federal Council on the 5th July and 25th November, and was present in Kuala Kangsar on the occasion of the investiture of the Sultan of Perak with the Order of the G.C.V.O. on the 25th September.

KUALA LUMPUR, 13th August, 1914.

#### E. BURNSIDE.

Acting British Resident, Selangor.

### APPENDICES.

A. FINANCIAL.

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B. LAND, AGRICULTURE AND MINES.

C. TRADE. [See end of Appendices]

D. COURTS.

- E. HEALTH.
- F. POPULATION.
- G. TEMPERATURE AND RAINFALL.

H. PRISONS.

I. STATISTICAL RETURNS.

# APPENDIX A<sup>1</sup>.

## Account of Cash Receipts and Payments together with Below the Line Accounts for the year 1913.

Heads of Revenue.	Amount.	Heads of Expenditure.	Amount.
	\$ c.		\$ c.
*			
Balance on 1st January, 1913	1,238,189 09	Political Pensions and Com-	
		passionate Allowances	31,798 70
		Personal Emoluments	539,276 93
RECEIPTS.		Other Charges	930,704 91
		Transport	6,269 23
Land Revenue	742,040 00	Exchange	31 71
Customs	4,858,212 04	Federal Charges	12,038,508 01
Licences, Excise and Internal		Miscellaneous Services	90,250 94
Revenue not otherwise		Purchase of Land	364,999 71
Classified	4,103,710 37	Works and Buildings, Annu-	
Fees of Court or Office,		ally Recurrent	120,667 94
Rents Exclusive of Lands,		Roads, Streets and Bridges,	
Payments for Specific		Annually Recurrent ·	798,690 5
Services and Reimburse-		Irrigation & Drainage Works,	
ments-in-Aid	234,297 52	Annually Recurrent	10,641 05
Interest	264,561 75	Works & Buildings, Special	
Federal Receipts	4,516,776 67	Services	962,473 54
Miscellaneous Receipts	8,005 40	Roads, Streets and Bridges,	
Municipal	649,592 76	Special Services	805,559 7
Land Sales	184,198 09	Irrigation & Drainage Works,	
Total Revenue	15,561,394 60	Special Services	25,974 7
Total Revenue	10,001,004 00		
Investments	5,000 00	Total Expenditure	16,725,847 7
Advances	8,366,214 82	1	
Loans	15,264 68	Investments	
Drafts and Remittances	1,459,570 05	Advances	8,336,237 0
Cash in Transit	1,403,686 42	Loans	154,500 0
Deposit	867,428 74	Drafts and Remittances	1,388,849 0
Suspense	4,826,881 53	Cash in Transit	1,248,705 4
-		Deposit	851,209 2
Total Receipts	32,505,440 84	Suspense	4,711,461 5
	1.83	Total Payments	33,416,810 0
		Balance on 31st December, 1913	326,819 8
Total Receipts with Opening Balances	33,743,629 93	Total Payments with Closing Balances	33,743,629 9

SEL.

iii.

# APPENDIX A---(cont.) $A^2$ .

Statement of Assets and Liabilities on 31st December, 1913.

	\$ c.		\$ c.
LIABILITIES-		Assets-	
Deposits	362,080 92	Cash	326,819 87
Drafts and Remittances	91,544 08	Cash in Transit	8,582 37
Surplus	29,998,067 57	Advances	15,545,470 32
		Loans	6,417,321 00
		Investments	7,894,218 64
		Suspense	259,280 37
Total	30,451,692 57	Total	30,451,692 57

# A<sup>3</sup>.

Comparative Statement of Actual Revenue for the years 1909 to 1913.

	•	Heads	s of Rev	enue.				Actual Revenue, 1909.	Actual Revenue, 1910.	Actual Revenue, 1911.	Actual Revenue, 1912,	Actual Revenue, 1913.
			Statistics in									
								\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
Land Revenue Customs Licences, Excis Fees of Court of Interest Federal Receipt Miscellaneous I Municipal Land Sales	e, etc. or Office		···· ··· ···	··· ··· ··· ···	···· ··· ··· ···	···· ··· ··· ···	···· ··· ··· ···	$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$	$\begin{array}{cccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	$\begin{array}{rrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrrr$
						Total		8,889,650 85	184,263 57 9,238,845 07	$\begin{array}{c ccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccccc$	355,232 80 	184,198 09  15,561,394 60

A.

## APPENDIX A---(cont).

# $\mathbf{A}^{4}$ .

# Comparative Statement of Expenditure, 1912 and 1913.

Heads of Expenditur	e.					Actual Expenditure, 1912.	Actual Expenditure, 1913.	Increase.	Decrease.
					-	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.	\$ c.
						04 409 00	31,798 70		2,625 10
Political Pensions and Compassionate Allowances						34,423 80 535,719 77	539,276 97	3,557 20	-,0-0 -0
Personal Emoluments						785,301 69	930,704 91	145,403 22	
other Charges					]	6,738 51	6,269 25		$469 \ 26$
ransport						872 12	31 71		840 41
xchange						6,997,599 74	12,038,508 01	5,040,908 27	
ederal Charges						76,369 09	90,250 94	13,881 85	
Iiscellaneous Services			•••			144,146 97	364,999 71	220,852 74	
urchase of Land						108,165 07	120,667 94	12,502 87	
Vorks and Buildings-Annually Recurrent						686,042 00	798,690 53	112,648 53	
coads, Streets and Bridges "						11,245 18	10,641 02		$604 \ 16$
rrigation and Drainage Works ",				••••		537,360 21	962,473 54	425,113 33	
Vorks and Buildings-Special Services						824,504 65	805,559 72		18,944 93
Roads, Streets and Bridges "						8,729 89	25,974 75	17,244 86	
rrigation and Drainage Works—Special Services Special Expenditure		-				2,225 25			2,225 $25$
pecial Experience									
				Total		10,759,443 94	16,725,847 70	5,992,112 87	25,709 11

Net Increase \$5,966,403.76

SEL.

V1.

### APPENDIX B.

# LAND, AGRICULTURAL AND MINES.

# Abstract of Land Revenue collected in 1913.

Di	strict.	2.25	Land Revenue.	Reimburse- ments.	Land Sales.	Total.
			\$	\$	\$	\$
Kuala Lumpur Klang Kuala Langat Ulu Langat Kuala Selangor Ulu Selangor	···· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	    Yotal	$\begin{array}{r} 149,768\\ 114,751\\ 69,149\\ 129,889\\ 168,099\\ 113,825\\ \hline \\ 745,481\\ \end{array}$	$2,495 \\ 1,208 \\ 651 \\ 2,050 \\ 605 \\ 2,851 \\ 9,860$	$\begin{array}{r} 62,609\\ 5,301\\ 7,031\\ 18,971\\ 38,225\\ 52,218\\ \hline \\ 184,355\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 214,872 \\ 121,260 \\ 76,830 \\ 150,910 \\ 206,929 \\ 168,894 \\ \hline 939,695 \end{array}$

## В1.

# Return of Revenue derived from Land for the last five years.

	1909.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.
Land Sales	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
	382,016	482,839	494,380	614,898	745,480
	9,876	11,313	12,931	11,709	9,860
	122,975	184,464	201,526	356,476	184,355
	514,867	678,616	708,837•	983,083	939,695

### B<sup>2</sup>.

Comparative Return showing Revenue collected by the Land Offices during 1912 and 1913, together with the Estimated Revenue for 1913.

	Dist	rict.			Collected, 1912.	Collected, 1913.	Increase.	Decrease.	Estimated, 1913.	Collected, 1913.	Increase.	Decrease
			1	•	\$	\$	\$	\$	Ş	\$	\$	\$
Kuala Langat Ulu Langat Kuala Selangor	  		     	···· ··· ···	$285,306 \\102,420 \\49,271 \\145,136 \\133,538 \\267,412$	$\begin{array}{c} 214,872\\ 121,260\\ 76,831\\ 150,910\\ 206,929\\ 168,894 \end{array}$	18,840 27,560 5,774 73,391	70,434    98,518	$\begin{array}{c} 156,000\\ 107,620\\ 56,875\\ 139,600\\ 183,050\\ 123,550\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 214,872 \\ 121,260 \\ 76,831 \\ 150,910 \\ 206,929 \\ 168,894 \end{array}$	$58,872 \\ 13,640 \\ 19,956 \\ 11,310 \\ 23,879 \\ 45,344$	
ora issembler			Total		983,083	939,696	125,565	168,952	766,695	939,696	173,001	

B<sup>3</sup>.

Comparative Return showing Land and Mining Rents collected by the Land Offices in 1912 and 1913, together with the Estimated Revenue for 1913.

-					Land Rents.			Mining Rents.			Total.		
Dist	rict.			Collected, 1912.	Collected, 1913.	Estimated, 1913.	Collected, 1912.	Collected, 1913.	Estimated, 1913.	Collected, 1912.	Collected, 1913.	Estimated, 1913.	
				\$	\$	.\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$	
Kuala Lumpur Klang Kuala Langat Ulu Langat Kuala Selangor Ulu Selangor	··· ··· ···		···· ··· ···	68,527 89,188 42,401 91,643 109,638 43,940	$\begin{array}{r} 86,221\\ 106,677\\ 52,215\\ 101,602\\ 151,651\\ 60,874\end{array}$	$72,500 \\103,070 \\44,265 \\100,500 \\137,800 \\43,750$	$36,873 \\ 56 \\ \\ 10,647 \\ \\ 28,396$	35,032 31  10,003  30,676	.39,000  9,000 31,000	$\begin{array}{c} 105,\!400\\ 89,\!244\\ 42,\!401\\ 102,\!290\\ 109,\!638\\ 72,\!336\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 121,253\\ 106,708\\ 52,215\\ 111,605\\ 151,651\\ 91,550\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 111,500\\ 103,070\\ 44,265\\ 109,500\\ 137,800\\ 74,750\end{array}$	
		Total		445,337	559,240	501,885	75,972	75,742	79,000	521,309	634,982	580,885	

viii.

### В4.

Comparative Return showing the Registration Work done in the Land Offices during 1912 and 1913 under the Land and Mining Enactments.

• Di	strict.		. 191	2.	1913.		
			No. of Transactions.	Value of Stamps.	No. of Transactions.	Value of Stamps.	
				\$		\$	
Kuala Lumpur Klang			 1,960	5,883.00	2,196	7,533.00	
Kuala Langat		•••	 1,514	5,710.70	1,437	3,471.75	
Ulu Langat			 1,095	2,836.25	1,164	1,814.25	
Kuala Selangor		•••	 1,115	1,986.15	1,311	1,612.05	
Ulu Selangor	•••		 757	1,079.75	605	1,712.00	
oru selangor			 1,492	2,886.00	1,557	5,658.00	
		Total	 7,933	20,381.35	8,270	21,801.05	

### В5.

Comparative Return showing the Registration Work done during 1912 and 1913 under the Registration of Titles Regulation.

	19	912.	1913.		
	No. of Transactions.	Value of Stamps.	No. of Transactions.	Value of Stamps.	
		\$		\$	
	2,777	60,717	2,813	30,291	

### B<sup>6</sup>.

Return showing approximately the Area under Different Cultivation in Selangor during 1913.

	Distr	ict.		1	Padi.	Coconuts.	Coffee.	Gambier.	Rubber.	Pepper.	Sugar.	Tapioca.	Various
					Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.	Acres.
Kuala Lumpur					743	1,150	220		31,725				29,288
Klang					395	9,532	4,916		53,833				
Kuala Langat					205	14,182	4,609 300		$22,994 \\ 45,000$	12 ···	*	*	20,000
lu Langat					<b>2,</b> 803 <b>1,</b> 374	2,000 11.844	300		49,870				
luala Selangor lu Selangor					1,040				5,292				
			Total		6,560	38,708	10,045		208,714				49,288

\* Petty native cultivation only.

### B<sup>7</sup>.

×

- Lands Alienated in 1913 and Total Occupied on the 1st of January, 1914.

		Alienated	in 1913.			In occupation, 1s		5		
District.	Building and	1 I Agricultural.	2 Mining.		3 Building and Agricultural.		4 Mining.		Total of 3 and 4.	
Kuala Lumpur Klang Kuala Langat Ulu Langat Kuala Selangor Ulu Selangor	$\begin{array}{c ccccc} . & 1,156 \\ . & 1,025 \\ . & 743 \\ . & 1,862 \\ . & 597 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c c} Acres. \\ 864 \\ 4,434 \\ 11,521 \\ 9,409 \\ 30,615 \\ 4,351 \end{array}$	No. 404  35  122	Acres. 2,943  389  2,750	No. 9,590 7,402 5,847 5,956 8,907 6,789	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Acres.} \\ 65,828 \\ 114,915 \\ 76,825 \\ 80,945 \\ 95,269 \\ 61,861 \end{array}$	No. 1,589 1  583 1,753	Acres. 31,861 30 8,314 28,713	No. 11,179 7,403 5,847 6,539 8,907 8,542	$\begin{array}{c c} Acres. \\ 97,689 \\ 114,945 \\ 76,825 \\ 89,259 \\ 95,269 \\ 90,574 \end{array}$
Total .	5,697	61,194	561	6,082	44,491	495,643	3,926	68,918	48,417	564,561

### $\mathbf{B}^{\mathbf{8}}$ .

# Return of Land Rents for the last five years.

Land Rents.	1909.	1910.	1911.	1912.	1913.
Town & Agricultural Lands. Permanent Titles Temporary Occupation MINING LANDS.	\$ 235,035 6,986	\$ 303,387 5,878	\$ 328,962 6,499	\$ 419,109 26,228	\$ 530,250 28,931
Mining Leases      Mining Certificates	77,665	80,179	79,304	75,972	75,742
Total	319,686	389,444	414,765	521,309	634,923

В⁰.

# Total Export of Tin for the years 1909 to 1913.

	Yea	ır.	Block tin.	Tin-ore.	Total tin and tin-ore.	Total duty.
1909 1910 1911 1912 1913	···· ··· ···	···· ··· ···	   Pkls. kts. 49,022 21 43,397 01 54,214 61 61,769 45 46,290 80	Pkls. kts. 216,984 84 196,794 80 176,960 10 193,612 54 212,534 62	Pkls. kts. 266,007 05 240,191 81 231,174 71 255,381 99 258,825 42	$  \begin{tabular}{c} $ $ $ $ $ $ $ $ $ $ $ $ $ $ $ $ $ $ $$

### APPENDIX D.

### COURTS.

# Statement of the Estimated and Actual Revenue for the year 1913.

Dis	trict.			Estimated.	Actual.	Increase.	Decrease.
Kuala Lumpur Klang Kuala Langat Ulu Langat Kuala Selangor Ulu Selangor		   Total	···· ··· ··· ···	\$ 42,250 14,800 1,875 8,000 5,200 6,125 78,250	\$ 62,514 19,881 4,317 9,862 8,411 10,093 115,078	$\begin{array}{c} \$ \\ 20,264 \\ -5,081 \\ 2,442 \\ 1,862 \\ 3,211 \\ 3,968 \\ \hline 36,828 \\ \end{array}$	\$

# Statement of Revenue collected in the Criminal Courts during the year 1913.

District.	Magistrates' Courts.	Kathis' Courts.	Penghulus' Courts.	Total.
Kuala Lumpur Klang Kuala Langat Ulu Langat Ulu Selangor Ulu Selangor Total	\$ 35,978 14,021 3,192 7,356 6,434 7,933 74,914	\$ 998 .  18 8 319 1,343	\$ 47 10 18 30 47 1 153	\$ 37,023 14,031 3,210 7,404 6,489 8,253 76,410

# Statement of Revenue collected in the Civil Courts during the year 1913.

District.	Court of Appeal.	Court of a Judicial Commis- sioner.	Magistrates' Courts.	Penghulus' Courts.	Total.
	\$	\$	\$	\$	\$
Kuala LumpurKlangKuala LangatUlu LangatKuala SelangorUlu Selangor	 	···· ··· ···	*25,480 5,322 783 2,406 1,785 1,836	11+538+32551 $$2015$	$\begin{array}{r} 25,491 \\ 5,860 \\ 1,108 \\ 2,457 \\ 1,986 \\ 1,841 \end{array}$
Total			37,612	1,131	38,743

\* Includes stamp used in the Supreme Court. † Nail Kathis' Collections. ‡ \$272 Kathis' Collections. § \$2.04 Kathis' Collections.

	<b>ч</b> .						Pı	rincipa	al Ver	rdicts.						
District.	No. of enquiries held.	Death by sentence of Court.	Accidental.	Suicide.	Murder.	Justifiable homi. cide.	Natural causes.	Unknown causes.	Found drowned.	Culpable homicide not amounting to murder.	By fests.	Misadventure.	Septic poisoning.	Seized by tiger.	Seized of crocodile.	Total.
Kuala Lumpur Klang Kuala Langat Ulu Langat Kuala Selangor Ulu Selangor Total 2	$96 \\ 43 \\ 23 \\ 22 \\ 21 \\ 24 \\ 229$	3    3	50 9 8 14 4 7 92	17 5 2 4 5 2 35	9 7  2 2 3 23	2    2	6 2 2   10	5  2  6 13	1 7 5  2 3 18		1	1 13  8 3 25	1    1	···· ··· ··· ··· 1	··· ·· 5 ··· ·· ·· 5 ··· ·· ·· 5	$     \begin{array}{r}       96 \\       43 \\       22 \\       21 \\       24 \\       \hline       229     \end{array} $

# Return of Enquiries of Deaths for the year 1913.

# Statement of Work performed in the Civil Courts during the year 1913.

District.			urt of peal.	•	Cou Co	rt of : ommis	a Judicial ssioner.		Mag	gistrates	' Courts.	Kathis' Courts.	Penghulus' Courts.	
District.		Appeals.	Total.	Appeals.	Suits.	Bankruptey.	Probate and Administra- tion.	Total.	Appeals.	Suits.	Total.	Number of Suits.	Number of Suits.	Total.
Kuala Lumpur Klang Kuala Langat Ulu Langat Kuala Selangor Ulu Selangor Total	···· ··· ···		···· ··· ···	···· ···· ···	···· ··· ···		  2 15	  2 15	   1 	$2,242 \\950 \\193 \\289* \\494 \\\cdot 337$	$2,242 \\950 \\193 \\289 \\495 \\337$	3  5  1 	$     \begin{array}{r} 17 \\       245 \\       95 \\       92 \\       345 \\       10 \\     \end{array} $	$\begin{array}{c} 2,262 \\ 1,195 \\ 293 \\ 381 \\ 843 \\ 362 \end{array}$
Total							17	17	1	4,505	4,506	9	804	5,336

\* Including 11 administration suits.

# Statement of Work performed in the Criminal Courts during the year 1913.

					Appe					Courts	of a Ju	dicial	N	Iagistrat	es' Cour	ts.	Pengl	hulus' Co	ourts.	Kat	his' Cou	rts.	
		Cor	urt of	Appe	al.	Cour	ts of	a Judi ssione	cial r.														
District.		Upheld	Dismissed.	Returned to Lower Court.	Total.	Upheld.	Dismissed.	Returned to Lower Court.	Total.	Convicted.	Discharged.	Total	Appeal.	Convicted.	Discharged.	Total.	Convicted.	Discharged.	Total.	Convicted.	Discharged.	Total.	Total Suits.
Yuala Lumpur Yang Yuala Langat Jlu Langat Yuala Selangor	···· ··· ···	····	···· ··· ···	  	···· ··· ···	···· ··· ···	···· ··· ···	···· ··· ···	  	  10	···· ··· ··· 9 ···	  19 -	 9  	$7,301 \\ 1,554 \\ 359 \\ 1,141 \\ 1,024 \\ 916$	$1,541 \\752 \\119 \\240 \\391 \\269$	8,842 2,306 487 1,381 1,415 1,185		$     \begin{array}{c}       10 \\       \\       4 \\       1 \\       9 \\       5     \end{array} $	$     \begin{array}{c}       16 \\       7 \\       9 \\       7 \\       30 \\       5     \end{array} $	$\begin{array}{c} \\ \\ 14 \\ 16 \\ 3 \end{array}$	$3 \\ \\ 1 \\ 8 \\ \\ 2$	$3 \\ 1 \\ 22 \\ 16 \\ 5$	8,861 2,313 497 1,410 1,480 1,195
Iu Selangor Total										10	9	19	9	12,295	3,312	15,616	45	29	74	33	14	47	15,756

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xiv.

# APPENDIX "E.

### HEALTH.

# Annual Return of Hospitals, Selangor, for the year ending 31st December, 1913.

		8.5	ing.			Discha	rges, De	aths, etc		at the e year	leaths d.	No. of		
Hospitals.		Remained from previous year.	Admitted during the year 1913.	Total treated.	Discharged.	Transferred.	Absconded.	Died.	Total.	Remaining at close of the y 1913.	Percentage of deaths to total treated.	Daily average 1 patients.	No. of Beds.	Remarks.
European Hospital, Kuala Lun General ", ", Gaol ", ", Lunatic Asylum ", District Hospital ", Leper ", "," Infectious Diseases Hospital ", Vagrant Ward ", "," Malay Hospital ", "," District Hospital, Sungei Besi ", Klang ", Kuala Langat ", Kuala Selangor ", Kuala Selangor ", Kuala Selangor ", Kuala Kubu ", Serendah ", Rawang	npur  	$ \begin{array}{c} 18\\172\\18\\71\\690\\260\\\\7\\110\\\\24\\213\\32\\119\\58\\113\\126\\47\\2,073\end{array} $	289 6,861 342 214 7,458 86 11 375 15 92 798 4,372 314 2,089 758 2,970 1,853 1,203 30,100	307 7,033 355 285 8,148 346 11 382 125 92 822 4,585 346 2,208 816 3,083 1,979 1,250 32,173	$\begin{array}{r} 287\\ 6,053\\ 330\\ 111\\ 6,056\\ \cdots\\ 7\\ 324\\ 5\\ 66\\ 591\\ 3,863\\ 304\\ 1,678\\ 681\\ 2,413\\ 1,349\\ 969\\ \hline 25,087\\ \end{array}$	1 35  97  1  6  78 73 3 1 9 26  11 341	257  1470 34  4  264  147 146 251 44 1,421	9 443 12 32 1,023 36 4 20 6 6 6 113 399 16 285 67 339 221 121 3,152	$\begin{array}{r} 297\\ 6,788\\ 342\\ 241\\ 7,549\\ 71\\ 11\\ 350\\ 15\\ 72\\ 784\\ 4,399\\ 323\\ 2,111\\ 758\\ 2,924\\ 1,821\\ 1,145\\ 30,001\\ \end{array}$	10 245 13 44 599 275  32 110 20 38 186 23 97 58 159 158 105 2,172	$\begin{array}{c} 2.93\\ 6.29\\ 3.38\\ 11.22\\ 12.55\\ 10.40\\ 3636\\ 5.23\\ 4.80\\ 6.52\\ 13.74\\ 8.70\\ 4.62\\ 12.90\\ 8.21\\ 10.99\\ 11.16\\ 9.68\\ \end{array}$	13.13248.9728.5071.02 $618.97268.1331.83110.2518.5531.93189.3650.96108.2354.41144.96155.0458.482,182.70$	302	Opened on 28th September, 1913.

XV.

1.2.1		APPENDIX E-	-(ce	mt.)		
Return	of	Vaccination	for	the	year	1913.

				Number va	ccinated.				223		Rest	ilt.		ted.	Percen	tage.
Station.	Europeans.	Eurasians.	Chinese.	Indians.	Javanese.	Malays.	Japanese.	Others.	Total.	Perfect.	Modified.	Failed.	Not seen.	Total vaccina	Perfect.	Failed.
Kuala Lumpur Klang Kuala Langat Ulu Langat Kuala Selangor Ulu Selangor	···· ··· ···	6 22  1  3	$1,902 \\ 391 \\ 221 \\ 107 \\ 44 \\ 921$	163     165     1     22     27     181	 268 230  95 	$376 \\ 387 \\ 254 \\ 296 \\ 440 \\ 322$		$\begin{array}{c} & 6 \\ 12 \\ \cdots \\ & 3 \\ \cdots \\ & 29 \end{array}$	2,453 1,246 706 429 606 1,456	$1,845 \\ 895 \\ 613 \\ 345 \\ 582 \\ 1,047$	$211\\84\\6\\11\\3\\174$	$163 \\ 77 \\ 4 \\ 33 \\ \\ 127$	$234 \\ 190 \\ 83 \\ 40 \\ 21 \\ 108$	$2,453 \\ 1,246 \\ 706 \\ 429 \\ 606 \\ 1,456$	$75.21 \\71.85 \\86.82 \\80.41 \\96.03 \\71.90$	$\begin{array}{c} 6.64 \\ 6.17 \\ 0.56 \\ 7.69 \\ 8.72 \end{array}$
Port Swettenham, Quarantine Station Estates Vaccination			$\begin{array}{c} 6\\ 1\end{array}$	$\substack{62,546\\120}$			 	•	$\substack{62,552\\211}$	41,766 148	$4,429 \\ 18$	$\substack{14,279\\45}$	1,878 	$\begin{array}{r} 62,352\\211\end{array}$	66.98 70.01	$\begin{array}{r} 2.90\\ 21.32\end{array}$
Total	1	32	3,593	63,225	593	2,075		50	69,459	47.241	4,936	14,728	2,554	69,459	68.01	21.20

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XVI.

	APPI	ENDIX	E	(cont.)
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Return of Diseases more commonly treated, with percentage of Deaths, during the last three years.

Disease.	Nt	umber treat	ted.	Nun	nber of deat	hs.	Perce	ntage of d	eaths.
Malarial fever Beri-beri Venereal diseases Phthisis Dysentery A n c h y l o st o - miasis	$1911. \\10,780 \\2,220 \\1,252 \\527 \\1,609 \\519$	1912. 9,910 2,282 1,886 499 1,540 910	$1913. \\10,556 \\2,136 \\2,259 \\484 \\1,455 \\1,218$	1911. 728 307 8 253 515 109	1912.     683     302     26     234     478     145	1913. 799 303 22 240 395 171	1911. 6.75 13.82 .63 48.89 32.00 21.00	1912. 6.88 13.23 1.37 46.89 31.03 15.93	1913. 7.56 14.18 .97 49.58 27.14 14.03

### APPENDIX F.

### POPULATION.

# Return of Births and Deaths Registered in the State of Selangor during the year 1913.

#### BIRTHS.

•	в	Cuala	Lumpu	ır.		Kla	ang.		F	Tuala	Langa	it.		Ulu I	angat	t.	K	uala	Selang	or.	U	lu Sel	angor	•	Tot	al		bond 12.
Nationalities.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Total of the corres- ponding period of 1912.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Total of the corres- ponding period of 1912.	Male.	Female.		Total of the corres- ponding period of 1912.	Male.	Female.	•	Total of the corres- ponding period of 1912.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Total of the corres- ponding period of 1912.	Male.	Female.	Total.	Total of the corres- ponding period of 1912.	Male.	Female.	Grand total.	Total of the correspond- ing period of 1912.
Europeans Eurasians Chinese Indians Javanese Malays Japanese Other Nationalities Total	21 18 512 254 23 277 2  1,107	$     \begin{array}{r}         \hline             21 \\             19 \\             389 \\             220 \\             21 \\             279 \\             2 \\             1 \\           $	$     \begin{array}{r}             42 \\             37 \\             901 \\             474 \\             44 \\           $	38 38 791 327 37 560  9 1,800	$\begin{array}{c} 3\\ 2\\ 112\\ 351\\ 120\\ 225\\ 3\\ \cdots\\ 816 \end{array}$	2 1 75 340 120 181  719	$5 \\ 3 \\ 187 \\ 691 \\ 240 \\ 406 \\ 3 \\ \dots$ 1,535	4 4 123 427 215 439  5 1,217	$     \begin{array}{r}       1 \\             \\            $	$     \begin{array}{r}       2 \\       1 \\       61 \\       162 \\       30 \\       160 \\       2 \\       \dots \\       418     \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{c} 3\\1\\123\\322\\84\\296\\3\\\dots\\832\end{array} $	 3 87 201 86 306  2 685	 2 94 59 29 199  383	2  73 36 32 203  346	$\begin{array}{c} 2\\ 2\\ 167\\ 95\\ 61\\ 402\\\\ 729 \end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{c} 1 \\ \\ 148 \\ 67 \\ 44 \\ 410 \\ \\ 3 \\ 673 \\ \end{array} $	2 1 38 201 33 288  563	 27 185 29 288   529	$\begin{array}{c} 2\\ 1\\ 65\\ 386\\ 62\\ 576\\ \cdots\\ 1,092 \end{array}$	$ \begin{array}{c} 2\\ 2\\ 55\\ 213\\ 60\\ 500\\\\ 2\\ 834 \end{array} $	$ \begin{array}{c} 1 \\ \\ 197 \\ 48 \\ 6 \\ 164 \\ \\ 1 \\ 417 \\ \end{array} $	3	$ \begin{array}{c} 2\\ 1\\ 334\\ 95\\ 9\\ 308\\ 1\\ 1\\ 761 \end{array} $	5  207 81 23 335  6 	$28 \\ 23 \\ 1,015 \\ 1,073 \\ 265 \\ 1,289 \\ 6 \\ 1 \\ 3,700$	$\begin{array}{r}235\\1,255\\5\\1\end{array}$	$56 \\ 45 \\ 1,777 \\ 2,063 \\ 500 \\ 2,544 \\ 11 \\ 2 \\ 6,998$	$50 \\ 47 \\ 1,411 \\ 1,310 \\ 463 \\ 2,550 \\ \\ 2 \\ 5,860 \\ \\ 5,860 \\ $
												DEA	THS															
	$9\\9\\2,905\\1,032\\49\\317\\1\\17$	$2 \\ 6 \\ 450 \\ 371 \\ 19 \\ 189 \\ 4 \\ 3$	$11\\15\\3,355\\1,403\\68\\506\\5\\20$	$\begin{matrix} 7\\21\\3,711\\1,225\\59\\460\\\\13\end{matrix}$	$445$ $1,140$ $81$ $125$ $1$ $14$	$\begin{array}{c} \\ 1 \\ 43 \\ 476 \\ 54 \\ 91 \\ 2 \\ 6 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} & 1 \\ & 488 \\ 1,616 \\ & 135 \\ & 216 \\ & .3 \\ & 20 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c}1\\2\\613\\1,525\\112\\206\\\\2\end{array}$	1 144 254 30 87  1	 28 153 11 64 	$\begin{array}{c} 1 \\ 172 \\ 407 \\ 41 \\ 151 \\ \dots \\ 1 \end{array}$	 166 286 27 153  1	1 436 335 83 185  4	1	$1\\507\\452\\103\\288\\1\\4$	388 120 383  1	$\begin{array}{c} 26\\157\\ \ldots\\ 4 \end{array}$	11 107  1	674 37 264  5	$\begin{array}{c c} 115 & 1, \\ 772 & 16 \\ 242 & \\ \dots & \\ 1 & \\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 342 \\ 263 \\ 14 \\ 174 \\ 1 \\ 2 \\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} \cdots \\ 183 \\ 113 \\ 1 \\ 106 \\ 3 \\ 2 \end{array}$	$376 \\ 15 \\ 280 \\ 4 \\ 4$	285 9 312  3	$13 \\ 10 \\ 5,395 \\ 3,442 \\ 283 \\ 1,045 \\ 3 \\ 42 \\$	$1,486 \\ 116 \\ 660 \\ 10 \\ 12 \\$	4,928 399 1,705 13 54	8 28 6,895 4,481 348 1,756  21
Total	4.339	1.044	5.383	5,496	1,806	673	2,479	2,461	517	256	773	633	1,044	312	1,356	1,606	730	386	1,116	1,146 1,	797	408 2	2,205	2,185	10,233	3,079	13,312	13,52

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DIRTHS: (18.94	,,	,,	1912.
DEATHS: $\begin{cases} 41.3 \\ 43.6 \end{cases}$	"	,,	1913.
DEATHS: 7 43.6	"	.,,	1912.

### APPENDIX G.

Abstract of Thermometrical and Rainfal	Observations taken at six Stations of the State of Selangor during the year 1913.	

			KUALA	LUM1	PUR.		K	LANG.			KUAL	A LANG	АТ. •	].	K	AJANG.		1	KUALA	SELAN	GOR.	1	Kua	LA KU	
			9 a.m.		6 a.m. & 6 p.m.	-	9 a.m.		6 a.m. & 6 p.m.		9 a.m.		6 a.m. & 6 p.m.		9 a.m.		6 a.m. & 6 p.m.		9 a.m.		6 a.m. & 6 p.m.		9 a.m		6 a.m. 8
Month.		The	ermome	eter.	Rainfall.	The	ermome	eter.	Rainfall.	Th	ermome	eter.	Rainfall.	Th	ermom	eter.	Rainfall.	Th	ermom	eter	Rainfall.				6 p.m.
		Maximum.	Minimum.	Range.	Rainfall during the month.	Maximum:	Minimum.	Range.	Rainfall during the month.	Maximum.	Minimum.	Range.	Rainfall during the month.	Maximum.	Minimum.	Range.	Rainfall during the month.	Maximum.	Minimum.	Range.	Rainfall during the month.	Maximum.	ermom .unminim	Range.	Rainfall during the month.
January February March April May June July August September October November December		° 85.1 87.8 89.5 89.1 88.8 88.9 88.5 90.0 89.3 89.4 89.3 88.4	° 73.1 72.6 72.5 73.0 72.4 72.5 73.8 75.5 74.8 77.0 77.2 77.5	$\begin{array}{c} \circ \\ 12.0 \\ 15.2 \\ 17.0 \\ 16.1 \\ 16.4 \\ 14.7 \\ 14.5 \\ 12.4 \\ 12.1 \\ 10.9 \end{array}$	Inches. 10.46 3.72 11.69 11.02 8.10 3.77 2.63 2.95 5.27 5.35 12.79 11.43	86.2 88.1 87.1 88.6 87.5 88.2 88.0 87.2 87.1 86.6 85.0 86.0	$\begin{array}{c} \circ \\ 66.2 \\ 64.7 \\ 64.4 \\ 64.1 \\ 71.1 \\ 73.5 \\ 73.5 \\ 73.0 \\ 73.3 \\ 73.2 \\ 72.3 \\ 72.0 \\ \end{array}$	$ \overset{\circ}{20.0} \\ 23.4 \\ 22.7 \\ 24.5 \\ 16.4 \\ 14.7 \\ 14.5 \\ 14.2 \\ 13.8 \\ 13.4 \\ 12.7 \\ 14.0 \\ \end{array} $	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Inches.} \\ 8.28 \\ 8.01 \\ 7.16 \\ 5.43 \\ 4.88 \\ 5.96 \\ 4.32 \\ 4.34 \\ 6.65 \\ 9.84 \\ 14.36 \\ 10.69 \end{array}$	° 86.8 88.6 88.1 88.1 87.7 87.1 89.3  87.4 87.4 87.1 87.8	$ \overset{\circ}{68.9} \\ \begin{array}{c} 69.3 \\ 69.9 \\ 69.8 \\ 71.9 \\ 72.9 \\ 74.2 \\ 73.2 \\ 73.4 \\ 73.2 \\ 73.0 \end{array} $	$ \overset{\circ}{17.9} \\ 19.5 \\ 18.7 \\ 18.3 \\ 16.2 \\ 14.8 \\ 12.9 \\ 16.1 \\ \dots \\ 14.0 \\ 13.9 \\ 14.8 \\ \end{array} $	$\begin{array}{c} \text{Inches.} \\ 8.17 \\ 3.54 \\ 5.14 \\ 5.29 \\ 2.95 \\ 7.48 \\ 4.55 \\ 4.67 \\ 7.69 \\ 9.89 \\ 10.47 \\ 9.74 \end{array}$		$  \   \stackrel{\circ}{} \   \begin{array}{c} 74.0 \\ 74.7 \\ 74.9 \\ 75.6 \\ 76.0 \\ 75.8 \\ 75.8 \\ 75.4 \\ 75.3 \\ 75.5 \\ 74.9 \\ 74.6 \\ 74.5 \\ \end{array} $	$\begin{array}{c} & \circ \\ 10.8 \\ 12.6 \\ 11.1 \\ 10.7 \\ 10.0 \\ 10.5 \\ 11.3 \\ 11.6 \\ 10.4 \\ 10.4 \\ 9.8 \\ 10.2 \end{array}$	$\begin{matrix} \text{Inches.} & 6.86 \\ 1.47 \\ 10.85 \\ 12.33 \\ 8.55 \\ 8.55 \\ 5.45 \\ 4.00 \\ 12.06 \\ 7.88 \\ 13.54 \\ 7.69 \end{matrix}$	88.4 89.2 88.4 87.8 88.7 88.2 87.6 87.9 88.2 87.9 88.2 87.9 86.7 88.4	$\begin{array}{c} \circ\\ 68.7\\ 69.1\\ 69.3\\ 69.5\\ 70.3\\ 70.0\\ 70.2\\ 72.4\\ 74.4\\ 74.5\\ 75.4 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & \\ & $	$\begin{array}{c} \neg \\ \hline \\ \text{Inches.} \\ 4.69 \\ 5.71 \\ 4.03 \\ 6.30 \\ 1.91 \\ 6.35 \\ 6.26 \\ 0.22 \\ 4.09 \\ 6.21 \\ 9.98 \\ 11.04 \end{array}$	° 91.1 91.8 91.1 91.2 91.1 91.3 91.9 91.2 90.3 89.2 88.8 89.2	。 70.7 71.6 70.8	$\begin{array}{c c} & \underline{\mu} \\ & & \\ $	$\begin{array}{c} \varkappa\\ \hline \varkappa\\ \hline \\ Inches.\\ 8.18\\ 1.16\\ 12.29\\ 16.19\\ 13.87\\ 8.42\\ 3.56\\ 6.13\\ 8.90\\ 20.92\\ 12.36\\ 11.29\end{array}$
Mean		88.6	74.3	14.3		87.1	70.1	17.0		87.9	71.8	16.1		85.9	75.1	10.8	·	88.1	71.1	17.0		90.6	71.3	19.3	
Total Rainfall Average Mont Rainfall			7	0.18 7.43				.92 .49				.58 .63				.23				.79 .56			123 10.		
Mean Temperat	ure		8	1.4	-		7	8.6			7	9.8			8	0.5			7	9.6				).9	

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### APPENDIX G-(cont.)

### TEMPERATURE AND RAINFALL.

# Abstract of Mean Meteorological Readings of the Kuala Lumpur Observatory for the last ten years from 1904 to 1913.

				Tempe	rature	of Air.			Tei	mperatu	are of Ra	adiation	ı	Tempe	erature o	f Evapor	ation.		ature.	ture.	l in 24
		9 a.m.	3 р.т.	9 p.m.	Mean.	Maximum.	Minimum.	Range.	Sun.	Difference sun and shade.	Grass.	Difference sun and radiation.	Suu in vacuum.	9 a.m.	3 p.m.	9 р.т.	Mean.	Rainfall.	Highest temperature	Lowest temperature.	Greatest rainfal hours.
1904 1905 1906 1907 1908 1909 1910 1911 1912 1913	 	 79.5 80.4 80.6 80.2 80.4 80.8 80.2 80.9 80.9 80.9 81.2	84.2 84.6 85.1 85.1 85.2 85.4 84.1 84.2 83.7 83.2	75.9 75.8 75.7 75.6 75.6 75.6 75.6 76.1 78.0 78.7 80.1 78.9	79.8 80.3 80.4 80.3 80.4 80.7 80.7 80.7 81.2 81.5 81.1	89.9 90.2 90.1 89.7 89.0 88.6	$\begin{array}{c} 69.7\\ 71.1\\ 71.7\\ 71.1\\ 71.7\\ 71.9\\ 72.2\\ 74.2\\ 72.8\\ 74.3\end{array}$	$19.7 \\18.8 \\18.5 \\19.0 \\18.0 \\17.1 \\16.4 \\15.2 \\16.8 \\14.3$	$\begin{array}{c} 146.4\\ 148.7\\ 148.5\\ 146.4\\ 145.5\\ 145.6\\ 146.9\\ 146.3\\ 145.1\\ 143.6\end{array}$	57.0 58.8 56.3 55.8 56.6 58.3 56.6 58.3 56.9 55.5 55.0	$\begin{array}{c} 120.4\\ 120.0\\ 120.7\\ 119.6\\ 118.6\\ 117.1\\ 116.9\\ 116.6\\ 120.8\\ 121.7\\ \end{array}$	26.0 28.7 27.8 26.8 26.9 28.5 30.0 29.7 24.3 21.9	$\begin{array}{c} 146.4\\ 148.7\\ 148.5\\ 146.4\\ 145.5\\ 145.6\\ 146.9\\ 146.3\\ 145.1\\ 143.6\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 0.813\\ 0.819\\ 0.830\\ 0.818\\ 0.814\\ 0.820\\ 0.800\\ 0.787\\ 0.824\\ 0.853\end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 0.837 \\ 0.839 \\ 0.831 \end{array}$	0.822 0.822 0.824 0.822 0.822 0.824 0.817 0.821 0.833 0.849	$\begin{array}{c} 0.823\\ 0.826\\ 0.833\\ 0.825\\ 0.825\\ 0.828\\ 0.812\\ 0.803\\ 0.838\\ 0.867\\ \end{array}$	$108.01 \\98.96 \\86.74 \\93.77 \\89.29 \\84.35 \\68.63 \\93.79 \\92.83 \\89.18$	94.0 94.0 94.0 95.0 94.0 94.0 94.0 95.0 95.0 95.0 96.0	$\begin{array}{c} 66.0\\ 66.0\\ 68.0\\ 68.0\\ 67.0\\ 66.0\\ 67.0\\ 62.0\\ 64.0\\ 61.0\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 4.25\\ 2.75\\ 3.60\\ 3.65\\ 5.20\\ 3.15\\ 2.24\\ 4.12\\ 3.60\\ 3.10\end{array}$

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### APPENDIX H.

#### PRISONS.

# Return showing Admissions and Discharges during the year 1913.

	*					Kuala Lumpur.	Kuala Kubu, Seren- dah & Rawang.	Ulu Langat.	Klang.	Kuala Selangor.	Kuala Langat.	Other States.	Total.
Remaining Admitted d	on 1s uring	t Janua the yea	ry, 1913 r 1913	3 	 	413 2,264	$\begin{vmatrix} 5\\119\end{vmatrix}$	$1 \\ 188$	$\begin{vmatrix} 3\\497 \end{vmatrix}$	$2 \\ 242$	1 157	58	425 3,525
•			196.3	Total	:	2,677	124	189	500	244	158	58	3,950
Discharged Transferred Escaped Died		 	 	 	 	3,275 74 1	2	6 	45	120 	85		3,533 74 1
Executed	 	 		 	···· ···	15 3							15 3
				Total		3,368	2	6	45	120	• 85	,	3,626
Remaining o	on 31s	st Decen	nber, 19	13		319	3		2				324

### APPENDIX I.

		Expendi-	Trac	le.	dLand	Tin Duty.	Posts and Telegraphs.	Railway Receipts.	Census.
Year.	. Revenue.	ture.	Imports.	Exports.	Revenue.				
Year. 1885 1886 1887 1888 1889 1890 1891 1892 1893 1894 1895 1896 1897 1898 1899 1900 1901 1902	Revenue. \$ 566,411 689,401 1,153,896 1,417,998 1,828,427 1,888,928 1,825,585 2,135,448 2,765,351 3,334,468 3,805,211 3,756,936 3,688,390 3,862,439 6,692,330 6,303,165 6,544,796 7,978,736		$\begin{tabular}{ c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c c$	\$ 2,544,947 3,741,642 5,901,785 6,779,357 7,764,007 6,467,564 6,560,324 8,060,416 10,271,808 12,925,602 13,955,803 12,006,108 12,246,638 13,779,941 20,894,185 21,798,444 24,520,625 25,025,613	$\begin{array}{c} \$\\ 16,001\\ 21,575\\ 46,626\\ 50,214\\ 43,271\\ 33,155\\ 41,674\\ 81,975\ a\\ 104,521\\ 122,697\\ 142,092\\ 134,313\\ 179,351\\ 203,564\\ 206,493\\ 255,899\\ 286,404\\ 268,080\\ \end{array}$	\$ 255,254 302,530 450,365 526,742 750,634 672,667 672,633 828,326 1,082,004 1,402,174 1,520,927 1,377,325 1,157,622 1,347,258 2,481,701 2,695,828 2,706,949 3,019,647	\$ 528 1,109 3,484 7,638 13,333 12,678 15,300 18,920 37,765 40,469 43,655 76,182 73,312 89,002 60,732 60,732 67,938 70,013 97,444 100,877	\$ 9,726 141,570 289,594 276,234 317,268 315,551 381,199 521,386 660,794 770,074 750,519 675,545 733,908 854,326 1,072,379 1,167,770 1,360,131	97,106 b 81,592 b 160,000 c 168,789
1902 1903 1904 1905 1906 1907 1908 1909 1910 1911 1912 1913	$\begin{array}{c} 8,457,622\\ 8,241,766\\ 8,857,793\\ 9,803,184\\ 10,514,654\\ 8,538,550\\ 8,889,651\\ 9,238,845\\ 12,330,045\\ 14,848,357\end{array}$	5,849,070 6,922,143 7,186,146 6,414,257 7,026,914 9,222,072 8,184,347 7,831,805 8,715,718 10,759,444 16,725,848	$\begin{array}{c} 21,056,267\\ 21,351,679\\ 24,643,619\\ 23,598,469\\ 25,703,523\\ 23,336,956\\ 19,893,057\\ 24,315,540\\ 30,196,834\\ 36,144,051\\ 42,390,846 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 27,960,054\\ 27,827,920\\ 26,683,316\\ 26,963,358\\ 29,281,438\\ 23,035,591\\ 29,631,902\\ 46,732,136\\ 47,433,952\\ 61,902,362\\ 56,897,277\\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 277,107\\ 320,806\\ 332,017\\ 537,517\\ 593,134\\ 524,193\\ 504,991\\ 659,705\\ 695,906\\ 971,374\\ 939,695\end{array}$	3,364,300 3,138,649 3,195,318 3,357,033 3,225,231 2,443,673 2,367,036 2,388,770 2,822,867 3,513,142 3,403,015	100,877 120,127 e e e e e e e	e e e e e e	294,035

Financial and Statistical Returns for the years 1885 to 1913.

a Introduction of Land Code. b Not regarded as accurate. c Estimated population.

d Includes Land Sales. e Credited to Federal account.

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## COMPARATIVE RETURN OF IMPORTS INTO THE STATE OF SELANGOR DURING THE YEARS 1913 AND 1912.

Articles.	How Counted.	Sing	apore.	Pen	ang.	Mala	acca.	United F	Kingdom.	British Pe	ossessions.		Foreign tries.	Total	, 1913.	Total	, 1912.
	Cou	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.
A.—Live Animals, Food, Drink and Narcotics.			\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	\$	\$
Animals—         Cattle          Goats          Horses and ponies          Poultry          Sheep          Swine          Other animals          Birds          Birds          Birds          Birds          Bachan          Butter and cheese          Chocolate and cocoa          Coffee           Confectionery           Drugs and chemicals	Nos. " Dozs. Nos. " Pikuls " Pikuls " Pikuls " Pikuls " 	$\begin{array}{c} 1,237\\739\\73\\6,049\\5,147\\20,329\\10\\12\\\cdots\\36\\\cdots\\11\\2\\\cdots\\146\\\cdots\\146\\\cdots\\\cdots\\\ldots\\\cdots\\\ldots\\\ldots\\\cdots\\\ldots\\\ldots\\\ldots\\\ldots\\\ldots\\\ldots\\\ldots\\\ldots\\\ldots\\\ldots\\\ldots\\\ldots\\$	$\begin{array}{r} 95,137\\ 9,292\\ 24,210\\ 43,208\\ 58,678\\ 591,984\\ 335\\ 364\\ 95\\ 168\\ 182\\ 13,985\\ 21,900\\ 60\\\\ 4,757\\ 13,955\\ 13,974\\ 25,835\\ 37,345\\ \end{array}$	975 3,315 45 40,366 1,548    9  9  6 4  6 4 	57,180 $36,918$ $12,611$ $279,570$ $18,318$ $1,637$ $92$ $512$ $13,291$ $233$ $4,138$ $114,715$ $7,125$ $225,362$	 20  324   12    	,       	         	$\begin{array}{c} & \dots & \\ & & & \\$	703 100  727  1    	95,770 1,083  7,578  25  6,180 24,040  6,180 24,040  6,180 24,040  6,180 24,040 	5,590  35  382      	280,281  269  7,580    3,272  33  175  86,752 150	$\begin{array}{c} 8,505\\ 4,154\\ 118\\ 46,470\frac{3}{4}\\ 7,422\\ 21,035\\ 17\\ 12\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\\$	$528,368 \\ 47,293 \\ 36,821 \\ 323,245 \\ 84,574 \\ 608,888 \\ 1,074 \\ 364 \\ 1,732 \\ 168 \\ 338 \\ 143,271 \\ 64,446 \\ 60 \\ 170 \\ 4,990 \\ 30,824 \\ 133,354 \\ 270,483 \\ 262,857 \\ \end{cases}$	$\begin{array}{c} 10,603\\ 2,592\\ 97\\ 50,906\frac{1}{2}\\ 5,787\\ 28,606\\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\$	$\begin{array}{c} 631,325\\ 28,066\\ 30,985\\ 318,007\\ 62,851\\ 785,886\\ 284\\ 700\\ 157\\ 1,067\\ 99,700\\ 52,256\\ 25\\ 557\\ 9,519\\ 16,983\\ 113,308\\ 153,429\\ 225,409 \end{array}$
Fish—         Dried and salted	Pikuls "  Pikuls	$24,834\frac{1}{2}$ 13  5	382,922 857 19,492 340	$2,956\frac{1}{2}\\18\frac{3}{10}\\\\60\frac{7}{10}$	69,183 2,350 7,766 7,527	89  	481  48 	 	  	  	   220	2,726  	29,061  	$30,606 \\ 31\frac{3}{10} \\ \\ 65\frac{7}{10}$	$\begin{array}{r} 481,647\\ 3,207\\ 27,526\\ 7,867\end{array}$	$33,408rac{1}{4}$ $23rac{1}{4}$  $64rac{3}{20}$	481,600 1,489 17,366 6,837
Dried and preserved Fresh Ghee Grains, etc.—	 Pikuls	${391\frac{1}{4}}$	$65,182 \\ 95,771 \\ 20,643$	 2,372	$\begin{array}{r} 4,527 \\ 4,354 \\ 121,338 \end{array}$	 	269 742 	  	291  	  1894	393 120 9,710	  5	1,380 25 280	 $2,957\frac{1}{2}$	72,042 101,012 151,971	 • 2,510 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>3</sub>	53,474 134,903 124,759
Beans and peas           Bran           Crushed food           Dholl           Gram           Other sorts           Padi           "flour           "flour           Malt liquer—	" " " " " Pikuls " " "	$\begin{array}{r} 44,732\\ 204,551\\ 106\\ 564\\ 298\\\\ 17,041\\ 806,473\\\\ 49,512\\ 4,541\frac{1}{2} \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 229,755\\ 415,454\\ 478\\ 3,246\\ 1,355\\ 14,505\\ 51,100\\ 4,873,819\\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ \\ $	$10,683 \\ 11,808 \\ 614 \\ 15,403 \\ 5,592 \\ \\ 4,018 \\ 598,075 \\ 17 \\ 5,301 \\ 106\frac{1}{2} \\ \end{array}$	$54,343\\24,484\\2,710\\85,527\\29,280\\3,703\\12,455\\3,246,685\\99\\31,840\\2,319$	12      	60     2,863'  	     2 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	     50	$121 \\ 851 \\ 3,057 \\ 322 \\ 160 \\ \cdots \\ 18,781 \\ \cdots \\ 20,514 \\ \cdots$	$\begin{array}{c} 603\\ 1,758\\ 14,098\\ 1,962\\ 1,027\\ 10,120\\ \dots\\ 125,381\\ \dots\\ 123,563\\ \dots\end{array}$	      	      	$55,548 \\ 217,210 \\ 3,777 \\ 16,289 \\ 6,050 \\ \dots \\ 21,282 \\ 1,429,141 \\ 17 \\ 75,327 \\ 4,650\frac{1}{2} \\ \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 284,761\\ 441,696\\ 17,286\\ 90,735\\ 31,662\\ 29,180\\ \bullet 64,239\\ 8,283,648\\ 99\\ 440,002\\ 93,184 \end{array}$	$57,033 \\ 173,203 \\ 2,434 \\ 12,580 \\ 7,268 \\ \\ 23,441 \\ 1,320,563 \\ 171 \\ 60,803 \\ 4,744 \\ \end{cases}$	$\begin{array}{c} 291,967\\ 374,075\\ 11,094\\ 68,830\\ 39,403\\ 20,458\\ 72,198\\ 8,241,461\\ 775\\ 356,687\\ 94,284\\ \end{array}$
Beer and ale Porter and stout Medicines Milk, condensed	Dozs.	$\begin{array}{c} 16,473 \\ 18,515 \\ \dots \\ 31,398 \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{c} 31,286\\ 31,388\\ 228,788\\ 292,655\end{array}$	18,615 18,708  3,877	$\begin{array}{c} 28,943 \\ 34,685 \\ 5,428 \\ 28,671 \end{array}$	32  	56  	103,700 246,026  315	$\begin{array}{c} 174,871 \\ 433,617 \\ 84,644 \\ 2,094 \end{array} \right]$	  5	 1,200 25	81,854  47,611	128,270 10,112 355,187	220,674 283,249  83,206	363,426 499,690 330,172 678,632	$181,713 \\ 143,301 \\ \\ 44,722$	326,336 251,340 236,402 407,635

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#### IMPORTS-(cont.)

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						and the second			- in the									
	v ted.	Singa	pore.	Pena	ing.	Mala	cca.	United K	ingdom.	British Po	ossessions.	Other I Count		Total,	1913.	Total,	1912. 🥥	•
Articles.	How Counted.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	.Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	• • •
ALIVE ANIMALS, FOOD, DRINK			\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	-	\$		\$		\$	
AND NARCOTICS-(cont.) Mineral and ærated waters			7,410 210,095		$577 \\ 20,869$				765 76,097	 	2,601		$13,536 \\ 18,433$	 	22,288 328,095		$16,421 \\ 302,301$	
Oilman's stores Onions and garlic Opium—	Pikuls	17,030	81,748	13,812	84,367	4	24			812	4,882			31,658	171,021	33,457	193,597	
Benares Patna	Chests											1.2.1						
Persian Prepared (chandu) Turkish	Taels Chests	1,054,724	1,010,390											1,054,724	1,010,390	1,283,339	1,497,268	• •
Provisions— Fresh and salted Hams and bacon			$343,521 \\ 6,917$		77,230 5,980		169 		$40,224 \\ 11,385$		13,467 		3,426 	 	478,037 24,282	 	701,157 13,248	
Sago- Flour Pearl	Pikuls	$1,137 \\ 5\frac{1}{2}$	5,212 50	186 19	1,070 113	3	20				 		·	$1,326 \\ 24\frac{1}{2}$	6,302 163	$\begin{array}{c} 846 \\ \textcircled{3} 5 \end{array}$	4,351 42	
Raw	" "	27,837 351	$26,374 \\ 351$	28,115 4	$27,971 \\ 12$								$\begin{array}{c} 360 \\ 15 \end{array}$	$56,552$ $41\frac{1}{4}$	54,705 378	57,237 $26$	52,805 220	
Seeds, coriander Spices—	"" "	$130\frac{1}{2}$	836	$2,063\frac{1}{2}$	13,070		•••			125	808			2,319	14,714	2,965 352	23,200 2,189	(B)
Arecanuts Cardamoms	, ,, ,,	$ \begin{array}{r} 586 \\ \frac{3}{4} \\ 10 \end{array} $	2,806 160 161	$\begin{array}{c} 270 \\ 2 \\ 2\frac{1}{4} \end{array}$	1,743 $51$ $47$		••• •••					2	10 	$\begin{array}{r} 858 \\ 2rac{3}{4} \\ 12rac{1}{4} \end{array}$	4,559 211 208	352 2 11	350 • 165	)
Cinnamon Ginger Mace	); ); );	729	3,181	724	505	1,456	4,417							2,257	8,103	3,378	14,311	
Nutmegs Pepper, black	1) 1) 19	$\begin{array}{c} 4\\ 84\frac{1}{2} \end{array}$	66 2,664	$\frac{1}{392\frac{1}{4}}$	$\begin{array}{c}15\\9,405\end{array}$		 							$\begin{array}{c}5\\476\frac{3}{4}\end{array}$	81 12,069	$\frac{1}{396}$	9,709	• •
,, long ,, white Other sorts	" "	85	2,592 208	2	$\begin{array}{c} 76\\1,182\end{array}$					 				87 	2,668 1,390	$92\frac{3}{4}$	2,829 5,037	• •
Spirits- Arrack and samsoo	Gallons Dozs.	$86,065 \\ 10,664$	122,771 103,103	$7,564 \\ 5,555$	$11,722 \\ 64,952$			6.704	 109,014	45,537	75,278	$13,438 \\ 2,149$	$16,595 \\ 32,116$	$152,\!604$ $25,\!072$	226,366 309,185	123,492 20,107	164.833 <b>2</b> 21,803	*
Brandy   <	Cases	1,091	7,517 6,546	471	2,155 3,437			2,388	15,835 18,183			4,655	26,030 8,686	8,605	51,537 36,852	17,987	83,845 25,475	•
Rum Whisky	Dozs.	$\substack{4\\1,899}$	$\begin{array}{c}12\\23,741\end{array}$	125	 1,124	• •••	·	 21,048	 187,390	5	85	5	60	4 23,082	$12 \\ 212,400$	5 17,805	$\begin{smallmatrix}&15\\162,119\end{smallmatrix}$	•
Sugar- Jaggery Molasses	Pikuls	 925	 6,724	16 4	115					3	30			$3 \\ 941 \frac{4}{10}$	30 6,839	39 $1,007\frac{1}{2}$	347 7,097	
Sugar ,, candy	" "	$\begin{array}{r} 81,\!061 \\ 804 \tfrac{1}{2} \end{array}$	$\begin{array}{r} 498,728 \\ 6,494 \end{array}$	1,492 $182\frac{1}{2}$	$10,163 \\ 1,937$	6 	50 	 	 	6	60	••• •••		82,559 993	508,941 8,491	72,915 1,260	454,194 • 11,116	
" cane Tapioca— Flake	"																	
Flour Pearl	)) ))	2,118 	9,077	$\begin{array}{c} 42\\ 42\end{array}$	213 229	 	·						  160	$\begin{array}{c}2,160\\42\end{array}$	9,290 229 367	$2,345\frac{1}{2}$ $3\frac{1}{2}$	$11,830 \\ 27 \\ 202$	
Refuse   <	Pikuls	6,298	84 191,562	 1,140 <del>3</del>	123 47,365		···· ····		 	533	29,652	1	160 60	7,9723	268,639	 8,373	265,336	
Cigars and Cigarattes			447,831		81,169		8	· ·	443,270	·	42,719	· ·	6,800	ا <sub>س</sub> ا	1,021,797		758,368	

Tobacco	. Pikuls	1 12,722	324,312	3,9571	94,391	21	460	6061	69,496	2,588	EOCAE		100					
Vegetables- Fresh			84,296	1	10,921		A CONTRACT		00,100	2,000	58,645	5	136	19,8991	547,440	$21,162\frac{1}{2}$	582,224	
Preserved			222,992		59,331		35 92				2,706		60 91		95,312		114,711	
Champagne	. Dozs.	296	13,506	41	200		1.1.1.1.1	241			-,,				285,212		244,879	
Claret Still of sorts	. "	288	2,670	25	191			241 344	9,804 3,841			196 385	7,740 3,777	$737\frac{1}{2}$ 1,042	$31,250 \\ 10,479$	7011	26,965	
Sparkling of sorts			6,530 163		61				8,292 360				4,188		19,071	.829	7,405 15,388	
Port Sherry		534	6,540	8	111			3,075	36,207			74	180 959	3,691	703 43,817		200	:
		262	3,740	12	212			713	9,784					987	13,736	1,621 710	19,263 8,041	
Total Value of Class A	•		11,883,595		5,214,324		20,066		2,020,856		663,730		1,082,092	···· ···	20,884,663		20,169,164	
BRaw Materials.																	20,100,104	
(a) Textile—								1								· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		
Cotton Silk	. Pikuls	$1,311\frac{2}{10}$	14,026	85	842							1	10	$1,397\frac{2}{10}$	14,878	1 909	10.050	
Other sorts	1				17 - S. C.								10	1,007 10	14,070	1,208	12,878	
Value of Sub-class (a)			14,026													1	in the second	
(b) Metal—					842								10		14,878		≤ 12,878	
Copper	Cwts.										Sec.						0 v	
Iron, pig		4,355	9,598					18,580	39,913			20	35	22,955	49,546	0 1 0 0	15 000	
Lead, pig		· 80						387	 3,800							8,130 55	$17,308 \\ 156$	1
Quicksilver Tin														467	4,549	299	2,445	
Tin-ore	Pikuls		10													422	867     43,880	
Wolfram		$1,171\frac{2}{10}$	52,270	$60\frac{3}{10}$	2,773					$6,177_{\frac{9}{10}}$	281,276	··· ···		$7,402\frac{2}{10}$	$\begin{array}{c}10\\336,319\end{array}$	4 601 1	9	-
																$4,681\frac{1}{10}$	$216,289 \\ 743$	<i>C</i> )
Value of Sub-class (b)			62,627		2,773		S		43,713		281,276		35		390,424		\$ 281,697	
(c) Other— Ataps					1.24				1.1.1.1.1.1									
Bark, mangrove	Pikuls		118	270	373		472						4,666		5,256		7,215	
Bees' wax Birds' feathers	"	231	4,701					${4\frac{1}{2}}$	272	4	96	1,241	609	1,511 $239\frac{1}{2}$	$ \begin{array}{c} 982 \\ 5,069 \end{array} $	1,143	527	
Canes and sticks			21		102							·		209 <u>2</u>	102	$272\frac{1}{2}$	6,360 168	
Coal	Tons	759	12,885	$8,156\frac{1}{2}$	104,796			$1,337\frac{1}{4}$	40,468		····		20	$10,252\frac{3}{4}$	$\begin{array}{c} 56\\158,149\end{array}$		762	•
Gambier	Pikuls	$154\frac{1}{4}$	1,337	 30 <u>3</u>	423		 100									9,433 7	146, <b>0</b> 05 100	
Gums, dyes and resins-							100		*					194	1,860	$267\frac{1}{2}$	2,779	
Borneo rubber	Pikuls	1043	- 4,469	56	2,503									$160\frac{3}{4}$	6,972	$172\frac{3}{4}$	7,438	
Camphor	"	$3\frac{1}{4}$	170	191	1,602			12	48					23	1,820			• • •
Damar	"	124		 390	2,478			•								16 1	$1,154 \\ 20$	
,, torches Gutta graip			7,663		2,006							É		514	3,152 9,669	663	4,316	
" percha	Pikuls	1		1997					-			2			0,009		9,830	1.1
" inferior	,,			and the second							1.52.5		, and they					
Resin	Tons Pikuls					190.20	468,779					65.17	152,378	255.37	621,157	143.10	541,995	
Safflower	"															5	99	-
Hides, raw	Pikuls		474		20										494		30	
Ivory	"															1	42.	
Goats' skins		.	380	•	975					· ]				1. 1. 1.		1	10	
and the second second							and the second		Production in the			1		1	1,355	'	3,490	1.1

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## IMPORTS—(cont.)

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· · · ·	•	Singap	ore.	Pena	ng.	Malao	cca.	United K	ingdom.	British Po	ssessions.		Foreign tries.	Total, I	1913.	Total,	1912.	12
Articles.	How Counted.	Quantity.		Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	1. 4
											\$		s		\$		\$	1.
			\$		\$		\$		\$		, i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i i	1. sec. 4.			1.1	112.1	•	
BRAW MATERIALS-(cont.)												and the second			1.2.13	1.11		- 1
(c) Other—(cont.)													1. 1. 1.			•		10
Manure— Bones	Pikuls			535	3,025									$\begin{array}{c} 535\\ 13,752\end{array}$	3,025 102,526	$378 \\ 16,469$	$1,030 \\ 124,674$	
Guano Nuts, ground	»» »»	13,046	97,767	706	4,759							499,695	327,528	499,695	327,528	344,389	273,124	· · ·
Oils— Benzine	Gallons		69		•						 1,045			 596 <u>1</u>	$\begin{array}{c} 69\\ 9,598\end{array}$	$733\frac{1}{2}$	48 11,714	1.1
Cajeput Castor	Cases		616 9,293	364 3,546	6,207 73,408	$2\frac{4}{10}$	56	122	1,730					$4,158\frac{3}{20}$	82,757	6,404	102,928	
Coconut Essential Gingelly	Pikuls		2,801	 3501	11,966 6,784		·				80			$31,835\frac{1}{2}$	$\begin{array}{r} 14,\!847 \\ 526,\!398 \\ 19,\!622 \end{array}$	31,650 $19,341\frac{1}{2}$	9,229 526,507 19,954	•
Kachang Linseed	Pikuls Gallons	31,485 1,338	$519,614 \\ 2,188$	\$50 <u>\$</u> 525	1,044			10,885	16,015		•	$200 \\ 403\frac{3}{4}$	375 13,809	12,948 $403\frac{3}{4}$	13,809 124,831	2,792 185,222	47,145 117,190	
Liquid fuel	Tons Gallons	29,605	18,236	7,316	12,298			114,414	71,335			49,812 279,744	22,962 702,324	290.214	730,791	298,919 788	666,731 789	(1
Petroleum	0	10,470 191	$28,467 \\ 294$					1,482	1,619 30,450		1,262		2,664	1,673	1,913 102,602		94,511	D)
Other sorts	100000000000000000000000000000000000000	8	50,603 80		17,623									8	80			
Precious Stones				$10\frac{1}{2}$								 136	1,343	$\frac{10\frac{1}{2}}{2,271\frac{1}{2}}$	46 18,222	1,621	14,030	
Putch Leaf Rattans		1,5301	13,874	57	452	548	2,553										592	
Seeds	"												22	4,475	22 27,407	4,599	27,842	
Rubber Teel	, », ,	4,467	27,361 14,006	8	46 4,127				40	)	85		360		19,390		31,380	•
Of other sorts Shells—			14,000						1.1.1	1000	() . T ()				328		923	
Mother-of-pearl			41		287									former.	( And And			•
Tortoise Stones—	. Pikuls		1.059		54				90				250	the second se	1,752 21,184		1,101 12,345	
Marble Of sorts			1,353 16,386		1,802	2			2,596	6 	40	0		 3 52	15	5	1,933	
Sulphur Tallow	. Pikuli	s 1 11	5 220					41	87: 25		20	1			1,000		1,422	
Trees and plants			252		582										18		60	
Wood Firewood	Dilmi	s			10	5											209,124	
Lacca	,,		172,014		1,77	6					50	00	9,21	571	183,508	7 34		
Planks Sandal	Pikul	00	817 600	7 2	40		1,55	0							4,050		3,032,786	- 1997
Timber			1,009,849		263,52	9	473,73	5	165,79		4,44	41	1,238,74		3,156,08			-
Value of Sub-class (c) . Total Value of Class B .			1,086,503		267,14	4	473,73	5	209,50		285,7	17 1	1,238,78	5 ····	3,561,38	7 1	3,327,361	

CManufactured Articles.	1		1		1 1		1	171-27		and and a	1.	1	1	1			:	
(a) Textile—							-				-					1.		
Apparel, hosiery and millinery Canvas	Bolts	109	478,567 1,318	1,175	106,037 19,499	 	138 	 460	189,278 11,394	 	439,319	 	80,069 	 1,744	1,293,408 32,211	1,293	1,212,401 23,342	
Printed Printed Yarn, grey and bleached , dyed	" Bales	54,300 220,214 36,039	$ \begin{array}{c} 136,631\\656,652\\110,186\end{array} $	9,966 25,682 3,544	$\begin{array}{r} 47,554 \\ 150,331 \\ 17,622 \end{array}$	 		386 125 	1,721 2,357 	  		···· ···		64,652 246,021 39,583	185,906, 809,340 127,808	232,870	$\begin{array}{c} 139,629\\743,166\\39,213\end{array}$	
Sewing thread Handkerchiefs Sarongs, slendangs and kains Blankets Wick and waste Linen cloth Cordage—	1 "	 521 1,298 2,099  60	$\begin{array}{c} 1,999 \\ 509 \\ 27,158 \\ 2,498 \\ 6,282 \\ 600 \end{array}$	 2,685 380  277	$11,871 \\ 480 \\ 53,440 \\ 410 \\ 330 \\ 3,350$		··· ··· ···	 674  449 	2,817 674  386 37,968 		···· ··· ···	  1,220 	  985 	$\begin{array}{c} \\ 1,565 \\ 3,983 \\ 4,148 \\ \\ 337 \end{array}$	$16,687 \\ 1,663 \\ 80,598 \\ 4,279 \\ 44,580 \\ 3,950$	2,462	17,879 6,165 82,289 3,154 36,054	
Coir Europe	Pikuls	658	8,240	820	11,129			333	4,557	20 <u>1</u>	325		12.3	1,8311	24,251	$1,257\frac{1}{4}$	14,886	
Manila Gunnies Hats and caps Silk goods— Hundhearchiefe	" "	240 <u>3</u> 	5,380 42,510 68,465	30  	710 7,177 6,386	 	67 	$143\frac{3}{4}$ 	3,759 8,120 44,663	 	 148 2,985	 	 145 530	414 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>2</sub>	9,849 58,167 123,029	4001 	14,880 10,025 48,934 128,144	
Piece goods Sarangs, slendangs and kains Thread	Dozs. Pieces Corges Pikuls	46 3,436 	294 38,036 	 988 36	 14,485 1,790	 		  	  	 	 	 	···· ···	$46 \\ 4,424 \\ 36$	294 52,521 1,790	84 3,496 214	380 40,266 6,900	
Umbrellas, alpaca, cotton, paper		$131\frac{1}{2}$	2,160	61	1,267	;		$24\frac{1}{4}$	632					$216\frac{3}{4}$	4,059	309 <u>1</u>	• 4,237	•
Woollen goods-			13,930		1,789				542				170		16,431	*	15,677	(E
Other kinds            Woollen cloth            Textiles of sorts	Pieces Pieces	7,498  327 	$ \begin{array}{c} 18,572\\\\11,773\\31,543 \end{array} $	489  661	$\begin{array}{c c} 1,972 \\ 400 \\ 11,555 \\ 31,461 \end{array}$			2,568  10 	$\begin{array}{r} 4,235\\ 4,189\\ 551\\ 27,328\end{array}$	  	   388	  9	$250 \\ 515 \\ 550$	10,555  1,007	$24,779 \\ 4,839 \\ 24,394$	7,345  946	$19,580 \\ 5,291 \\ 22,082$	)
Value of Sub-class (a)			1,663,303		501,045		205		345,171		443,165	····	550 83,214		91,270		45,037	
(b) Metal— Arms, etc.—	-		e		•									<u></u>	3,036,103	*	2,664,731	•
Cartridges Muskets, rifles and fowling pieces Percussion caps Pistol and revolvers Shot, iron and lead			1,535 5,975  1,342		46   12			  	44,785 24,865  903		80 		 1,104 		$46,366 \\ 32,024 \\ \dots \\ 2,257$		6,728 11,409 235 2552	
Swords, spears, etc Machinery—				•			•		462						462		5,076	1.1.1
Anchors and chains Brassware Copperware Copper sheat hing	  Canta	···· ···	4,707 4,297 5,176		$140 \\ 2,591 \\ 3,867$				21,428 32,643 36,718		 3,956 90'		 2,814 450		$26,275 \\ 46,301$	÷	6,560 48,546	
Cycles, motor cars and accessories Hardware and cutlery Iron bar and nail rod , corrugated , hoop , nails (wire and rose)	Cwts.  Cwts.	$\begin{array}{c} \\ 2,057 \\ 1,828 \\ 64 \\ 7,053 \end{array}$	$234,619 \\ 35,238 \\ 10,593 \\ 13,231 \\ 415 \\ 28,008$	$     \begin{array}{c}                                     $	$25,924 \\13,887 \\1,046 \\3,675 \\51 \\1,369$		200   	 3,263 39,835 566 2,409	1,231,50968,06811,984272,7443,470		100 1,035  	 4,894  1,056	104,547 26,226 17,373  7,078	  10,471 42,146 1,694	$\begin{array}{r} 46,301\\ 1,596,899\\ 144,454\\ 40,996\\ 289,650\\ 11,014 \end{array}$	 $8,163\frac{1}{2}$ $20,434\frac{1}{2}$ 676	89,368 1,209,963 97,813 33,829 147,822 3,826	
,, sheet Ironware Lead, sheet Leadware	" Cwts.		335,266  1, <b>3</b> 15		1,369  46,303  24			3,498   307 	$ \begin{array}{c} 16,667\\\\904,447\\ 3,045\\ 2,461 \end{array} $	240  	1,275  6,335  370	10,404	48,075 296,496	21,437  307	95,394  1,588,847 3,045	8,979 <u>1</u> 9  126	$\begin{array}{r} 42,841\\ 90\\ 940,210\\ 1,287\end{array}$	
the provide and the second			.* 6		2. 11		1.		-,		010 1	'	45	··· 1	4,215		5,386	

### IMPORTS-(cont.)

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State and Media	v ed.	Singa	pore.	Pena	ang.	Mala	icca.	United I	Lingdom.	British Po	ossessions.	Other Coun	Foreign tries.	Total,	1913.	Total,	1912.
Articles.	How Counted.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	• Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.
CMANUFACTURED ARTICLES- (cont.)			\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	1.4 101 101	\$		\$		
(b) Metal—(cont.) Machinery Steel Tin plates Tinware	Cwts. Boxes	 1,112 28 	88,339 6,799 500 2,303	<u>5</u> 	23,172 60  608		  	16,001 117 	1,810,18574,0951,72062,051	••••	21,819  1,800	 6,466 	54,770 30,341  4,020	23,584 145 	$1,998,285 \\111,295 \\2,220 \\70,782$	16,176 5	1,072,579 82,864 100 31,122
Tools, instruments and implements         ments          Wire, rope          Zineware          Platedware          Metals of sorts	Cwts.	 135 	28,884 2,758 11,755 5,932 15,021	"11  	9,667 200 2,002 120 961	···· ··· ···	 59 	 682  	$\begin{array}{r} 246,\!134\\ 11,\!292\\ 27,\!495\\ 14,\!904\\ 36,\!583\end{array}$	···· ··· ···	1,154  1,540 	···· ··· ···	23,499  6,366 670 2,730	 828  	309,338 14,250 47,677 23,166 55,295	 645 <u>5</u> 	$\begin{array}{c} 178,531\\ 9,779\\ 41,027\\ 31,306\\ 17,513\end{array}$
Materials— Gas and electric lighting Telegraph and telephone Tramway and railway			35,831 1,189 210	•	25,545 910 		 		$162,639 \\ 570,018 \\ 2,282,475$			• 	11,720  65,046		235,735 572,117 2,347,731		153,166 208,443 779,900
Value of Sub-class (b)			881,238		162,180		259	····	7,975,790		39,554		703,370		9,762,391		5,257,319
(c) Other—         Ammunition—         Detonators and fuse          Dynamite           Bamboo and rattanware           Beads            Books and maps            Books and tiles            Cabinetware             Cardles             Carriages and carriage materials            Charcoal             Clocks and watches             Coke              Fancy goods and toys             Glass and glassware	Cases Pikuls   Casks Pikuls  Tons  Pikuls	213      12,123 974  304    	$\begin{array}{c} 2,650\\ 10,625\\ \dots\\ 58,832\\ \dots\\ 15,154\\ 26,342\\ 55,211\\ 7,580\\ 160\\ 96,285\\ 62,969\\ 1,128\\ 23,745\\ 8,955\\ 134,441\\ 40,903\\ 28,881\\ 54,892\\ \dots\end{array}$	         	$\begin{array}{c} \dots \\ 2,636 \\ 695 \\ 2,734 \\ 3,581 \\ 11,029 \\ 1,633 \\ 778 \\ 4,089 \\ 4,297 \\ \dots \\ 25 \\ 20,977 \\ 13,846 \\ 500 \\ 15,041 \\ \dots \end{array}$		 1,060  1,100 548 200  713   	 200 5    67,975  1,018    1,8	$\begin{array}{c} 4,492\\ 4,400\\ 194\\ 30\\ \dots\\ 31,186\\ 50,506\\ 42,388\\ 60\\ 285\\ 25,896\\ 321,241\\ \dots\\ 7,163\\ 27,924\\ 123,793\\ 37,384\\ 233\\ 77,452\\ 338\\ \end{array}$	··· ··· ··· ··· 2,556 ··· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ···	  150 4,855 14,710 4,632 30,242  12,755  966  2,280 	···· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ·	$\begin{array}{c} \cdots \\ 140 \\ \cdots \\ 638 \\ 21,269 \\ 5,060 \\ 3,309 \\ \cdots \\ 19,240 \\ 37,384 \\ 19,027 \\ 2,115 \\ \cdots \\ 86,123 \\ 4,868 \\ \cdots \\ 82,380 \\ \cdots \end{array}$	 413 5     90,631 24,312  1,323    1,323	$\begin{array}{c} \textbf{.}\\ \textbf{7,142}\\ \textbf{15,025}\\ \textbf{194}\\ \textbf{62,6098}\\ \textbf{845}\\ \textbf{54,567}\\ \textbf{117,508}\\ \textbf{118,868}\\ \textbf{43,024}\\ \textbf{1,223}\\ \textbf{146,223}\\ \textbf{438,646}\\ \textbf{20,155}\\ \textbf{33,023}\\ \textbf{36,904}\\ \textbf{365,334}\\ \textbf{97,967}\\ \textbf{29,614}\\ \textbf{232,045}\\ \textbf{338}\\ \textbf{388} \end{array}$	1,007 15     64,300 27,512½  1,073¾  	$\begin{array}{c} 71,285\\ 29,440\\ 600\\ 82,660\\ 20\\ 53,034\\ 49,375\\ 114,709\\ 35,023\\ 5,727\\ 127,178\\ 268,691\\ 21,831\\ 40,176\\ 24,921\\ 328,940\\ 97,143\\ 49,485\\ 253,288\end{array}$
Raw            Tanned            Cutting            Indigo            Japanware            Jewellery            Joss sticks and joss paper           Lamps and lampware	" Pikuls   	447   	18,857 20 9,856 81,384 43,724	1,221    	60,958  36 450 2,173 7,377		    20		···· ··· 2,177 68,376		 620 •	····	   350  3,984	1,668  1 2 	79,815 20 9,892 3,597 83,577 123,461	1,771 <sup>1</sup> / <sub>4</sub>	84,764 180 16,988 3,584 77,438 86,149

Leather, etc., patent and man factured	nu•	1		The second	-	1	1		1										
Boots and shoes			1.50.00	22,380	190-1907				1000	· · ·			1.000		1	1	1	1 1	
Boxes and trunks				18,369		44,475		3		57,741				115		10100			
Leatherware				15,252		2,649				20,298		575		450		124,714		127,782	1000
Saddlery				862		35,774				12,946				413		42,341		38,734	and the
Lime		Pikuls	493	913	20	00		40		914						64,385		79,182	
Manure-			100	010	20	30									513	1,816		2,582	1.5
Oil cakes		,,	252	665	1,974	6.004					1.4		1.0		010	943	454	851	
Other kinds				2,849		25,729									2,226	6,669	0.015		
Matches		Cases	3,298	68,505	651	1,403	11			1,100		12,329				42,007		8,300	1.1
Mats and matting		1 1		59,451		1,206	$1\frac{1}{2}$	35	2	73					3,367	70,016		53,764	1.27
Musical instruments				13,280		1,200		2,635		1,453		904		3,333		68,982	0,010	73,229	
				17,948		3,963				9,344		18,726		3,360		46,602		49,965	1.1.1.2
Paper and paperware Perfumery				201,589		62,903			•••	125,748		638		285		148,582		27,674	
				. 9,854		7,185				68,074		150		2,020		334,736		87,260	
Saltnotno				10,653		170				18,666		625		4,377		40,707		312,713	
Scon and sode		Pikuls	3	34	21	29				14,015				350		25,188		40,823	
Stationary		,,	$2,098\frac{1}{2}$	16,197	3,2901	27,816			4,999						51	63		22,827	1 2 4
Tar-				15,322		8,159				44,281	206	1,885	82	770	10,676	90,949		66 89,537	2°4. 4
Coal			4.4.4	1		-,				215,525		310		1,504		240,820		153,131	4 74
Pitch		Casks	219	2,304	34	432			3,895	54,987						=======================================		100,131	100
Woodenwara		27	10	95	1	10			3,095	35					4,148	57,723	1,066	12,001	
				41,576		15,970		222		248,469		10,000	•••		15	140	14	12,001	e
Value of Sub-class (c)		-					1.110			240,409		19,686		59,487		385,410		236,338	-
· unde of Sub-Class (c) .				1,300,692	**	398,654		6,576		1,719,187		107 000						200,000	
Total Value of Class C .		-		0.011.000			1.1			1,110,101		127,038	102	362,351	1.000	3,914,498		3,339,552	1.41.5
			•••	3,845,233		1,061,879		7,040		10,040,148		609,757		1110.000					
DCoin and Bullion.												000,101		1,148,935		16,712,992		11,261,602	· · · · · ·
	1			1			1	1		1 1 - 1 - 1 - 1									× 1.
Bullion-	-	and the second						Statute 1											<u> </u>
Gold			1.5	282,850		100 000	1.1											6 dan 5 %	0
Specie-	1			202,800		109,000											-		
Copper coin				16,620		1045		A Services		1.1.5.1.5.4						391,850	•••	311,900	in that .
Gold "				444,486											2 . <b>*</b> - 11	10.000		GP	2.1
Silver "				299,750		10,000										16,620		\$7,800 -	-7 - 24
The later a second				200,100		12,000						39,999			* ***	444,486		189,439	1 2 .
Total Value of Class D				1,043,706		121,000										351,749	· · · · · · · ·	779,065	1
ESundries.	1	-		-,010,100		321,000					· · · · · · · · ·	39,999		•		1,204,705			
Sundaioa	1	•														1,204,705	*	1,318,204	1
Sundries	•			8,217		13,120	1. 10. 10. 1			1. Sec. 1.		Sec. Sec. 1	the starts		100		* · · · · · · · · · · · · ·		1. 1
Total Value of Class E	1	-				15,120		524		2,389		1,347		1,502		27,099	24		
Total value of Class E				8,217		13,120		594								21,055		67,720	
GRAND TOTAL VALUE	-	-				10,120		524		2,389		1,347		1,502		27,099		67 790	5 .
GHAND TOTAL VALUE	•		1	7,867,253		6,677,467		501,365		19 959 005						-1,000		67,720	
						-,-,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,		001,000		12,272,897		1,600,550		3,471,314		42,390,846	**	36,144,051	· · · · ·
		EL LE TORONO	1						1.1.1.1.1.1.1	and the second	Sale and	And the second	10.000			,000,010		00,144,051	

Total Value of Imports into the State of Selangor during the year 1913 ... " " 1912 ...

Gross Imports. \$ ... ...

...

...

Increase

...

...

Merchandise.

\$  $\dots$  41,186,141  $\dots$  34,825,847

6.360.294 ....

... Increase

...

... 6,246,795 ....

...

...

## COMPARATIVE RETURN OF EXPORTS FROM THE STATE OF SELANGOR DURING THE YEARS 1913 AND 1912.

					C.							8.0					
	w ted.	Singa	pore.	Pena	ing.	Mala	eca.	United K	ingdom.	British Po	ossessions.	Other F Count	Foreign tries.	Total,	1913.	Total,	1912.
Articles.	How Counted.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.
			\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$
A.—Live Animals, Food, Drink and Narcotics.																	•
mals— attle oats	Nos.											•				15	1,650
Horses and ponies	"Dozs.															. 6	
Swine	» Dilmla																5,000
che-de-mer			200										*		* 200	-	
rds' nests achan ead and biscuits	Pikuls	$3,797\frac{5}{10}$	21,133	33	170	63	287							$3,893\frac{5}{10}$	21,590	4,0161/2	25,404
tter and cheese ocolate and cocoa conuts	Pikuls	$2,875\frac{7}{10}$	39 105,111	 8,958-9 10	5 319,027	 31 <u>9</u>	 1,146	$$ $298\frac{3}{10}$	10 10,667	 3 <sup>2</sup> 10				 12,168	54 436,066	10,622	4,309 340,47
fee <td></td> <td>28,430</td> <td></td> <td>3- 27,07</td>															28,430		3- 27,07
ags and medicines gs h—			8		20										28		5 21,32
Dried and salted		1,170 $4\frac{2}{10}$	5,303 437		7,694 6,700	685	2,900					102	313	$\begin{array}{c c} 3,044 \\ & 65\frac{7}{10} \end{array}$	16,210 7,137	$1,964\frac{1}{2}$ 54	9,07
'resh harks' fins	Dilmla		1,062	$\cdots \\ 6_{\frac{6}{10}}$			18		 					$6_{\frac{6}{10}}$	1,080 480	 8 <sup>23</sup> / <sub>60</sub>	• 45
its— ried and preserved resh	Dilmla		4,763		82										4,845		5,13
e ins, etc.— eans and peas																	
ran rushed food									1.1	1.1.1			Cicita i		Sec. 24		1.1935
holl	"									1.000						1.344	
fram Other sorts										1.4.4.7.			111			1.2.3	
Padi					and the second											44.665	4
Rice Wheat		1								100						î	A REAL PROPERTY AND A REAL PROPERTY A REAL PROPERTY AND A REAL PROPERTY AND A REAL PROPERTY A REAL PROPERT
" flour	"	1											1993				Se alto
rd .lt liquor—	"						1.172										1.14
Beer and Ale								12.01			P25			1.		1.	
Porter and Stout	Conon	1											1-3-5-3-5	1.			-

Mineral and ærated waters Oilman's stores          Onions and garlic          Opium—       Benares          Benares           Dross and covers           Patna           Prepared (chandu)           Provisions—       Fresh and salted          Flour           Sago—       Flour          Raw           Salt           Seeds, coriander	Pikul Chess " """""""""""""""""""""""""""""""	3															
Spices— Arecanuts	"" Pikuls	1,030	5,723	89 <u>8</u>	406	55 <u>1</u>	330		<u> </u>	1.44							
Cinnamon	···· "			10		002	550	·		$34\frac{1}{2}$	150	13	40	$1,222\frac{8}{10}$	6,649	2,765	18,553
Ginger Mace	"							11	10								a start
Nutmegs	,,							-2	10			`	•••	11/2	10		Anterio Sino
" long	···· "	693 <u>5</u>	13,763														
,, white	"													$693_{\frac{5}{10}}$	13,763	1,448	37,803
Spirits— Arrack and samsoo	"						[화왕][4]			1.2.1				· . ·		÷.	
Brandy	Gallons Dozs.				1.0												
Gin	Cases						1.1.1	Statt,									A. A. A.
Rum	Dozs.																mater Stream
Whisky Toddy	"							659 1	분석 관리								
Sugar-								2142								~	· ·
Molasses	Pikuls								-						1 1		Sec. Car
Sugar	,,			1							in a second					A	
,, candy	"								2.423.4124	25 J 26	1.1.1.1.1.1.1.1						
Tapioca-	"		13														· · · · ·
Flake Flour	Pikuls														13		
Pearl	"									16.1.1						1.1	a. 7
Refuse	···· »				1.1		14			2.8.2.1		1.341			1.00		
Tea	Pikuls											1.1.4.1				1.1	
Tobacco-	»				1.1.1.1		1.1			12.50	1.0			1	1.1	1.00	1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1
Topacco					1.86.5	11 -21	1.1.1						1.12	2	1. 11 1 1	·	
Vegetables	Pikuls							1999			다 같은 말 같	111111	File Sector				and the second
			40,011		21,786	Sales (	E 150	his land		N. 26. 1914	100 Marco 19	N 1655	1.1.1	Sec. 1			
Wines-					-1,100		5,156						9	· *-		2.19	60,915
Champagne	Dozs.																
Claret	"	1000												1. 10		1.25	1
•							1	1	1	1	1	*	1.	·		1 1	
											10.00			8 : N.	1. 1	1	1 1 1 1
											•			201 4		* * *	

# EXPORTS-(cont.)

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Charles and a market me	w ted.	Singa	pore.	Pena	ing.	Mala	cca.	United K	Lingdom.	British Po	ossessions.	Other I Count		Total,	1913.	Total,	1912.
Articles.	How Counted,	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.
ALIVE ANIMALS, FOOD, DRINK AND NARCOTICS-(cont.)	n D		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$	*	\$		s
Wines—(cont.) Still of sorts Sparkling of sorts Port	 Dozs. "										•••			•	1 <sup>1</sup>		
Total Value of Class A			197,736		356,470		9,837		38,847		265		362		603,517		557,308
B.—Raw Materials.	in the second	-															
(a) Textile— Cotton Silk Other sorts	Pikuls "								-								
Value of Sub-class (a)	Q					×				1							
(b) Metal— Copper Iron, pig , scrap' Lead, pig Quicksilver Scheelite Tin Tin-ore Wolfram Other sorts	Cwts. " " " Pikuls " "	$108\frac{6}{10}$ $41,856\frac{1}{10}$ $181,664\frac{2}{10}$ $8\frac{1}{10}$	4,231,515	 4,434 121,95670 	398,937 8,445,591 		   	  164	 10  7,545	   	   It	  1,734 %	 79,686	$\begin{array}{r} 108\frac{s}{10}\\ 46,290\frac{s}{10}\\ 303,620.30\\ 1,907\frac{s}{10}\end{array}$	4,677 4,630,452 21,062,157 87,635	$\begin{array}{c} 37\frac{3}{10}\\ 61,769\frac{1}{10}\\ 276,589\frac{1}{10}\\ 1,504\frac{7}{10}\end{array}$	6,332,023 20,062,733 71,585
Value of Sub-class (b)			16,853,162		8,844,528				7,545	*			79,686		25,784,921		26,467,461
(c) Other— Ataps Bark, mangrove	Pikuls															 1,821	155 1,021
Bees' wax Birds' feathers Canes and sticks	» 		110	· ···	65				10		>				185		1,019 36
Coal </td <td>Tons Pikuls "</td> <td>12,246<sup>4</sup> 5,808</td> <td>135,846 50,378</td> <td>17,656</td> <td>192,825 </td> <td></td> <td> </td> <td>2,794<sup>3</sup> </td> <td>33,474 </td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>32,696,<sup>7</sup><sub>10</sub> 5,808</td> <td>362,145 50,378</td> <td><math>27,593\frac{1}{20}</math> <math>9,614\frac{1}{2}</math></td> <td>276,403 94,288</td>	Tons Pikuls "	12,246 <sup>4</sup> 5,808	135,846 50,378	17,656	192,825 		 	2,794 <sup>3</sup> 	33,474 					32,696, <sup>7</sup> <sub>10</sub> 5,808	362,145 50,378	$27,593\frac{1}{20}$ $9,614\frac{1}{2}$	276,403 94,288
Benjamin               Borneo rubber               Camphor               Copal               Damar	>> >> >> >> >> >> >> >>		*													$34\frac{1}{2}$	323

				i chi dai													A				
Damar torches Gutta graip		•••		D'1-1-										12	1	1	1 2.03	1	1	1	1203
, percha				Pikuls					)										4	672	12
" inferior o	r ielut	tong		"	1,690 6	8,552								· · ·			1 600 6		43	942	÷ .
" taban lea				)) ))	59-3	119											$\begin{array}{c c} 1,690 \frac{6}{10} \\ 59 \frac{3}{10} \end{array}$	8,552 119	7,085	58,300	
Para rubber				Tons	1,008.90	2,202,383	108.70		5.11		8,565.8	3 20,891,937	545.46		1,393.86	3,430,230	11 697 99	28,122,940	7 080 09	32,489,603	
Rambong rubbe				"	.20	520											.20		2.03		200
Gutta Taban m	era	· ···		,,	A State State								1. Carlos		No. 1 No. 1		Des an in			1,202	
Other sorts				D'''		30												30			· 24:3
Hides, raw Horns				Pikuls	18	385	2,122	54,855			1	5 40	5	130			$2,145\frac{1}{10}$		2,258	52,254	2
Ivory					15	180	261	3,026									276	3,206	230	3,165	.the.
Goats' skins				"		2,059		2,149				1		50					$1\frac{1}{10}$	510	in the second
Manure-					*	2,000		2,140						70				4,278		4,310	and the second
Bones				Pikuls	1,259-2	1,607			89	89							1,348-2	1,696	492	864	
Guano				"			1.										1,01010	1,000	492	804	
Nuts, ground				>>								1.1.1.1									
Oils-					1 2 2 1												The second				
Benzine				Gallons																	
Cajeput Castor				Conn	1.1.1	1.1.1								1					- 6	1. 111	
Coconut				Cases Pikuls			P-														
Essential																				1000	· · · ·
Gingelly														1 . 1							
Kachang				Pikuls																20	· · · ·
Linseed				Gallons	0.5 11 5	Lund State									1.1					-	
Liquid fuel				Tons																	1
Lubricating	•••			Gallons		1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1						Lizzie (		1.1.						*	unit .
Petroleum	•••			Cases									21 T. 2 A								· · ·
Turpentine Wood				Gallons	100	In the second		1 - Frankline (					and the second second								(
				Pikuls										115-15-1						and the second second	R
Other sorts				Si																	(K)
							178	806									170	200		- 1	<i>K</i> ))
Other sorts Precious stones Putch leaf Rattans				 Pikuls	 15		178 112	806 983									178 127	806 1 123	209	1.056	K))
Other sorts Precions stones Putch leaf Rattans Seeds—	 		···· ···			140		806 983		 							178 127	806 1,123	202	1,986	K))
Other sorts Precions stones Putch leaf Rattans Seeds Rubber	 		···· ···	 Pikuls "													127	1,123			K).
Other sorts Precious stones Putch leaf Rattans Seeds- Rubber Teel		····		 Pikuls "	. 15	140 62,985	112	983 28,026				 1,085		 • 180					202 	1,986 125,313	K))
Other sorts Precious stones Putch leaf Rattans Seeds- Rubber Teel Of other sorts	··· ··· ···			 Pikuls "	. 15	140	112	983									127	1,123			K))
Other sorts Precious stones Putch leaf Rattans Seeds Rubber Teel Of other sorts Shells				 Pikuls " Pikuls 	. 15  	140 62,985		983 28,026		 250	 	 1,085		 • 180		 681		1,123 93,207		125,313	K)
Other sorts Precions stones Putch leaf Rattans Seeds Rubber Teel Of other sorts Shells Mother-of-pearl				 Pikuls " Pikuls  Fikuls	  *	140 62,985 550	112  	983 28,026 100		 250 	 	 1,085 32	 	 • 180 468		 681 15		1,123 93,207 • 1,165		125,313	K)
Other sorts Precions stones Putch leaf Rattans Seeds Rubber Teel Of other sorts Shells Mother-of-pearl Other sorts				 Pikuls " Pikuls  Fikuls 	. 15  	140 62,985		983 28,026		 250	 	 1,085		 • 180		 681		1,123 93,207		125,313	K)
Other sorts Precions stones Putch leaf Rattans Seeds				 Pikuls " Pikuls  Fikuls	  *	140 62,985 550	112  	983 28,026 100		 250 	 	 1,085 32	 	 • 180 468		 681 15	127 	1,123 93,207 • 1,165		125,313	K)
Other sorts Precions stones Putch leaf Rattans Seeds Rubber Teel Of other sorts Shells Mother-of-pearl Other sorts Tortoise Stones Marble				 Pikuls " Pikuls  Fikuls 	  *	140 62,985 550	112  	983 28,026 100		 250 	 	 1,085 32	 	 • 180 468		 681 15	127 	1,123 93,207 • 1,165		125,313	K)
Other sorts Precions stones Putch leaf Rattans Seeds Rubber Teel Of other sorts Shells Mother-of-pearl Other sorts Tortoise Stones Marble Of sorts				 Pikuls " Pikuls  Fikuls  Pikuls 	  *	140 62,985 550	112  	983 28,026 100		 250 	 	 1,085 32	 	 • 180 468		 681 15	127 	1,123 93,207 • 1,165		125,313	K)
Other sorts Precious stones Putch leaf Rattans Seeds Rubber Teel Of other sorts Shells Mother-of-pearl Other sorts Tortoise Stones Marble Of sorts Sulphur				 Pikuls " Pikuls  Fikuls  Pikuls	  * 	140 62,985 550 15	112  	983 28,026 100 		 250 	 	 1,085 32	  	 • 180 468		 681 15	127 	1,123 93,207 • 1,165		125,313	K)
Other sorts Precious stones Putch leaf Rattans Seeds- Rubber Teel Of other sorts Shells- Mother-of-pearl Other sorts Tortoise Stones- Marble Of sorts Sulphur Tallow				 Pikuls " Pikuls  Fikuls  Pikuls  Pikuls "	  *	140 62,985 550 15 162	112  	983 28,026 100  237		 250 	 	 1,085 32 	  	 • 180 468		 681 15	127 	1,123 93,207 • 1,165		125,313 737	K)
Other sorts Precious stones Putch leaf Rattans Seeds Rubber Teel Of other sorts Shells Mother-of-pearl Other sorts Tortoise Stones Marble Of sorts Sulphur Tallow Trees and plants				 Pikuls " Pikuls  Fikuls  Pikuls  Pikuls	  * 	140 62,985 550 15	112  	983 28,026 100 		 250 		 1,085 32 		 180 468 		 681 15 	127  	1,123 93,207 • 1,165 15		125,313	K)
Other sorts Precions stones Putch leaf Rattans Seeds Rubber Teel Of other sorts Shells Mother-of-pearl Other sorts Tortoise Stones Marble Of sorts Sulphur Tallow Trees and plants Wood				Pikuls " Pikuls " Fikuls Pikuls " Pikuls " "	15     	140 62,985 550 15 162 1,386	112   15 	983 28,026 100  237 478		   53		 1,085 32   30		 180 468 		 681 15 	127   33	1,123 93,207 0 1,165 15 399	  10 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub>	125,313 737 112 7,689	K)
Other sorts Precious stones Putch leaf Rattans Seeds Rubber Teel Of other sorts Shells Mother-of-pearl Other sorts Tortoise Stones Marble Of sorts Sulphur Tallow Trees and plants				··· Pikuls " Pikuls … Fikuls … Pikuls " Pikuls	15       	140 62,985 550 15 162	112   15	983 28,026 100  237		 250 		 1,085 32 		 180 468 		 681 15 	127   33	1,123 93,207 0 1,165 15 399	  10 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub>	125,313 737 112	K)
Other sorts Precious stones Putch leaf Rattans Seeds- Rubber Teel Of other sorts Shells- Mother-of-pearl Other sorts Tortoise Stones- Marble Of sorts Sulphur Tallow Trees and plants Wood- Firewood Gharu Lacca				··· Pikuls " Pikuls … Fikuls … Pikuls " Pikuls " Pikuls	15     	140 62,985 550 15 162 1,386	112   15 	983 28,026 100  237 478		   53		 1,085 32   30		 180 468 	··· ··· ···	 681 15  	127   33 	1,123 93,207 • 1,165 15 399 1,957	  10 <sup>3</sup> / <sub>4</sub>	125,313 737 112 7,689	K))
Other sorts Precions stones Putch leaf Rattans Seeds Rubber Teel Of other sorts Shells Mother-of-pearl Other sorts Tortoise Stones Marble Of sorts Sulphur Tallow Trees and plants Wood Firewood Gharu Flanks				··· Pikuls " Pikuls … Fikuls … Pikuls " Pikuls	15    	140 62,985 550 15 162 1,386	112   15 	983 28,026 100  237 478 		 250   53 	··· ··· ···	 1,085 32   30 		 180 468 		 681 15  10 	127   33 	1,123 93,207 1,165 15 399 1,957 	  	125,313 737 112 7,689 896	K)
Other sorts Precions stones Putch leaf Rattans Seeds Rubber Teel Of other sorts Shells Mother-of-pearl Other sorts Tortoise Stones Marble Of sorts Sulphur Trees and plants Wood Firewood Gharu Lacca Flanks Sandal				··· Pikuls " Pikuls … Fikuls … Pikuls " … Pikuls " …	15     	140 62,985 550 15 162 1,386 	112   15 	983 28,026 100  237 478		   53		 1,085 32  30 		 180 468 	··· ··· ···	 681 15  10 	127   33  	1,123 93,207 1,165 15 399 1,957 	  	125,313 737 112 7,689 896 17	K)
Other sorts Precions stones Putch leaf Rattans Seeds Rubber Teel Of other sorts Shells Mother-of-pearl Other sorts Tortoise Stones Marble Of sorts Sulphur Tallow Trees and plants Wood Firewood Gharu Flanks				<pre> Pikuls , Pikuls Fikuls Pikuls Pikuls Pikuls Pikuls Pikuls Pikuls Pikuls</pre>	15    	140 62,985 550 15 162 1,386 	112    	983 28,026 100  237 478 		 250  53 	··· ··· ···	 1,085 32   30 		 180 468 		 681 15  10 	127   33 	1,123 93,207 1,165 15 399 1,957 	  	125,313 737 112 7,689 896	K)
Other sorts Precious stones Putch leaf Rattans Seeds- Rubber Teel Of other sorts Shells- Mother-of-pearl Other sorts Stones- Marble Of sorts Stones- Marble Of sorts Sulphur Trees and plants Wood- Firewood Gharu Lacca Flanks Sandal Timber				Pikuls " Pikuls " Pikuls " Pikuls " Pikuls " Pikuls " Pikuls " Pikuls	15    	140 62,985 550 15 162 1,386 	112    	983 28,026 100  237 478 		 250  53 		 1,085 32  30  		 180 468  	··· ··· ···	 681 15  10 	127   33  	1,123 93,207 1,165 15 399 1,957 	  	125,313 737 112 7,689 896 17	K)
Other sorts Precions stones Putch leaf Rattans Seeds— Rubber Teel Of other sorts Shells— Mother-of-pearl Other sorts Tortoise Stones— Marble Of sorts Sulphur Trees and plants Wood— Firewood Gharu Lacca Flanks Sandal				<pre> Pikuls " Pikuls " Fikuls " Pikuls " Pikuls " Pikuls " Pikuls " Pikuls</pre>	15    	140 62,985 550 15 162 1,386 	112    	983 28,026 100  237 478 		 250  53 		 1,085 32  30 		 180 468 	··· ··· ···	 681 15  10 	127   33  	1,123 93,207 1,165 15 399 1,957 	  	125,313 737 112 7,689 896 17	K)
Other sorts Precions stones Putch leaf Rattans Seeds— Rubber Of other sorts Shells— Mother-of-pearl Other sorts Tortoise Marble Of sorts Sulphur Tallow Tallow Tallow Firewood Gharu Lacca Flanks Sandal Timber	···· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ·	··· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ··		<pre> Pikuls , Pikuls Fikuls Pikuls Pikuls Pikuls Pikuls Pikuls </pre>	15     	140 62,985 550 15 162 1,386   2,467,407	112     	983 28,026 100  237 478  530,968	···· ···· ···· ··· ··· ···	 250  53  8,956	··· ··· ···	 1,085 32  30  20,926,608		 180 468     1,343,256	···· ··· ··· ···	 681 15  10  3,430,936	127     	1,123 93,207 1,165 15 399 1,957  28,708,131	   	125,313 737 112 7,689 896 17 25 33,127,862	K)
Other sorts Precious stones Putch leaf Rattans Seeds- Rubber Teel Of other sorts Shells- Mother-of-pearl Other sorts Stones- Marble Of sorts Stones- Marble Of sorts Sulphur Trees and plants Wood- Firewood Gharu Lacca Flanks Sandal Timber	···· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ··· ·	··· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ·· ··		Pikuls " Pikuls " Pikuls " Pikuls " Pikuls " Pikuls " Pikuls " Pikuls	15     	140 62,985 550 15 162 1,386 	112     	983 28,026 100  237 478 		 250  53 	··· ··· ···	 1,085 32  30  		 180 468  	···· ··· ··· ···	 681 15  10 	127     	1,123 93,207 1,165 15 399 1,957 	 103  	125,313 737 737 112 7,689 896 17 25	K)

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### EXPORTS-(cont.)

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۶ <u> </u>	ed.	Singa	pore.	Pena	ang.	Mala	acca.	United K	lingdom.	British Po	ssessions.	Other H Count		Total,	1913. 🖕	Total,	1912.
Articles.	. How Counted.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.
C.—Manufactured Articles.	-		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$
(a) Textile— Apparel, hosiery and millinery Canvas Cotton goods— Plain Dyed Printed Yarn, grey and bleached , dyed Sewing thread Handkerchiefs	Bolts Pieces " Bales " Dozs,														۰		
Sarongs, slendangs and kains Blankets Wick and waste Cordage— Coir Europe Manila Gunnies Linen cloth	Corges Pieces  Pikuls ,, ,,  Pieces						,									•	
Silk goods—         Handkerchiefs           Piece goods           Sarongs, slendangs and kains           Thread            Twine            Umbrellas, alpaca, cotton, paper and silk            Woollen goods—       Blankets            Woollen cloth             Other kinds	Pieces Corges  Pikuls  Pieces "																
Textiles of sorts														-			
Value of Sub-class (a) (b) Metal— Arms, etc.— Cartridges Guns, muskets, rifles and fowling pieces Percussion caps Pistols and revolvers Shot, iron and lead Swords, spears, etc	· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·				1									وفي ا		•	

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				1.8.4	100 A	C. Partici			and the second					and the second	N-ALL -	P. C.		
													*	4.39				
Brassware	1	1	1											Real				
Copperware					and the second	-	1	1	In strange to	1	1	1 Same	1	1	1	1		
Copper sheathing	Cwts	1					1.										A State State	1
Cycles, motor cars and accessories Hardware and cutlery		1		1.000								1 Acres 1	1. 1. 1. 1. 1.	1.1.1	1 Standing	_		Ξ.
Iron how and sail and	1 0 .				1			1		1 1 1		1000					-	
" corrugated	Cwts.			-	1						1.00	1			1	1200		
, hoop	,,	the set				1.	- Andrews - A	Provide a						1.1.1.1	1.		P	
shoot	,,	1	1		C.				1									
Ironware	1		1			m-n	1		-	1.000			The second	Sort Te				1.1
Lead, sheet	1 0 1	124		141		1			1.1	+		1 1 100		1.1.1.1.1.1		1. M. 1. M.		
Leadware				-	1	125 200		1.15			1			1 4 2 4 4	1.1.1.1.1.1.1	1	1 march 1 march 1	
Machinery Platedware		1.			1				a ser and	9		1000	-	1.2				
Steel	1 01 1		4424					1				1 1 1 1 1 1 1		No. State				
Tin plates	T	1 m			1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1				-									
Tinware	1 100					12.20		-	1								1399	
Tools, instruments and implements Wire, rope			1-1-1-15		1.			1-	The second second	124.52		- E		1.1.1.1.1.1.1				
Zincware				States!					1.	1 32 1	1.	1944 19	199		12		1. 1.02.0	•
Metals of sorts			The second		1 100			1. 1. 1. 1. 1.	1	1		1	-					
Materials-			-			1000		the second		-					and a second			
Gas and electric lighting Telegraph and telephone		1.1.1.		Contraction of the			10-24-10-2	1.1.1		- and	1	1 10 11	and the					
Trammon and mail		-			1			125.20		12 11		100						
							See	199.00	1	2							1	1. A.
Value of Sub-class (b)		Sie Sie			1000000		*	10 M 10 M									4,	
(c) Other—	1.1795								1. 2. 2. 2. 2.									-
Ammunition-									1.1.1.1.1.1									M)
Detonators and fuse								6.00			4 1 4 4	1						5
Dynamite	Cases	1.2.1			-							1.	1.2.1.1					
Gunpowder						-			1000	19	1							
Beads	1 / 1		20				25							•	1.			
Books and maps			602		70						1222				45		10	
Bricks and tiles					10				1,620		112				. 2,404		805	
Cabinetware														· · · ·			550	
Cards, playing							No.				77				77			
Carriages and carriage materials					a farles				4									
Clement	Casks		-				-			25								
Chemicala	Pikuls																	
Clocks and watches									1988 10-							1 4		
Coke	Tons	Star Star				S					5.24		1.1.1.1		14.			
Earthen and crockeryware								1			000		1. 1.					· . · ·
Fireworks			590						2,415		330 9				330			
Glass and glassware					The states	1000			2,110		9		100		3,114		3,509	
Glue	Pikuls															1999		· · · .
Hides—				5				1								Carrow Carl	1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1. 1	· ·
Cutting	" "				ALC: NO.	in the start	Jane 1	Same and	in the second	(and the	. Silve	Gorman	1 spans		A STATE OF	Anna		
Indigo	Pikuls				and the second	in the second		A										
Japanware	I IKUIS		Sec.	S	with 1	and and			A Second	- station of		and the second	in the second					
Jewellery					N. H		1 C			Content of the	and and	- In the	and all	and the second of the	11 M	the second	NAR!	
Joss sticks and joss paper Lamps and lampware					· · · ·					1.1								1
Lamps and lampware							in the second	man I al	1.7							5.00		
							15.2. 200 1.2							1	1			
• •		Carlo and				197-271-5-5												

### EXPORTS-(cont.)

	v ted.	Singa	pore.	Pen	ang.	Mala	acca.	United K	Lingdom.	British Po	ossessions.	Other I Coun	Foreign tries.	Total,	1913.	Total,	1912.
Articles.	How Counted.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.	Quantity.	Value.
*			\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$		\$ .
CMANUFACTURED ARTICLES- (cont.)												A					
(c) Other-(cont.)	1.100											1.26					
Leather, etc., patent and manufac- tured-			330							*					330		
Boots and shoes Boxes and trunks	•••		330														
Leatherware												**************************************					
Saddlery Lime	Pikuls											1.163					
Manure-	1-					40	120					318	952	358	1,072	1174	395
Oil cakes Other kinds	"		4,335		1		270						36		4,641		296
Matches	Cases				35						798				833		524
Mats and matting Musical instruments												1.17	5.0	1			
Paints		-				12.19	1.14.13						N. C. C.				1.1.1.1.1.1
Paper and paperware Perfumery							1.27.28				1.1						
Photographic materials Saltpetre	Pikuls					-	1.1		122.		and the second second						1
Saltpetre Soap and soda								1.1.1.1.1.1		1.1.1.1		1					
Stationery Tar—		1.									1 32 4						1 A
Coal	Casks					69 C				김 씨가 가지?	1122/2	1. S. S. S. T.					1.
Pitch Woodenware	"																488
Value of Sub-class (c)			5,877		105		415		4,035		1,326		1,088		12,846		6,577
Total Value of Class C			5,877		105		415		4,035		1,326		1,088		12,846		6,577
	1.1.1.1					-										S. 10 3 43	
D.—Coin and Bullion.		1	-				1982				· 22.5		12.000		1.1.1.1		
Bullion- Gold													123-57-51			2.53.53	
Specie-					1.1.1.2				Sec. 1					1.5.2.5		14 . 4 . A	
Copper coin Gold			1.1.1.1.1.1.1											1			
Gold "					1.1.1.1.1												
Total Value of Class D																	
ESundries.			1.104	*	990	•	2		97		150				2,423		2,253
Sundries			1,184	•••											2,423		2,253
Total Value of Class E			1,184		990	/	2	-	97		150						
GRAND TOTAL VALUE			19,525,366	····	9,733,061		19,210	I	20,977,132	· .,.	1,344,997		3,512,072		55,111,838		60,161,461

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Re-exports.			۰						1			the state	- A -	- California		
Total Value of Class A				1	Ins	1			100				11 · · ·	12.	24	
" " B		74,846		44,413		28,087		Part as		1	1	1				
" " C		137,364		9,063				119		774		1.00				1
		356,979		74,638		658		628,017		40		4,499		152,738		197,849
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·					•	18,228		59,720		20,390		171,478		946,620		770,403
" " E		4,394										149,723		679,678		
GRAND TOTAL VALUE		573,583		1,217				507								757,135
	1			. 129,331		46,973		688,363		265		20		6,403		4,613
						1		000,000		21,469		325,720				10,901
														1,785,439		1,740,901
						Gros	ss Exports.				Merc	chandise.				
Total Value of Ex	ports from t	he State of S	elangor du	ing the W			\$		Domestic	Products.		Re-exports.				
		"	ges dui	ng the Year	1919	56	,897,277			\$		\$		Total.		
									60,16	1,838 1,461		1,785,439		\$ 56,897,	977	
					Dec	rease 5,	,005,085	Decrease	5,04	9,623 In	crease			61,897,	749	
											erease	49,151	Decrease	5,000,		
															-	

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